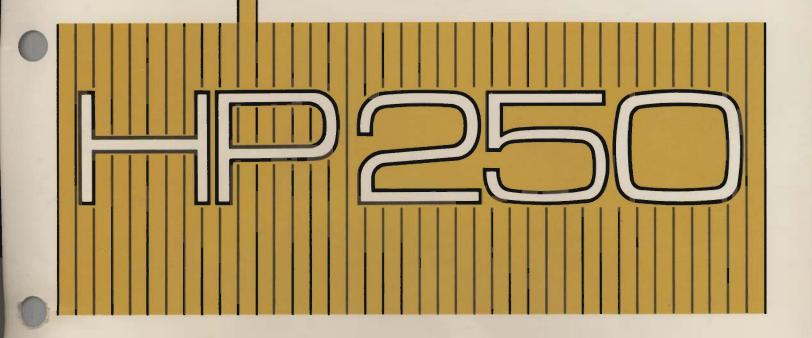
FIN/250 General Ledger Operator's Guide



Operating Instructions

OM/250 Manager's Guide 45190-90020 Order Entry Operator's Guide 45191-90000 Accounts Payable Operator's Guide 45192-90000 Accounts Receivable Operator's Guide 45192-90000 Accounts Receivable Operator's Guide 45192-90000 Inventory Control Operator's Guide 45190-90010 Sales Analysis Operator's Guide 45193-90000

Technical Reference

OM/250	FIN/250	MFG/250
Applications Customizer Manual 45194-90030	Applications Customizer Manual 45194-90030	Applications Customizer Manual 45194-90030
Implementation Guide 45190-90000	General Ledger Implementation Guide 45200-90000	Implementation Guide 45180-90000
Technical Manual 45190-90040	Accounts Payable Implementation Guide 45199-90000	Technical Manual 45180-90040
	Accounts Receivable Implementation Guide 45192-90001	

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FIN/250 GENERAL LEDGER OPERATOR'S GUIDE

Manual Part No. 45200-90020



PPINTING HISTORY

New editions of this manual will incorporate all material updated since the previous edition. Update packages may be issued between editions and contain replacement and additional pages to be merged into the manual by the user. Each updated page will be indicated by a revised date at the bottom of the page. Note that pages which are rearranged due to changes on a previous page are not considered revised.

The manual printing date and part number indicate its current edition. The printing date changes when a new editon is printed. (Minor corrections and updates which are incorporated at reprint do not cause the date to change.) The manual part number changes when extensive technical changes are incorporated.

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This Operator's Guide was written as a reference manual to answer the questions that occur during day-to-day use of the General Ledger/250 software product. It is an excellent source of information, and can be used as the primary vehicle for training operators in the use of the GL/250 software.

The software itself was designed to be as easy to use as possible, so that once the operator is familiar with the product, s/he will only need to reference this manual for procedures that are not used on a regular basis.

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Appendix B: Error Messages

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OVERVIEW

WHAT DOES YOUR FIN/250 GENERAL LEDGER SYSTEM DO?

Hewlett-Packard's FIN/250 General Ledger system puts you in control of your company's accounting data. It provides an automated means of capturing and maintaining vital financial data, and produces, on demand, financial statements and other reports needed to manage your company's resources and direct its growth.

Listed below are some of the advantages—to you <u>and</u> your company—of using FIN/250's General Ledger:

Ease of Use. Each step in the General Ledger process can be completed easily and quickly, in contrast to the tedious process of posting and reporting data by hand. All types of transactions are handled directly by the system, without any special knowledge or unusual procedures.

Increased Accuracy. Not only is each transaction checked for accuracy when it is entered, but the sum of debits and credits for each group of transactions must equal zero before it will be accepted for posting to the General Ledger. If the sum is not zero, these transactions are held in abeyance until an adjustment is made to bring them into balance. Thus, your General Ledger is always in balance.

A Reliable Audit Trail. The Posting Journal, prepared every time transactions are posted, and the Extract of Accounts, printed during month-end processing, provide a detailed Audit Trail of every transaction posted to the General Ledger. The page numbers for both of these reports are assigned by the system, and cannot be tampered with. Thus, an unbroken sequence of page numbers is guaranteed, so that you know immediately if a page is missing.

An End to Month-End Drudgery. With FIN/250 General Ledger, month-end closings become an easy task. First, you are prompted to post all pending transactions, and to transfer all current transaction data to your history disc. Next, the Extract of Accounts is printed. Finally, the current transactions are cleared from the transaction file. Month-end is now completed, and you are free to begin entering transactions for the next accounting period. Year-end closing is just as easy.

Easy Adjustments to Previous Periods. During an audit, adjustments are often found to be needed at some point in a previous accounting period. With FIN/250 General Ledger, such an adjustment is a straightforward task. Retroactive transaction posting is a regular function listed on the Transactions Menu. When the posting has been done, the Profit and Loss and Retained Earnings accounts are automatically adjusted, so financial statements reflect the correction.

Simplified Report Preparation. Your General Ledger system relieves you of the burdensome task of preparing reports, while at the same time providing a wide range of reporting possibilities. Standard accounting requirements are met by the Income Statement, Balance Sheet, and Trial Balances—these reports can be prepared for the company as a whole, or for separate entities. But the need for accurate information goes beyond these reports, and FIN/250 General Ledger answers this need. Departmental expense reports are provided through the use of cost centers and cost accounts, so that costs can be accurately tracked at the level they occur.

As Much Detail As You Want. The Balance Sheet and Income Statement can be requested for any desired level of detail, from summary totals to the most detailed data known to the system. Up to seven levels of summarization can be defined for use when preparing these reports. Other reports are available in either a summarized or detailed version.

Flexible Accounting Structure. When your system is set up, a chart of accounts is defined to meet your accounting needs. As each account is established, you also assign a format code that determines the position of that account on the Balance Sheet or

Income Statement. Furthermore, you can choose to operate with 12 or 13 accounting periods, unless you are integrated with other software modules, in which case you must work on a 12-period basis.

Automatic Subsystem Integration. If you are integrated with another module, the General Ledger transactions that originate in the other module(s) can be automatically transferred to the Pending Transaction file for eventual posting.

Special Record Capability. Accounting summaries and other historical data are easily accumulated for reference purposes, and detailed transaction activity is stored on disc during each month-end closing.

HOW DOES YOUR GENERAL LEDGER SYSTEM WORK?

The FIN/250 General Ledger system was designed to be as easy to use as possible. At each phase of the operation, you are given a "menu" of options from which to choose. For example, the first menu lists the four main functions of the General Ledger system (See Figure 1-1).

HP250.2.1.98.0	GENERAL LEDGER Main Menu	Date: 01/31/80
MAINT FUNCTIONS	- Add, modify, delete or list data in	GL.
TRANSACTIONS	- Enter and update transactions.	
REPORTS	- Produce financial and system report	9.
SPECIAL FUNCTIONS	- Access the Special GL Maintenance F	unctions.
EXIT	- Return to the CONTROL MODULE.	
Please select a fu		·
	REPORTS SPECIAL	EXIT
Please select a fu	REPORTS SPECIAL	EXIT

Figure 1-1. General Ledger Main Menu

You make your choice by pressing the soft key that corresponds to the function you want to perform. If you press TRANSACTIONS, another menu (see Figure 1-2) is displayed describing the seven functions involved with transaction handling.

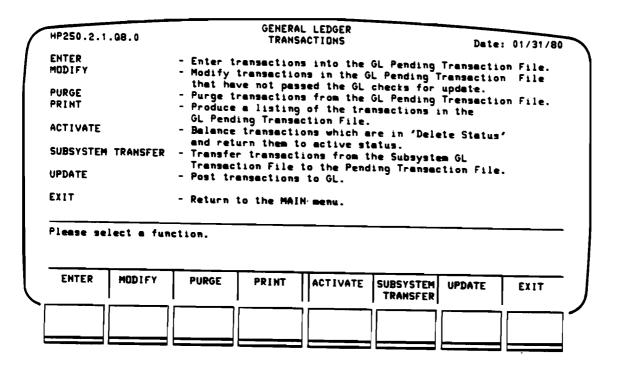


Figure 1-2. Transactions Menu

If you wish to enter a standard two-part transaction, press the ENTER softkey, then select STANDARD ENTRY from the menu that appears next. At that point, a form is displayed that requests all the information necessary to make this entry (see Figure 1-3).

All you have to do is fill in the fields that appear in "inverse video" (i.e., a white block on your screen, but shown on this printed form as a solid black block.)

So you see, the whole procedure is easy. The system asks you everything it needs to know, and much of the time you answer by choosing one of the functions listed on a menu.

HP250.2.1.08.0 GLT1f0 Entity	GENERAL LEDGER STANDARD JOURNAL ENTRY	Date: 01/31/80
Journal Ref	Current Period Ends	(Standard entry)
Account	Offset Acct	
Trans Amount	Dr/Cr Description	
Cost Center	Project No.	1
Control Sum	Remaining Amount	
Please enter the ent	ity number.	
		EXIT

Figure 1-3. Standard Entry Form

HOW DO YOU USE YOUR GENERAL LEDGER SYSTEM?

The control of accounting data began the day the FIN/250 General Ledger software was implemented on your HP250 Computer System. During implementation, certain key tasks were accomplished. For more details on the implementation process, see the General Ledger Implementation Guide (Manual No.45200-90000.)

Step 1. The General Ledger software module was added to the existing software, and the required data bases were added.

Step 2. The independent financial units called entities were entered in the Control Module, along with your company's holidays and standard work days. Also, the 12 or 13 period option was chosen, and passwords were assigned.

Step 3. Initial data was loaded, including entities, cost centers, and format codes that determine the position each account occupies on the financial statements.

Step 4. Initial balances were entered for certain accounts to bring the data base up-to-date, and the General Ledger was integrated with other software modules, if appropriate.

That's how the system was set up, to be ready for day-to-day activities such as making journal entries, posting transactions, requesting reports, and so on.

Scenes From An Accounting Year

Let's take a look at some situations that occur in a typical accounting department, to see how easily they can be handled by FIN/250 General Ledger.

1. September 12 is a typical day. All the entries that are to be made to the General Ledger system are simple, straightforward transactions that you want to process as quickly as possible.

Some of these transactions consist of only one debit and one offsetting credit. The rest consist of multiple debits offsetting one credit, or vice versa. There is one batch of debits and credits that sums to zero.

For the one debit vs. one credit transactions, you enter only the debit or the credit—the system prepares the offsetting entry, using the offset account number you have supplied. For multiple debits (credits) vs. one credit (debit), you enter the credit (debit) and then all the debits (credits)—the system keeps prompting you for more until a zero sum is reached. The same procedure is used to enter the batch of transactions.

2. On December 17, you arrive at work to find that a major organizational change is being made. A new division is being formed that will be an independent financial unit, i.e., an entity. Your assignment is to enter this new entity in the General Ledger system so that it will be ready for account activity when the new fiscal year begins on January 1.

First, you enter the entity in the HP250 Control Module. Then using an Entity Maintenance function, you add the entity to the General Ledger. Since the account structure is to parallel that of the other entities, you can use one of the Special Functions to duplicate the chart of accounts from one of those entities. Finally, you use another Special Function to enter beginning balances for the accounts.

3. Early in January, you are given the depreciation schedule for the new fiscal year. It is your responsibility to make sure that the accrued depreciation is posted accurately throughout the year. By making forward entries for February through December, as well as the entry for January, you can rely on the system to post each month's depreciation on the correct date.

- 4. In March, with the country facing a recession, the controller is anxious to review the company's financial situation. At least once a week he comes to you to ask for a Balance Sheet and Income Statement, both showing as much detail as is available. You go directly to the Reports Menu and request one report at a time, summarized at level 7. Within a few minutes, the reports are ready.
- 5. You have been instructed to provide the general manager with a Balance Sheet at the end of each month. In April, the company's hazard and liability insurance is changed from a monthly billing cycle to an annual billing cycle. The annual premium was paid and posted during April. Because of this change, the Balance Sheet could be misleading. To avoid misinterpretation, you make a reversing entry for 11 months' worth of the premium, effective the last day of April.

WHAT IS IN THIS OPERATOR'S GUIDE?

Now that you have an idea of what the FIN/250 General Ledger system does, you'll need to know how to perform each of its functions. This Operator's Guide leads you through each step of every function provided by the system. Detailed information is included in nine chapters. These chapters are listed below, along with a brief description of the material covered in each of them.

You should know how to operate the HP250 Computer System before attempting to run the General Ledger software. The information you absolutely have to know is reviewed in Chapter 2, but we suggest you consult the HP250 Operator's Guide for a more detailed explanation of system operation.

CHAPTER TWO - JOB CYCLES

Explains how to load the General Ledger software, reviews operating procedures and the HP250 System Console, and describes, in pictorial form, many of the daily and periodic activities you will carry out when using the system.

CHAPTER THREE - MAINTENANCE FUNCTIONS

Explains how to set up and modify the accounting structure for the General Ledger system—entities, accounts, format positions, parameters, and cost centers.

CHAPTER FOUR - TRANSACTIONS

Shows how to enter all types of transactions, and how to add, modify, or delete journal entries. The Audit Trail reports are also discussed, along with how to correct out-of-balance transactions that were suspended without being posted. Finally, it explains how to transfer transactions that originate in other subsystems to the General Ledger.

CHAPTER FIVE - REPORTS

Describes all the reports available from the General Ledger system. Included for each report is its purpose, how to obtain it, available options, how to read it, and any special considerations. A sample run of each report is also included.

CHAPTER SIX - SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

Discusses loading initial balances for an entity, duplicating the chart of accounts from one entity to another, and storing all transaction detail on history discs.

CHAPTER SEVEN - MANAGER RESERVED FUNCTIONS

Discusses those functions reserved for the MANAGER password: changing the Control File Contents, setting initial balances, and initiating month-end and year-end processing.

CHAPTER EIGHT - GLOSSARY/DATA ITEM DICTIONARY

Defines all items that appear on the reports or screens throughout the General Ledger system.

CHAPTER NINE - IN CASE OF TROUBLE

Lists the error messages you might encounter as you use the system, and explains what they mean.

JOB CYCLES

This chapter reviews general operating instructions, explains basic information about the General Ledger software module, and pictorially describes the operator's daily and periodic activities.

Before using FIN/250 General Ledger, you should be generally familiar with the HP 250 computer system—specifically, how to load the software, the keyboard, use of menus and soft keys, and how to fill in forms. For your convenience, we review that information in the following section.

THE HP 250 CONSOLE

Softkeys

The HP 250 Console has eight "softkeys" built into the system console just below the display screen.



Figure 2-1. The HP 250 Console (Model 35)

Use these softkeys to choose from the menus that present the functions available at certain points within General Ledger.

The Keyboard

There are eight special function keys on the keyboard that relate directly to the console softkeys. Use these in exactly the same way, if you find them more convenient or if you are running General Ledger from a remote console.

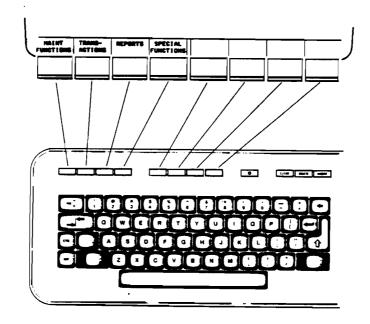


Figure 2-2. The HP 250 Keyboard (Model 35)

Special Purpose Keys

There are certain other keys that you will find useful when entering General Ledger data. Note their position on the keyboard and review their use as described below:

#2. ENTER or

The ENTER or key is on the right side of the keyboard and the right side of the numeric key pad. It is marked like this but it is referred to in this manual as the ENTER key. You use it to move from field to field when filling in forms, and, when you reach the last field on a form, to signal the system that you have finished entering information. (The ENTER key is analogous to the Carriage Return on earlier computer systems.)

#3.Tab or 🖵

The key, or Tab key, is also used when filling in forms. It allows you to move the cursor either forward to the next field, or, by pressing the SHIFT key and the key, back to the previous field(s). If you press this key after reaching the last field on the form, it wraps around, returning to the first field on the form.

#4,5,6. Editing Keys The care key lets you erase or clear the data entered in one field on the screen. To use it, just move the cursor to the field and press CLEAR.

The must key lets you delete one character at a time, and closes up the space occupied by the deleted character.

The west key lets you insert one or more characters into an existing word or phrase. Position the cursor on the character just after the place you want to make the insertion, and press this key. That position appears in inverse video (a white block with black cursor) and you merely type whatever characters you want to insert. When the insertion is complete, press INSERT again to turn it off, or press the ENTER key.

#7. SHIFT keys

The shift keys cause the upper case characters on the keyboard to be printed. Used in conjunction with certain special keys, such as CLEAR, it performs special functions. For example, Shift CLEAR clears a form from the position of the cursor to the bottom of the form, including the message window.

#8. SHIFT LOCK

Press this key into a locked position if you want all alphabetical characters printed in upper case. The lower case characters of all other keys is printed; use the SHIFT key to print their upper case characters while the SHIFT LOCK is on.

#9. Repeat Key

The only repeating keys on the keyboard are the cursor positioning keys (the five keys above the numeric key pad with arrows on them.) Any other key, however, can be repeated indefinitely by pressing REP. at the same time as the other key.

The Display Screen

Each screen that appears as you use General Ledger is organized into four parts:

1. Identification

2. Form Body

3. Message Window

4. Softkey Definitions

The top of the screen has <u>identifying</u> information including the name of the software module (Control Module or General Ledger, in this case), the name of the function being performed (e.g., Add Invoice), the entity number, and the date.

The <u>form body</u> is the main section of the screen, where menu selections are presented, data you have requested is shown, and forms are displayed for you to fill in.

The message window appears after the form body, separated above and below by a line. This space is used to give you instructions for what to do with the screen, to display error messages, and for you to key in any information not handled by a form.

The <u>softkey</u> definitions occur directly above each console softkey, labeling it with the appropriate function.

HP250.2.1.98.0 GLT1f0 Entity	GENERAL LEDGER STANDARD JOURNAL ENTRY	Date: 01/31/80	dentification
Journal Ref Entered Date Account Trens Amount Cost Center Control Sum	Current Period Ends Effective Date Diffset Acct Dr/Cr Description Project No. Remaining Amount	(Standard entry)	Form Body
Please enter the enti	ty number.	TIX3	Message Window
			Softkey Definitions

Figure 2-3. Sample Display Screen

LOADING YOUR SYSTEM SOFTWARE

For Cartridge (7906) Disc Systems

To run General Ledger, you will need the flexible system disc, and the removeable cartridge labeled HP250. Load the system by following these steps:

- Mount the flexible system disc if the system is not kept on the 7906, and turn the key to the ON (horizontal) position. It will take a minute or two to load the system memory. You will know you are ready to proceed when the cursor (blinking dash) appears on the left side of the screen.
- 2. Mount the HP250 cartridge on the 7906 Disc Drive. and RUN "HP250, HP250".
- 3. The system displays a welcome message and the current date, and asks if the date is correct. Answer "Y" or press the FNTER key without typing anything to indicate that it is.

If the date is not correct, select FNTER NEW DATE, or answer "N", then enter the new date. Perform the daily backup if you didn't run it at the close of the previous day.

- 4. If you are using the MANAGER password, answer "Y" or press the ENTER key to the question "Are all system parameters and status current?" (This question does not appear if you are using one of the other passwords.)
- 5. Select the desired entity,
- 5. Select GENERAL LEDGER from the menu.
- Finally, the General Ledger Main Menu appears, listing the four major functions available within General Ledger.

For HP 7908 or 7910 Disc Systems

This loading sequence is similar to the procedure described for the 7906.

- i. Insert the SYSTEM cartridge tape or mount the SYSTEM flexible disc and turn the key to the QN (horizontal) position. It will take a minute or two to load the system memory. You will know you are ready to proceed when the cursor (blinking dash) appears on the left side of the screen.
- 2. Type RUN "HP250, HP250" The system displays a welcome message and the current date, and asks if the date is correct. Answer "Y" or press the ENTER key without typing anything to indicate that it is.

If the date is not correct, select ENTER NEW DATE, or answer "N", then enter the new date. Perform the daily backup if you didn't run it at the close of the previous day.

- 3. If you are using the MANAGER password, answer "Y" or press the ENTER key to the question "Are all system parameters and status correct?" (This question does not appear if you are using one of the other passwords.)
- 4. Select the desired entity.
- 5. Select GENERAL LEDGER from the menu.
- Finally, the General Ledger Main Menu appears, listing the four major functions available within General Ledger.

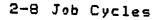
Entering Data For More Than One Entity

You can enter General Ledger data for only one entity each time you run a function. If you have data to enter for more than one entity, you must EXIT from the function menu, then rementer the function from the Main Menu. Enter the entity number for the data you wish to enter, and continue as usual.

Filling in Forms

Every form in the General Ledger software consists of a group of fields—some listing already entered information (these are called output fields), and others that are blank for you to fill in (these are called input fields). A third kind, input/output fields, display default data but allow you to make necessary changes.

Figure 2-4 shows the form used when adding accounts to the system.



HP250. GLM2f0	2.1.08.0	GENERAL L ADD ACCE		Date: 01/31/80
JENE I V	Entity Account Number			
	Description			
	Account Type	.		
	Total Account Budget		SMI Identifier	I
	Format Position 1 Format Position 2		(Balance Sheet) (Income Statement)	
	Cost Center Cost Account Budget			
Please	enter the entity numb	per.		
				EXIT
		7		i

Figure 2-4. General Ledger Add Account Form

The Entity Number and Account Number fields are output fields— they display information that is already known by the system.

Some of the fields on the form require that you enter data, e.g., account number in this case. The system will not accept the entered form until these required fields are filled in. The optional fields can be left blank, if you have no data to enter in them.

When the form comes up on the screen, the cursor is positioned at the first input field. Key in the requested information (or leave the field blank, as appropriate) and press the ENTER key or Tab key to move on to the next field.

If you discover that you have made a mistake on a field you have already completed, use the SHIFT key and Tab key together to cycle backward through the fields until you reach the one you want to correct. Make the correction, and then Tab forward until you are back where you started from.

When you reach the last field on the form, press ENTER and the message in the message window changes to "Is all information correct?(Y/N)"

If you answer "N", you will be returned to each field in turn so you can correct the erroneous data. When all fields are correct, press the PROCESS DATA softkey.

If you answer "Y", the data is checked for input errors against predefined standards, and entered in the data base if no errors are detected. (A "Y" response results in the same action as pressing PROCESS DATA.)

Pressing ENTER without keying in anything in response to any Y/N question in General Ledger is always interpreted as a "Y",

The PROCESS DATA softkey can be selected at any time if you are finished filling in the form. The system checks to see that all required fields have been filled, and that there are no input errors, then enters all the information on the form into the data base.

If an input error is detected after answering "Y" or pressing PROCESS DATA, an error message tells you which field is in error, and the cursor returns to that field. Enter the correction, then press PROCESS DATA. If another error is detected, this sequence is repeated until all fields are accepted.

To clear one field only, return the cursor to that field and press the CLEAR key on the keyboard. To clear from a field in the middle of the form to the bottom of the form, return the cursor to the first field you wish cleared, then press the SHIFT key together with the CLEAR key. This also clears the message window.

The EXIT key is (with few exceptions) always available, allowing you to escape from whatever function you are performing. However, if you press EXIT before completing the function, no data will be entered.

DAILY JOB CYCLES

The daily activities of the General Ledger clerk are presented in the following diagrams. These diagrams describe the day-to-day functions that will be carried out in a typical accounting department. Each diagram describes a single operation in a functional manner, i.e., it is not a detailed procedure for accomplishing that operation. For detailed instructions see the chapter referenced for each diagram. Month-end and year-end processing are also included here.

LOADING YOUR SYSTEM SOFTWARE (beginning of this chapter)

BEGIN
Load Operating System
Run HP250 Program
Enter New Date (optional)
Perform Daily Backup (optional)
Enter Password
Modify System Parameters (Mgr Only)
Select General Ledger Module
Choose Function
EXIT

DAILY BACK-UP (GL. Implementation Guide)

BEGIN
Load Operating System
Run HP250 Program
Select Backup Softkey
Select Daily Backup Routine
Enter Disc Set Symbol
Mount Discs As Instructed
EXIT

BEGIN Access Transaction Function Select ENTER Choose Transaction Type STANDARD AUTOMATIC FORWARD REVERSING RETRO-ACTIVE MEMO Enter Entity Number Enter Transaction Data

EXIT

SUBSYSTEM TRANSFER (Chapter 4)
(if integrated with other modules)

BEGIN
Access Transaction Function
Select SUBSYSTEM TRANSFER
Print Transactions in Transfer File
Initiate Transfer Operation
EXIT

POSTING TRANSACTIONS (Chapter 4)

BEGIN
Access Transaction Function
Select UPDATE
Print Pre-Posting Check Report
Print Posting Journal
Press POST Softkey
EXIT

REQUESTING STANDARD REPORTS (Chapter 5)

BEGIN
Access Report Function *
Select Softkey For Desired Report
Enter Selection Criteria
Print Report
EXIT

CREATE HISTORY DISC (Chapter 6)
BEGIN
Access Special Functions
Select HISTORY DISC
Enter Period and Indicate Current or Previous Year
Mount Diskette As Requested
EXIT

MONTH-END PROCESSING (Chapter 7)

BEGIN
Post Pending Transactions
Print Balance Sheet and Income Statement Reports for current period.
Enter Control Module (Manager only)
Access Month-End Function
Back Up (Forced by the system.)
Do Module Month-End Processing (If Integrated)
Do General Ledger Month-end processing
Month-End Processes Completed Under
System Control
EXIT

YEAR-END PROCESSING (Chapter 7)

BEGIN
Enter Control Module (Manager Only)
Run Month-End (see above)
Access Year-End Function
Do Module Year-end processing
Do General Ledger Year-end processing
Year-End Processing Completed Under
System Control
EXIT

MAINTENANCE FUNCTIONS

Hewlett-Packard's FIN/250 General Ledger system was designed to meet the changing needs of any company-regardless of size or complexity. A group of maintenance functions provides much of the flexibility needed to accomplish this goal. Using these functions, you can alter the basic accounting structure of your company whenever needed, and change the format used for your financial statments when that is desirable.

Access the Maintenance section of General Ledger by selecting the MAINTENANCE softkey from the Main Menu. The maintenance functions are organized into five groups, listed on the Maintenance Menu:

- 1. ENTITIES
- 2. ACCOUNTS
- 3. FORMAT POSITIONS
- 4. PARAMETERS
- 5. COST CENTERS

To add, modify, delete, or list items within these groups, select the appropriate softkey.

ENTITY MAINTENANCE

In General Ledger, a given company can be composed of one or more financially independent units known as <u>entities</u>. An entity might be a division within a company or, in fact, one of several subsidiary companies that form a conglomerate. Each entity entered in the system is treated as if it were a completely independent company, <u>except</u> that it can be consolidated with other entities to produce financial statements for the entire company.

The Entity Maintenance functions are used to add, modify, delete, or list entities in the General Ledger system. Figure 3-1 shows the Entity Maintenance Menu.

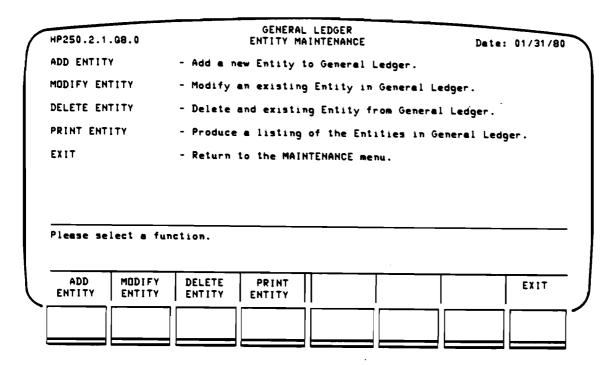


Figure 3-1. Entity Maintenance Menu

Choose the function you wish to perform by selecting the appropriate softkey.

Adding Entitles

To add a new entity to the General Ledger system, select ADD ENTITY. Enter the entity number as requested, and Figure 3-2 will be displayed for you to fill in.

The entity number must already be entered in the Control Module. If it is not, consult your System Manager.

When the form appears, it lists the entity number, and date the fiscal year began for this entity, the current period, the journal page last printed for this entity, and the number of accounting periods used. Fill in the address in the highlighted fields.

When the form is complete, press PROCESS DATA and the system will check your data for input errors. If no errors are found, the new entity is entered in the General Ledger data base.

HP250.2.1.Q8.0 GLM1f0	GENERAL LEDGER ADD ENTITY	Date: 01/31/80
Entity Number	<u>—</u>	_
Entity Name Street City, State Zip Code		ŀ
Begin Fiscal Year	No. of Trans	-
Current Period Accounting Periods	Journal Page	_
Please enter the entity number.		
		EXIT

Figure 3-2. Add Entity Form

Modifying Entities

The name and address of any entered entity can be modified by selecting MODIFY ENTITY. Enter the entity number, and the information stored for that entity will be displayed for you to modify (see Figure 3-3.)

HP250.2.1. GLM1f0	98.0	GENERAL LEDGER MODIFY ENTITY	Dete: 01/31/80
	Entity Number	1000	
	Entity Name Street City, State Zip Code	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES DIV. 3240 WEST CHEYENNE FORT COLLINS, CO 80526	
	Begin Fiscal Year	01/01/80 No. of Trans.	<u>16</u>
	Current Period Accounting Periods	_1 Journal Page	1
Please con	mplete this form.		
PROCESS			EXIT

Figure 3-3. Modify Entity Form

The entity number, however, may not be modified. (If you enter the wrong number for an entity, the only way to correct it is to delete and then re-enter it. See <u>Deleting</u>
<u>Entities</u>, below, for restrictions when making deletions.)

The cursor will be positioned at the first field that can be modified. Tab through the fields that are correct as displayed, and make the necessary modifications. Then press PROCESS DATA. The system will check for input errors, then enter the modifications in the General Ledger Data Base.

Deleting Entities

To delete an existing entity, select DELETE ENTITY. Note that you may not delete an entity if any accounts, cost centers, or parameters are currently assigned for that entity--you must delete them first.

Enter the entity number you wish to delete. The system checks to see if it can be deleted, and if so, displays the existing data for that entity and asks you to confirm that this is the entity you wish to delete.

If you answer "Y", the deletion will be carried out, and a message will inform you of that fact.

If you answer "N", you will be asked again to enter the entity number you wish to delete. If you want to move to some other General Ledger function, press EXIT.

Listing Entities

You can print the information stored for one or more entities by selecting PRINT ENTITY. A list of options is displayed to help you list the entities in the most useful manner:

CHANGE PRINTER lets you print this report on any printer configured for your system. (If only one printer is configured, this softkey will not appear.) The default setting is the main system printer. If at any time you see the message PRINTER X IS DOWN, DISCONNECTED, OR OFF-LINE, check to see that the power is on and the printer set to ON-LINE. If that doesn't solve the problem, consult your System Manager.

RESTART REPORT allows you to start the report on some page other than page 1.

CONTINUE proceeds to the next step in producing this report-determining the range of entities to be included in the report. You specify this range by filling in Figure 3-5.

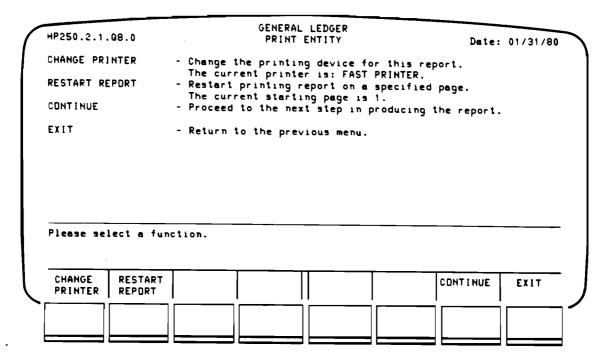


Figure 3-4. Printing Options

HP250.2.1.Q8.0 GLM1f1		RAL LEDGER HT EHTITY	Dete	2: 01/31/80
	From Entity To Entity	1000	Compute	er n
Please complete th	is form.			
PROCESS DATA				EXIT

Figure 3-5. Print Entity Form

To list the information stored for a single entity, enter the entity number in the From Entity field, and leave the To Entity field blank. Press PROCESS DATA and the report will be printed for that one entity (see Figure 3-6.)

			Report: GL 001 Date: 01/31/80			
NTITY	FNTITY NAME SIREET ADDRESS CITY, STATE 71? CODE	BEGIN FISCAL YEAR	CURRENT PERIOD	ACCOUNTING PER LUDS	NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS	LAST JOURNAL PAGE
1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES DIV. 3240 MEST CHEYENNE FORT COLLINS CO 80526	01/01/80	01	12	16	1
	•					

Figure 3-6. Entity Maintenance Report (Entity 1000 only)

To list the information stored for all entered entities, leave both fields blank and press PROCESS DATA.

		FIN250 DEMO Bic ENTITY MAIN				Report: GL 081 Date: 01/31/88
FNTITY	ENTITY NAME STREET ADDRESS CITY, STATE ZIP CODE	BEGIN FISCAL YEAR	CURRENT PERIOD	ACCOUNTING PERIODS	NUMBER OF (RANSACTIONS	LAST JUURNAI PAGE
1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES DIV. 3240 WEST CHEYENNE FORT COLLINS CO 80526	01/01/80	01	15	16	i
1100	COMPETITION BICYCLES DIV. 2221 NORTH NEVADA COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80901	01/01/80	01	12	0	q
3000	CUSION BICYCLES DIV. 1900 EAST JACKSON DR ATLANTA GA 40221	01/01/80	01	12	0	0

Figure 3-7. Entity Maintenance Report (all entities)

To print the information stored for a range of entities, say 1888 to 2000, enter 1000 in the From Entity field, and 2000 in the To Entity field (see Figure 3-8.)

		FIN250 DEMO BIC ENTITY MAIN	vole Compony TENANCE			Report: GL 001 Date: 01/31/80
ENTITY	ENTITY NAME STREET ADDRESS CITY, STATE 71P CODE	BEGIN FIGNAL YEAR	CURRENT PERIOD	ACCOUNTING PER LODS	NUMBER OF FRANSACTIONS	LAST JOURNAL PAGE
1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES DIV. 3240 MEST CHEVENNE FORT COLLINS CO 80526	01/01/80	01	12	16	i
1100	COMPETITION BICYCLES DIV. 2221 NORTH NEVADA COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80701	01/01/80	01	12	0	0

Figure 3-8. Entity Maintenance Report (Entitles 1000-2000)

- While the report is printing, three options are available:

 1. RESTART REPORT stops printing the report and
 restarts at a specified page number.
 - 2. HALT REPORT stops printing the report, but continues where it left off when you press CONTINUE.
 - 3. EXIT returns immediately to the Entity Maintenance Menu. If you still want to print this report, you must start all over again.

ACCOUNT MAINTENANCE

Within each entity, there is a chart of accounts used for itemizing day-to-day financial data.

There are six types of accounts in the FIN/250 General Ledger system:

- 1. Asset
- Liability/Capital
- 3. Income
- 4. Expense
- 5. Cost
- 6. Memo

Accounts from the first five types are used when the Balance Sheet and other reports are created and maintained. Cost Accounts are used to track expenses associated with certain cost centers within each entity. Memo accounts are used to maintain statistical or special data without that data affecting the financial statements.

The Account Maintenance functions allow you to add, modify, delete, and list General Ledger accounts, and to modify a special identifying code (SMI ID). The Account Maintenance Menu describes these functions (Figure 3-9.)

HP250.2.1.Q8.0	GENERAL LEDGER Account maintenance	Date: 01/31/80
ADD ACCOUNT	- Add a new Account or Cost Account to	General Ledger.
MODIFY ACCOUNT	- Modify an existing Account in Genera	l Ledger.
DELETE ACCOUNT	- Delete and existing Account from Ger	eral Ledger.
PRINT ACCOUNT	- Produce a listing of the Accounts in	General Ledger.
MODIFY SMI ID	 Modify the Special Management Idential account. 	fier for
EXIT	- Return to the MAINTENANCE menu.	
Please select a		EXIT
ACCOUNT ACCOU		

Figure 3-9. Account Maintenance Menu

Choose the function you wish to perform by selecting the appropriate softkey.

Adding Accounts

To add a new account to the General Ledger system, select ADD ACCOUNT. The system asks for the entity number, then the account number. The account number can be between 1000.00 and 9999.99, and you can enter only four digits (i.e., 2000) and have the system automatically add the decimal point and two zeros to the right of it. Once the system accepts the account number, the Add Account form is displayed (Figure 3-10).

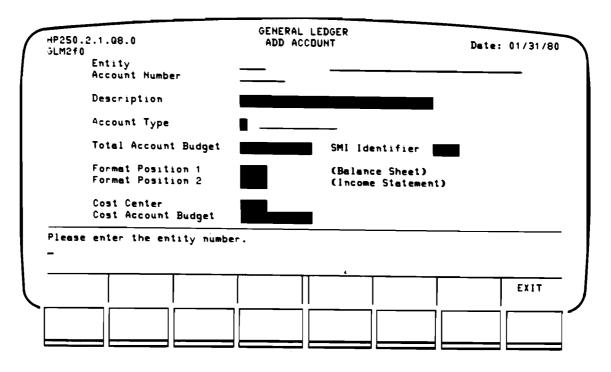


Figure 3-10. Add Account Form

Fill in the fields as follows (* denotes required input):

Description

Enter a description of this account (up to 30 characters).

*Account Type

Enter the code for this account.

- 1. Asset
- 2. Liability/Capital
- 3. Income
- 4. Expense
- 5. Cost
- 6. Memo

Total Account Budget

Enter the dollar amount for this account's annual budget (maximum = \$9,999,999.99). You may not use this field for cost account budgets. Use the Cost Account Budget field instead.

SMI Identifier

This field is filled by using the MODIFY SMI ID function. (Manual input is allowed, but not encouraged.)

Format Position 1 If this account type is 1 or 2, enter its format position code here. (a list of format positions can be printed using one of the

Format Maintenance functions).

Format Position 2 If this account type is 3, 4, or

5, enter its format position code

here.

Cost Center If this is a cost account (Type 5),

enter the Cost Center number associated with the account.

Cost Account Budget If this is a cost account, enter the dollar amount budgeted for

this account.

When you have finished filling in the form, press PROCESS DATA, and the system will check each field for input errors. If no errors are found, the new account is entered in the General Ledger data base, and you are informed that the addition has been carried out. Then you can add another account or EXIT to the Account Maintenance Menu.

When entering cost accounts, the procedure is slightly different after the account has been entered for the first Cost Center. To add more Cost Centers to an existing cost account, enter the account number as usual. The system recognizes that this is a cost account, and displays Figure 3-11.

P250.2.1	.08.0		AL LEDGER ACCOUNT	Date: 01/31/	80		
	tity count Number	1000 6200.00	RECREATIONAL J	BICYCLES DIV.			
De	scription	FACTORY	FACTORY PAYROLL TAXES				
Ac	count Type	5 Cost	Account				
To	tel Account	Budget	0.00 SMI Identifier 0002				
	Format Position 1 Format Position 2		(Balance Shee (Income State	••			
	ost Center ost Account B	udget					
Please co	emplete this	form.	_				
PROCESS DATA				EXIT			

Figure 3-11. Add Cost Account Form

This form prompts you only for the format positions, Cost Center number, and Cost Center budget.

Note that a format position cannot be used here unless it has first been added to the system using the Format Maintenance function. Likewise, a Cost Center cannot be specified unless it has first been added to the system using the Cost Center Maintenance function.

Modifying Accounts

The information stored for an account may be modified by selecting MODIFY ACCOUNT from the Account Maintenance Menu. If you have entered the wrong number for an account, you will have to delete the account and re-enter it with the correct number. (See <u>Deleting Accounts</u> below, for restrictions on deleting accounts.)

Enter the entity number as requested, and then the account number (also the Cost Center, if this is a cost account.) The data stored for that account will be displayed for you to make the necessary modifications (see Figure 3-12.)

Entity Account Number	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	
	1200.00	RECREMITEDIAL BICICLES	i DIV.
Description	ACCDUNTS RE	CEIVABLE	•
Account Type	Assets		•
Total Account Budget		SMI Identifier	
Format Position 1 Format Position 2		(Balance Sheet) (Income Statement)	
Cost Center Cost Account Budget		ı	
complete this form.	_		
SS			EXIT
	Total Account Budget Format Position 1 Format Position 2 Cost Center Cost Account Budget complete this form.	Account Type Total Account Budget Format Position 1 Format Position 2 Cost Center Cost Account Budget complete this form.	Account Type Total Account Budget Format Position 1 Format Position 2 Cost Center Cost Account Budget complete this form.

Figure 3-12. Modify Account Form

Tab over fields that are correct as displayed, and modify those that are not. When the modifications are complete, press PROCESS DATA or answer "Y" to "Is all information correct?" and the changes will be entered in the General Ledger data base.

Deleting Accounts

An inactive account may be deleted from the system, but in this case inactive has a carefully-defined meaning. An account is considered inactive <u>only</u> if there have been no transactions posted to it during the current or previous year <u>and</u> the balance of the account is zero.

Also, you are not allowed to delete an account entered in the parameter file for Profit and Loss, or Retained Earnings.

The only time you can delete an account with a balance is if the balance has been posted by the Special Function INITIAL BALANCES. If no transactions have been posted to an account with an initial balance, you can use the INITIAL BALANCE function again to zero out the account, and then you will be allowed to delete it. Enter the entity number and the account number. If this is a cost account, enter the Cost Center number.

The data currently stored for the account will be displayed, and you will be asked to confirm that this is the account you want deleted.

If you answer "Y", the account is deleted and a message is printed to inform you that the deletion has been accomplished. If you answer "N", you are asked to enter the account number to be deleted.

When the deletion is finished, you can delete another account or EXIT to the Account Maintenance Menu.

<u>Listing Accounts</u>

You can print the information stored for one account, a range of accounts, or all accounts for a given entity for as many entities as requested. Select PRINT ACCOUNT from the Account Maintenance Menu. A list of options is displayed for your consideration.

CHANGE PRINTER lets you print this report on any printer configured for your system. (If only one printer is configured, this softkey will not appear.) The default setting is the main system printer. Select a starting place other than page 1 by using the RESTART REPORT softkey.

Select CONTINUE to specify the range of accounts to be printed. Fill in the starting and ending entity and account numbers on Figure 3-13.

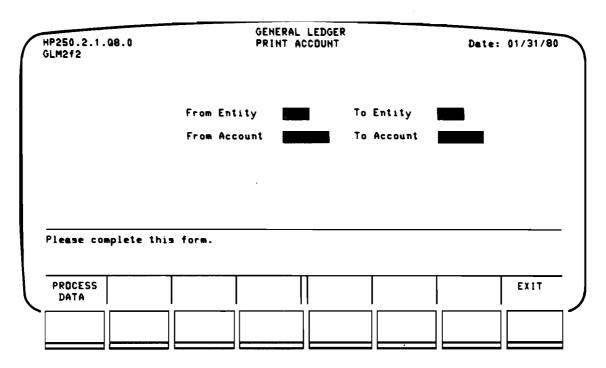


Figure 3-13. Account Range Form

To list all accounts entered for one entity, enter the entity number in the From Entity field, and leave the rest of the form blank. List one account for all entities in a similar way, by entering the account number in the From Account field, and leaving the rest of the form blank.

To specify a range of accounts and/or entities, enter the starting number(s) in the From Entity and/or From Account fields, and the ending number(s) in the To Entity and/or To Account fields.

The Account Maintenance Report (Figure 3-14) lists the following information for each account:

- 1. Entity Number
- Account Number and Cost Center (if applicable)
- 3. Account Type (asset, liability, etc.)
- 4. Description
- 5. Format Position
- 6. SMI ID Number
- 7. Total Account Budget
- 8. Cost Account Budget (for cost accounts only)

While the list is being printed, three options are available:

- 1. RESTART REPORT stops printing the report and restarts at a specified page number.
- HALT REPORT stops printing the report, but continues where it left off when you press CONTINUE REPORT.

 EXIT returns immediately to the Account Maintenance Menu. If you still want to print this report, you must start all over again.

					HP 250 Combined Demo Account Maintenance				Report: GL 002 Date: 04/15/80		
		COST		ACCOUNT/COST CENTER	B/S	I/S		TOTAL	COST ACCOUNT		
ENTITY	ACCOUNT	CENTER	ACCOUNT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT P		SMI ID	ACCOUNT BUDGET	BUDGET		
1000	1000.00		Assets	Petty Cash (ist National)	1118	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1050.00		Assets	Cash in Bank-General (Central)	1112	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1060.00		Assets	Cash in Bank-Payroll (Central)	1114	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1070.00		Assets	Cash in Bank-Other (United)	1116	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1200.00		Assets	Accounts Receivable - Other	1120	0000	0003	0.00			
1000	1205.00		Assets	Accounts Receivable - Trade	1122	0000	0003	0.00			
1000	1210.00		Assets	Notes Receivable	1150	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1220.00		Assets	Allowance for Daubtful Account	1140	0000	2000	0.00			
1000	1250.01		Assets	Inventory - Pipe Hardware	1161	0000	0005	0.00			
1000	1250.02		Assets	Inventory - Electronic Parts	1162	0000	0005	0.00			
1000	1250.03		Assets	Inventory - General Hardware	1163	0000	0005	0.00			
1000	1250.04		Assets	Inventory - Gaskets	1164	0000	0005	0.00			
1000	1280.00		Assets	Prepaid Expenses	1190	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1300.00		Assets	Land	1210	0000	0008	0.00			
1000	1310.00		Assets	Building	1220	0000	0008	0.00			
1000	1310.10		Assets	Accumulated Depreciation	1220	0000	8000	0,00			
1000	1320.00		Assets	Machinery and Equipment	1230	0000	0008	0.00			
1000	1320.10		Assets	Accumulated Depreciation	1230	0000	0008	0.00			
1000	1900.00		Assets	Organization Costs	1610	0000	0016	0.00			
1000	1920.00		Assets	Patent Rights	1620	0000	0016	0,00			
1000	2000.00		Liab/Capital	Accounts Payable - Vendors	3110	0000	0003	0.00			
1000	20.10.00		Liab/Capital	Accounts Payable - Other	3120	0000	0003	0.00			
1000	2020.00		Liab/Capital	Notes Payable	3210	0000	0012	0.00			
1006	2025.00		Liab/Capital	Excise Tax Collected	3220	0000	0002	0.00			

Figure 3-14. Account Maintenance Report

Setting and Modifying the SMI ID

The SMI (Special Management Information) ID is used to flag accounts for use when calculating the financial ratio information needed for the SMI Report.

SMI ID is divided into three groups of accounts: assets, liabilities, and income and expenses.

Select MODIFY SMI ID to set this code for a new account, or to modify the code for an existing account. Enter the entity number and the account number as requested.

According to the type of account, a list of categories are displayed. Place an "X" (or any other character) to indicate those categories that apply to this account. You can mark more than one category (see Figure 3-15.) Once you have marked all applicable categories, press PROCESS DATA, and the SMI ID Number will be calculated, displayed, and stored in the data base for that account (see Figure 3-16.)

1P250.2.1.08.0		GENERAL LEDGER MODIFY SMI IDENTIFIER	Date: 01/31/80
-LM214	Entity <u>1000</u>	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES DIV.	_
Account	Account Type	Description	
2000.00	<u>Liab/Capital</u>	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE-VENDORS	<u> </u>
3 <u>Long Te</u> 4 <u>Long Te</u>	Limbilities	7 8 9 10 11 12	SMI Identifier 0000
Please co	mplete this form.		EXIT
	i I	i II I	1 1
DATA		1 11 1	1 1
DATA			

Figure 3-15. Modify SMI ID Form

HP250.2.1. GLM2f4	. 98.0	MOD	GENERAL LEDG IFY SMI IDENT		Date: 01/31/80
ULMZT 4	Entity 1000	REC	REATIONAL BIO	YCLES DIV.	
Account	Account Type		Descri	ption	
	Limb/Capital	ACC	DUNTS PAYABLE	E-VENDORS	
3 Long Te	Debt Limbilities rm Debt rm Limbilities ble Limbilities		8 9 10		 SM1 Identifier <u>0003</u>
_	ter the account dentifier has b			ount 2000.	 EXIT
	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>		

Figure 3-16. SMI ID Form With SMI ID Displayed

FORMAT MAINTENANCE

The format position data controls the manner in which the balance sheet and income statement are organized. The Format Maintenance functions are used to add, modify, delete, and list format positions (see Figure 3-17).

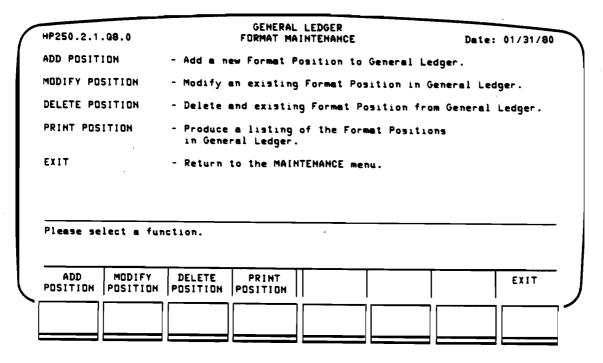


Figure 3-17. Format Maintenance Menu

Choose the function you wish to perform by selecting the appropriate softkey.

Adding Format Positions

Ordinarily, a list of format positions will have been prepared when your system was set up, and you will be given this list to use when adding accounts. But you will occasionally need to add a new format position.

To add a new format position, select ADD POSITION, and enter the new format position number (up to 4 digits). Then fill in the form that is displayed (Figure 3-18).

	Format Position		
•	Position Description	n	
	Summation Position		
	Format Position Type	e [
	Normal Balance	(D=Debit; C=Credit)	
	Summation Level	_	

Figure 3-18. Add Format Position Form

Fill in the fields as follows (* denotes required input):

Position Description Enter the description of accounts with this format position.

Summation Position Enter the format position th

Enter the format position that this format position sums into. 0000 (the highest level of summation) will be assumed if

this field is left blank.

*Format Position Type Enter a "1" if this format position is used when preparing

the balance sheet, or "2" if it is used when preparing the income

statement.

*Normal Balance Enter "D" (debit) or "C" (credit)

for the normal balance of accounts with this format

position.

When the form is completed, press PROCESS DATA. The system checks for input errors, assigns the summation level, and enters this format position in the data base.

Press EXIT to return to the Format Maintenance Menu.

Modifying Format Positions

To modify the data for an entered format position, select MODIFY POSITION. The data stored for that position is displayed, and you are directed to make the necessary modifications. Tab over those fields that are correct as displayed, and make changes to those fields that are incorrect. Press PROCESS DATA when all fields are correct, and the modifications (after being checked for input errors) will be entered in the data base.

You are not allowed to modify the format position number itself. (The only way to do this is to delete it and add a new number with the same description.) Nor are you allowed to modify the summation position at Summation Level 01.

Press EXIT at any time to return to the Format Maintenance Menu.

Deleting Format Positions

To delete an existing format position, select DELETE POSITION, and enter the format position number when requested.

The data stored for that format position number will be displayed, and you will be asked to confirm that this is the format position you wish to delete.

If you answer "Y", the format position will be deleted, and a message will be displayed to inform you that the deletion has been carried out.

If you answer "N", you are asked again to enter the format position number you wish to delete.

You may not delete a format position if other format positions sum into it (you must delete them first), or if that position is used by any account in the system.

Printing Format Positions

You can print the information stored for one or more format positions by selecting PRINT POSITION. A list of options is displayed for your consideration:

Change the printer or start the listing on some page other than page one, if these options are applicable.

Select CONTINUE to specify the range of format positions you wish to include in the listing. Fill in the starting and ending format position numbers on Figure 3-19.

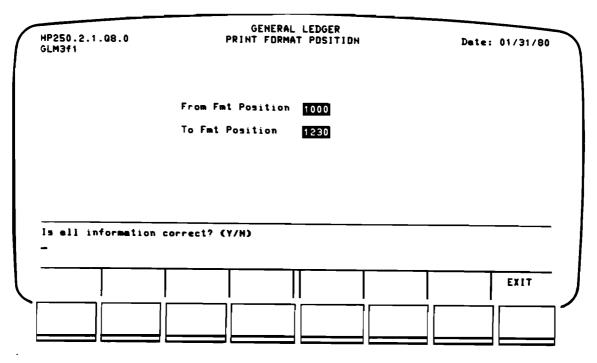


Figure 3-19. Format Position Range Form

To list the data for all entered format positions, leave this form blank and press PROCESS DATA.

To list the data for one format position only, enter that position number in the From Format Position field, and leave the rest of the form blank.

To list the data for a range of format positions, enter the starting number in the From Format Position field, and the ending number in the To Format Position field.

The Format Maintenance Report (Figure 3-20) lists the following information for each format position number:

- 1. Format Position Description
- Summarization Position the format position this
 position sums into. 0000 is the highest
 summarization position.
- 3. Summarization Level shows the level at which this format position is reported (01 = most summarized.) For example, ASSETS would appear on even the most detailed report, and so on as far as your company decides to go (maximum 07).

- 4. Used in Report shows whether this format position is used in constructing the balance sheet or income statement.
- Normal Balance shows whether the normal balance for accounts with this format position is debit ("D") or credit ("C").

		FIN250 DENO BICYCLE COMPANY FORMAL POSITION MAINTENANCE					
FORMAT POSITION	FORMAT POSITION DESCRIPTION	SUMMARIZATION POSITION	SUMMARIZATION LEVEL	USED IN REPORT	NORMAL BALANCI		
1000	ASSETS	8000	01	Balance Sheet	D		
1100	CURRENT ASSETS	1000	02	Balance Sheet	D		
1110	CASH	1100	83	Balance Sheet	D		
1112	CASH IN BANK-GENERAL (CENTRAL)	1110	04	Balance Sheet	D		
1114	CASH IN BANK-PAYROLL (CENTRAL)	1110	04	Balance Sheet	D		
1116	CASH IN BANK-OTHER (UNITED)	1110	04	Balance Sheet	D		
1110	PETTY CABH (18T NATIONAL)	1110	84	Balance Sheet	D		
1120	ACCOUNTS RECEIVALBLE	1100	03	Balance Sheet	D		
1122	A/R	1120	04	Balance Sheet	D		
1140	ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCT'S	1120	04	Balance Sheet	D		
1150	NOTES RECEIVABLE	1100	03	Balance Sheet	D		
1200	FIXED ASSETS	1000	02	Balance Sheet	D		
1210	LAND	1208	03	Balance Sheet	D		
1220	BUILDING	1200	03	Balance Sheet	D		
1230	HACHINERY	1200	03	Balance Sheet	D		

Figure 3-20. Format Maintenance Report

While the report is printing, three options are available:

- 1. RESTART REPORT stops printing the report and restarts at a specified page number.
- HALT REPORT stops printing the report, but continues where it left off when you press CONTINUE REPORT.
- 3. EXIT returns immediately to the Report Menu. If you still want to print this report, you must start all over again.

After printing, you can restart the report, or EXIT to the Format Maintenance Menu.

A parameter file is required for each entity before any transactions can be entered for that entity. This file contains four pieces of information: the Year-to-date Profit and Loss account number, the Retained Earnings account number, and the report breaks for the Account Balances Report and the Cost Center Reports.

The YTD Profit and Loss account is used by the system to maintain the year-to-date profit (or loss) amounts. You may not post transactions directly to this account.

The ending balance of the YTD Profit and Loss account is transferred into the Retained Earnings account at the end of the year. You are allowed to post directly to this account.

The report breaks are used to indicate where sub-totals and breaks occur in the Account Balances or Cost Center Reports. The break number is a one, two, three, or four digit code that indicates which digits in the account number are to be used to break for sub-totals.

The Parameter Maintenance Menu lists and describes the functions available to maintain an accurate parameter file (see Figure 3-21.)

HP250.2.1.98.0	GENERAL LEDGER PARAMETER MAINTENANCE	Date: 01/31/80
ADD PARAMETER	- Add a Parameter file to a General Le	dger Entity.
MODIFY PARAMETER	- Modify a Parameter file for a Genera	l Ledger Entity.
DELETE PARAMETER	- Delete the Parameter file for a Gene	ral Ledger Entity.
PRINT PARAMETER	 Produce a listing of the Parameter f Ledger Entities. 	iles for General
EXIT	- Return to the MAINTENANCE menu.	
Please select a	function.	
ADD MODII	Y DELETE PRINT	EXIT
1 11		

Figure 3-21. Parameter Maintenance Menu

Choose the function you wish to perform by selecting the appropriate softkey.

Adding Parameters

To supply parameters for a newly-entered entity, select ADD PARAMETER. Figure 3-22 is displayed, and you are asked to enter the entity number.

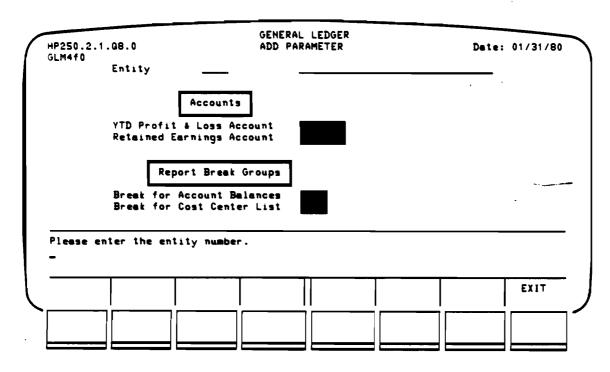


Figure 3-22. Add Parameter Form

Fill in the fields as follows (* denotes required input);

* Year to Date Profit and Loss Account

Enter the account number to be used to maintain the year-to-date profit (or loss) figures. Once the number is entered here, you may not post to the account directly. This account must be coded Type 2 (Liability/Capital).

* Retained Earnings
Account

Enter the account number to be used at year-end to transfer the profit (or loss) figures. This account must be coded Type 2 (Liability/Capital).

Break for Account Balances

Enter, as a one-to-four digit code, the digits of the account number you want to be used to set sub-totals. Example: 1 means only when the first digit

changes, 13 means when the first and third digit change, and 1234 means when any digit changes. The numbers in the code must be ascending order from left to right, e.g., 1234 is all right, but 4321 would not be accepted.

Break for Cost Center List

Enter a one-to-four digit code in exactly the same way to indicate the digits of the account number you want used to set sub-totals in the Cost Center Reports.

When the form is completed, press PROCESS DATA. The system checks for input errors, and enters the data into the parameter file for the specified entity.

Press EXIT to return to the Parameter Maintenance Menu.

Modifying Parameters

To modify an existing parameter file, select MODIFY PARAMETER. Enter the entity number as requested, and the currently stored parameter data will be displayed. If you modify either of the two account numbers, the new account(s) must still be Type 2 (Liability/Capital), and the balance of the new account must be exactly the same as the old account. Make necessary modifications to the account numbers or the report break codes, then press PROCESS DATA and the modifications will be entered in the parameter file.

Press EXIT at any time to return to the Parameter Maintenance Menu.

<u>Deleting Parameters</u>

If you are going to delete an entity, you must first delete the parameter file for that entity. Before deleting the parameter file, you must delete the accounts entered in it, and you must post or purge all pending transactions. When all conditions have been met, select DELETE PARAMETER from the Parameter Maintenance Menu, and enter the entity number as requested. The parameter data for that entity will be displayed, and you will be asked to confirm if this is the data you want to be deleted.

If you answer "Y", the parameter data will be deleted and a message will be displayed to inform you that the deletion has been carried out.

If you answer "N", you are asked again to enter the entity number whose parameter you want to delete.

Press EXIT at any time to return to the Parameter Maintenance Menu.

Printing the Parameter File Contents

To print the contents of the parameter file, select PRINT PARAMETER. A list of options is displayed for your consideration.

Change the printer or start the listing on a page other than page one, if suitable for your situation. Otherwise, select CONTINUE to specify the entities whose parameter files you wish to print. Fill in the starting and ending entity numbers as follows:

To list the parameter data for all entities, leave this form blank.

To list the data for one entity, enter that entity number in the From Entity field.

To list the data for a range of entities, enter the lowest number in the range in the From Entity field, and the highest number in the range in the To Entity field.

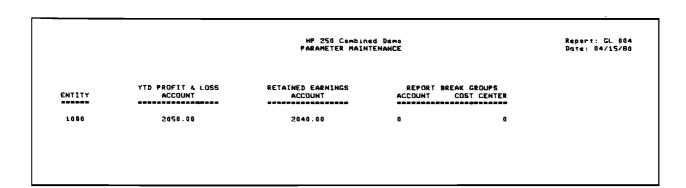


Figure 3-23. Parameter Maintenance Report

Figure 3-23 shows a sample report, listing the four parameters for each entity reported.

COST CENTER MAINTENANCE

FIN/250 General Ledger allows you to identify cost centers within a given entity to be used as "locations" for cost accounts. This provides an additional level of detail for reporting purposes.

The Cost Center Maintenance functions are used to add, modify, delete, and print cost centers currently in the system (see Figure 3-24.)

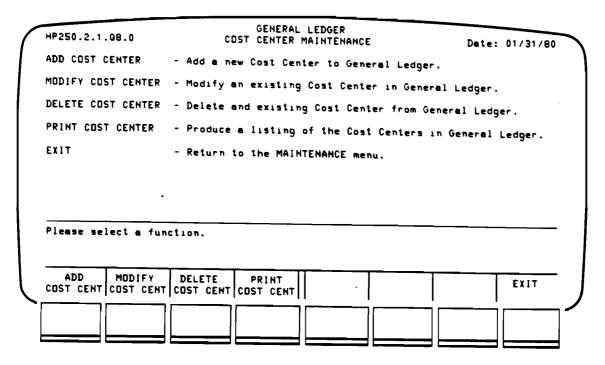


Figure 3-24. Cost Center Maintenance Menu

Choose the function you wish to perform by selecting the appropriate softkey,

Adding Cost Centers

Select ADD COST CENTER and enter the entity number when it is requested. Figure 3-25 is displayed:

HP250.2.1.Q8.0 GLM5f0	GENERAL ADD COST	LEDGER CENTER	Date: 01/31/80
Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYC	LES DIV.
Cost Center Number			
Cost Center Description			
Cosi Center Budget			
Please enter the cost center	number.		EXIT
Please enter the cost center	number.		

Figure 3-25. Add Cost Center Form

The fields should be filled in as follows:

Cost Center Number Enter a number between 1 and 9999.

Cost Center Description Enter a description or label for

this Cost Center (e.g., Marketing)

(up to 30 characters)

Cost Center Budget Enter the dollar amount for the

current year's budget for this

Cost Center.

When the form is completed, press PROCESS DATA. The system checks for input errors, then enters the Cost Center in the data base.

Press EXIT to return to the Cost Center Maintenance Menu.

Modifying Cost Centers

To modify an existing Cost Center, select MODIFY COST CENTER. Enter the entity number and Cost Center number as they are requested, and the data for that Cost Center is displayed. Make modifications as needed to the description and budget. You may not modify the Cost Center number itself. When all modifications have been made, press PROCESS DATA, and the modifications will be entered in the data base.

Pressing EXIT at any time returns you to the Cost Center Maintenance Menu.

Deleting Cost Centers

You may, on occasion, wish to delete a Cost Center from the system. Cost Centers cannot be deleted if there are active transactions associated with this number.

Select DELETE COST CENTER, and enter the entity number and the Cost Center as they are requested. The data for that Cost Center will be displayed, and you will be asked to confirm if this is the data you want to be deleted.

If you answer "Y", the system checks to see if it can be deleted, and if so deletes it. A message will be displayed informing you that the deletion has been carried out.

If you answer "N", you are asked again for the entity number and Cost Center number.

Press EXIT at any time to return to the Cost Center Maintenance Menu.

Printing Cost Centers

To print a list of Cost Centers for one or more entities, select PRINT COST CENTER. A list of options is displayed for your consideration.

Change the printer or start the listing somewhere other than page one, if these options are suitable in your situation. Otherwise select CONTINUE to specify the range of entities and Cost Centers to be reported.

To list all Cost Centers for all entities, leave this form blank.

To list all Cost Centers for one entity, enter the entity number in the From Entity field, and leave the rest blank.

To list a range of Cost Centers from one entity, enter the starting and ending Cost Center number in the From Cost Center field and the To Cost Center field, respectively. To list a range of Cost Centers from a range of entities, enter the starting and ending Cost Center numbers and entity numbers in the From and To fields, as appropriate.

		Report: GL 00 Date: 01/31/8		
ENTITY	COST CENTER	DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	
1000	1100	HARKETING HANAGER	50,000.00	
1000	1200	PRODUCT HANAGER	50,000.00	
1000	1300	SALES DEVELOPEMENT	40,000.00	
1000	1400	ACCOUNTING MANAGER	60,000.00	
1000	1500	R & D MANAGER	60,000.00	
1000	1600	PROJECT ENGINEERING I	40,000.00	
1000	1700	PROJECT ENGINEERING II	40,000.00	
1000	1800	PROJECT ENGINEERING III	40,000.00	
1000	1900	PERSONNEL MANAGER	20,000.00	
1000	2000	HANAUFACTURING MANAGER	80,000.00	

Figure 3-26. Cost Center Maintenance Report

Figure 3-26 shows a sample report, listing the entity, Cost Center number, and budget for each Cost Center reported.

TRANSACTIONS

The majority of your General Ledger activities will involve transactions—entering them, manipulating them while they are in the pending file, and posting them to the General Ledger data base.

FIN/250 General Ledger is a powerful and flexible tool that handles every General Ledger transaction quickly and accurately. Every batch of transactions (journal entry) is required to balance—and it is checked both when it is entered and when it is posted to make sure that it does. Not only is your General Ledger never out of balance, but you can detect and correct any transaction imbalance as soon as it is entered.

The Transaction Menu describes the seven transaction handling functions provided by your system (See Figure 4-1.)

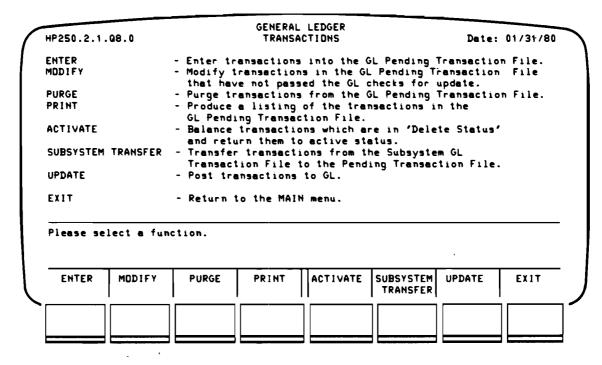


Figure 4-1. Transactions Menu

Choose the function you wish to perform by pressing the appropriate softkey.

ENTERING TRANSACTIONS

The most common transaction function is simply entering the transactions generated during the course of a business day. Your FIN/250 General Ledger system was designed to meet your needs in all transaction entry situations. Six different ways of entering transactions are provided, as described on the Enter Transactions Menu (Figure 4-2.)

HP250.2.1	.08.0			LEDGER NSACTIONS		Date: 01/31/80
	ENTRY NTRY ENTRY VE ENTRY	- Enter a - Enter a - Enter a	: menuel tre : trensectio : trensectio : retroactiv	nsection end n with e for n end its re e transaction	d its offse rward Effec eversing tr on to Gener	ansaction.
EXIT				SACTIONS me		•
		_				
Please se	lect a func	tion.				
STANDARD ENTRY	AUTOMATIC ENTRY	FORWARD ENTRY	REVERSING ENTRY	RETROACTV ENTRY	MEMD Entry	EXIT
			·		 -	<u>_</u>
	1		11	1		

Figure 4-2. Enter Transactions Menu

Choose the mode of entry you wish to use by pressing the corresponding softkey.

Transactions are entered into the system and posted to the accounts in two distinct steps. When they are entered, using one of the six entry modes, they are placed in a Pending Transaction file. Then, a separate UPDATE function actually posts them to the General Ledger data base.

The Enter Transaction Form

The same form (see Figure 4-3) is used for all six entry modes, with slightly different input expected depending on the mode you are using. Each time the form is displayed, some of the fields are already filled in with information known or assigned by the system.

HP250.2.1.08.	0	GENERAL LEDGER Standard Journal En	NTRY	Date:	01/31/80
Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	S DIV.		
Journal Ref	GL01311000	Current Period Ends	01/31/80		
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date		(Standard en	try)
Account		Offset Acct			
Trans Amount		Dr/Cr Description			
Cost Center		Project No.			
Control Sum		Remaining Amount			
Process	te this form			CONTROL	EXIT
DATA	I		<u>'</u>	SUM	

Figure 4-3. Sample Entry Form

Journal Reference Number

One of the fields is the journal reference number, a unique number assigned by the system to each batch of transactions entered in the system. This number consists of four parts, as follows:

GL 0101 1 010

the GL refers to General Ledger, the next four numbers represent the month and day, the next number tells the User ID number used when entering it, and the last three numbers are assigned in sequence by the system.

The journal reference number remains with the journal entry entered under it for as long as those transactions are in the data base. Any further activity such as modifying the transaction will only be accepted if you know the journal reference number. If the transactions should be purged, the same number will not be reassigned to another journal entry.

The two output fields that are boxed in also require some explanation.

Remaining Amount

The Remaining Amount field displays the amount you need to enter at this time to complete the transaction or batch of transactions by bringing the sum of debits and credits to 0. A "C" or "D" after the amount indicates whether a credit or debit entry is needed. When you have finished entering the transaction or batch, this field <u>must</u> equal zero or the transaction will not be accepted. A message will be displayed to that effect:

The last	bat	ch of en	tries i	out	of balance.	Do yo	ou wish to	exit? (Y/	H)
HARNING:	ALL	ENTRIES	IN THE	LAST	BATCH CURNL	REF GL	.04013001)	MILL BE D	ELETED.
									EXIT
	ir			┑┝				<u>'</u>	
	[

If you exit without balancing the transaction, all entries associated with that journal reference number will be placed in delete status. They appear in the Pending Transaction file, but are not included in the totals, and cannot be posted until you use the ACTIVATE function to balance them.

Control Sum

The Control Sum field and softkey allow you to reconcile the entered debits or credits with a batch total that has been previously prepared. This batch total can be as simple as an adding machine tape of a group of transactions.

Select the CONTROL SUM softkey and enter the batch total amount. The journal reference number will not be allowed to zero out until this total is reached.

Standard Entry

You will use the standard entry mode for a large percentage of the transactions you enter in your system. You can use this entry mode to enter a single transaction, usually with more than one offsetting account, or to enter a group of transactions that you wish to be grouped together for reporting purposes.

When you make a standard entry, you enter both sides of the transaction—first one side, then the other. Similarly, when you enter a batch of transactions together, you have to enter all the debits and all the credits (see Entering Multiple Transactions as a Batch, below).

To enter transactions in this way, select STANDARD ENTRY from the Enter Transactions Menu. The entry form common to all entry modes is displayed for you to fill in (see Fig. 4-3).

Enter the entity number as requested, and the journal reference number will be displayed, along with the current period ending date, the entered date, and the effective date (both will be today's date for this kind of entry.)

Fill in the rest of the form for the debit (or credit) side of the transaction, as follows (* denotes required input):

*Account Enter the account number for this transaction

Offset Account

Skip this field for a standard entry. If you choose to enter an account number here, the system will verify that it is a valid

account number.

*Transaction Amount Enter the amount of the entry to

this account.

*Debit/Credit Enter "D" if this is a debit

entry, or "C" if it is a credit

entry.

Description Enter a description of this

transaction.

is a Cost Account.

Project Number Enter the project number, if

applicable.

When you have entered all the data, press PROCESS DATA. The system will check for input errors, then display the identical form for you to fill out for the credit (or debit) side of the transaction.

When entering a batch of transactions, it doesn't matter whether you enter debits or credits first, since you indicate which it is in the field, and you are not prevented from intermingling debits and credits, but there is a pratical reason for not doing so. Any time the sum of all your entered debits and credits equals zero, the General Ledger system assumes that the batch is completed, and assigns a new journal reference number to the next entry. So if your intent is to keep a group of like transactions together for easy reference, the recommended procedure is to enter all the debits first, then all of the credits. Or, you can also use the Control Sum feature to prevent the batch from being accepted until you are ready to close it out.

Example: Yesterday was the payroll cut-off date for the marketing department of your company. You want to debit the salary cost account (Account 6250) for the marketing department (Cost Center 1100), credit the factory payroll tax cost account the amount due for withholding and FICA, and credit the accrued salaries account (Account 2030) with the net amount to be paid.

Figures 4-4, 4-5, and 4-6 show the appropriate entries for this transaction.

HP250.2.1.08.6)	GENERAL LEDGER Standard Journal En	TRY	Date: 01/31/80
	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	DIV.	
Journal Ref	GL01311002	Current Period Ends	01/31/80	
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	01/31/80	(Standard entry)
Account	6250	Offset Acct		
Trans Amount	10682.14	Dr/Cr D Description	PAYROLL	
Cost Center	1100	Project No.		
Control Sum		Remaining Amount		
_		HE LAST BATCH (JRNL RE	-	00) WILL BE DELETED.
				EXIT
				-

Figure 4-4. Debit Entry for Payroll

HP250.2.1.08.	0	GENERAL LEDGER Standard Journal En	ITRY	Date	: 01/31/80
Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	DIV.		
Journal Ref	GL01311002	Current Period Ends	01/31/80		
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	01/31/80	(Standard e	ntry)
Account	6240	Offset Acct			
Trans Amount	1068.21	Dr/Cr C Description			
Cost Center	1100	Project No.			
Control Sum		Remaining Amount	10.68	2.14 C	
Is all inform	mation correc	1? (Y/N)			EXIT
				[E
	11				7

Figure 4-5. Credit Entry for Payroll Taxes

HP250.2.1. 08. GLT1f0	0	STANDARD JO	. LEDGER Durnal en	TRY	Date	01/31/8
Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL	BICYCLES	DIV.		
Journal Ref	GL01311002	Current Perio	od Ends	01/31/80		
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Dat	te	01/31/80	(Standard er	ntry)
Account	2030	Off:	set Acct			
Trans Amount	9613.93	Dr/Cr C Desc	cription	NET PAYRO	LL-MARKETING	
Cost Center		Pro	ject No.			
Control Sum		Remaining	Amount	9.61	3.93 C	
Is all inform	mation correc	t? (Y/H)				
-						EXIT

Figure 4-6. Credit Entry for Net Salary Amount

Note that the Remaining Amount field is filled in once the debit side is entered, and that the subsequent credit entry (Fig. 4-5) reduces that amount. This field must go to 0 when you are finished with the transaction, or the entire transaction will be put in delete status until it is placed in balance.

Automatic Entry

You will use the automatic entry mode to enter transactions with one equal debit and credit only. In this case, you enter one side of the transaction, and the system automatically prepares and enters the offsetting entry.

Select AUTOMATIC ENTRY from the Enter Transaction Menu, and the entry form appears, exactly as for a standard entry except that the words "Automatic Entry" appear after the Effective Date field.

Enter the entity number as requested, and the journal reference number will be displayed, along with the current period ending date, the entered date, and the effective date (both today's date for an automatic entry).

Fill out the form for one side of the transaction exactly as described for a standard entry, except that the offset account number must be entered. Also, a cost account is not allowed as the offset account; if a cost account is to be the offset, enter the other side of the transaction so the cost center number can be included.

When the form is complete, press PROCESS DATA and the system generates the other side of the transaction and places both entries in the Pending Transaction file.

Example: Several payments have been received from customers, totaling \$2,362.14. You want to debit the Cash Account (Account 1050) and credit Accounts Receivable (Account 1200).

Figure 4-7 shows the single automatic entry that accomplishes this task.

Note that the Remaining Amount field is blank in this case, since the system takes care of balancing the transaction.

The Pending Transaction file shows the two entries made by this entry mode (see Figure 4-8.)

4P250.2.1. 08. GLT1 f 1	0	GENERAL LEDGER AUTOMATIC JOURNAL EN	NTRY	Date: 01/31/80
ntity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	DIV.	
Journal Ref	GL01311003	Current Period Ends	01/31/80	
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	01/31/80	(Automatic entry)
Account	1050	Offset Acct	1200	
Trans Amount	2362.14	Dr/Cr Description	CUSTOMER	PAYMENTS
Cost Center		Project No.		
Control Sum		Remaining Amount		
Is all inform	ation correc	t? (Y/N)		
1				EXIT
				<u> </u>

Figure 4-7. Automatic Entry

1000 1000	1050.00 1200.00	1200.00 1050.00	2,362.14	2,362.14	01/31/80 01/31/80 01/31/80 01/31/80	CUSTOMER PAYMENTS CUSTOMER PAYMENTS	GL01311001 AL GL01311001 At
** ENTITY	1000 **		5,562.14	5,562.14			

Figure 4-8. Automatic Entry Transaction Listing

Reversing Entry

A reversing entry is used to make a temporary entry so that financial statements at the end of a reporting period (month-end or year-end) reflect the company's true situation at that time. Then the entry is reversed immediately after rolling over into the new period.

For a reversing entry, you enter both sides of the transaction whenever appropriate in the current period, and the system prepares and enters reversing entries for the first day of the next period.

To use this entry mode, select REVERSING ENTRY, and enter the entity number as requested.

The journal reference number, current period ending date, entered date, and effective date will be displayed on the entry form that appears.

Fill out the form for both sides of the transaction, exactly as described for a standard entry. When the form is complete, press PROCESS DATA. The system checks for input errors, then enters this transaction and the system-generated reversing transaction in the Pending Transaction file.

Example: The Bond Insurance for the Accounting Department is prepaid on a yearly basis on March 1st, for the coverage period April 1 - March 31. When ending your fiscal year on January 31, 1980 you want to report only that portion of the \$1372.08 premium accountable for Fiscal Year 1979, even though the whole amount was entered as an expense in March of 1979. Therefore, you want to debit the Prepaid Insurance asset account (Number 1270) and credit the Insurance cost account (Number 6400) for Cost Center 1400 for the prorated amount of \$228.68 while you complete your year-end processing. Then you want to re-enter those amounts as of February 1st.

Figures 4-9 and 4-10 show the reversing entry that will do that for you.

HP250.2.1.08. GLT1f3	0	GENERAL LEDGER REVERSING JOURNAL EN	ITRY	Date: 01/31/80
Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	DIV.	
Journal Ref	GL01311004	Current Period Ends	01/31/80	
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	01/31/80	(Reversing entry)
Account	1270	Offset Acct	6400	
Trans Amount	228.68	Dr/Cr D Description	BOND INS	URANCE-ACCDUNTING
Cost Center		Project No.		
Control Sum		Remaining Amount		
Is all inform	ation correc	1? (Y/H)		
				EXIT
			_i	

Figure 4-9. Reversing Entry for Prepaid Insurance (Debit)

HP250.2.1.Q8.0 GLT1f3		GENERAL LEDGER REVERSING JOURNAL ENTRY		Date: 01/31/80	
Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	DIV.		
Journal Ref	GL01311004	Current Period Ends	01/31/80		
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	01/31/80	(Reversing	entry)
Account	6400	Offset Acct	1270		
Trans Amount	228.68	Dr/Cr C Description	BOND INS	URANCE-ACCDI	JNTING
Cost Center	1400	Project No.			
Control Sum		Remaining Amount	2;	28.68 C	
Is all inform	ation correc	t? (Y/H)			
					EXIT
	<u> </u>			\neg i $-$	-i

Figure 4-10. Reversing Entry for Prepaid Insurance (Credit)

The Pending Transaction file shows the following listing for this journal reference number:

360	1270.00	6400.00	228.68		01/31/80 01/31/80	BOND	INS. (PREPAID) - ACCTG	GL01311004
000 1400	6400.00	1270.00		228.68	01/31/80 01/31/80	BOND	INSURANCE-ACCOUNTING	GL01311004
000 1400	6400.00	1270.00	228.68		01/31/80 02/01/80	BOND	INSURANCE-ACCOUNTING	GL01311005
000	1270.00	6460.06		228.68	01/31/80 02/01/80	BOND	INSURANCE-ACCOUNTING	GL01311005

Figure 4-11. Reversing Entry Transaction Listing

You can see that the reversing entries have been generated by the system.

Retro-Active Entry

FIN/250 General Ledger offers a retro-active entry function to allow correcting entries to be made to previous accounting periods, even the previous fiscal year. When such an entry is made, the Year-To-Date Profit and Loss account and the Retained Earnings account are automatically adjusted.

The procedure for a retro-active entry is just like that for a standard entry: First, select RETROACTIVE ENTRY from the Enter Transactions Menu, then enter the entity number as requested.

The form common to all entry modes is displayed, with the journal reference number, current period ending date, and entered date filled in. Enter the effective date of the transaction, then fill out the rest of the form for the debit (or credit) side of the transaction exactly as described for a standard entry.

When the form is complete, press PROCESS DATA, and enter the other side of the transaction in the same way. The system checks for input errors, then enters the transaction in the Pending Transaction file. When the transaction is posted, the Year-To-Date Profit and Loss account and Retained Earnings account will be adjusted accordingly.

Example: Even though your fiscal year ended January 31, the books for that year were not audited until May. At that time, an error was found. The Accounts Receivable account was never debited for a customer payment. You are told to make a correcting entry for the \$962.17 payment.

Figures 4-12 and 4-13 show the two sides of the correcting entry.

0	GENERAL LEDGER RETROACTIVE JOURNAL E	INTRY	Date: 01/31/80
1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	DIV.	
GL01311006	Current Period Ends	05/12/80	
05/12/80	Effective Date	12/31/79	(Retro-active)
1200	Offset Acct	1050	
962.17	Dr/Cr D Description	CORRECTIN	G ENTRY-A/R
	Project No.		
	Remaining Amount		
ation correc	1? (Y/N)		
			EXIT
			EXIT
	1000 GL01311006 05/12/80 1200 962.17	RETROACTIVE JOURNAL E 1000 RECREATIONAL BICYCLES GL01311006 Current Period Ends 05/12/80 Effective Date 1200 Offset Acct 962.17 Dr/Cr D Description Project No.	RETROACTIVE JOURNAL ENTRY 1000 RECREATIONAL BICYCLES DIV. GL01311006 Current Period Ends 05/12/80 05/12/80 Effective Date 12/31/79 1200 Offset Acct 1050 962.17 Dr/Cr D Description CORRECTIN Project No.

Figure 4-12. Retroactive Correcting Entry (Debit)

HP250.2.1.08.	0	GENERAL LEDGER RETROACTIVE JOURNAL E	ENTRY	De	le: 01/31/80
Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	DIV.		
Journal Ref	GL01311006	Current Period Ends	05/12/80		
Entered Date	05/12/80	Effective Date	12/31/79	(Retro-ac	Live)
Account	1050	Offset Acct	1200		
Trans Amount	962.17	Dr/Cr Description	CORRECTION	IG ENTRY-A/	R
Cost Center		Project No.			
Control Sum		Remaining Amount	96	2.17 C	
Is all inform	mation correc	t? (Y/N)			
					EXIT
`				<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Figure 4-13. Retroactive Correcting Entry (Credit)

In the previous example, there is no change to the Year-To-Date Profit and Loss, so no adjustment is made by the system.

Forward Entry

The forward entry mode allows you to enter transactions to be posted during some future accounting period.

Use it to ensure posting of an expense or income that is predictable and repeating. When a forward entry is made, the transaction is held in the Pending Transaction file until the effective date arrives. Then it is posted like any other entered transaction.

To make a forward entry, select the softkey labeled FORWARD ENTRY from the Enter Transactions Menu, then enter the entity number as requested.

The form used for entering transactions is displayed, with the journal reference number, current period ending date, and entered date already filled in. Enter the date you wish this transaction posted in the Effective Date field, then fill out the rest of the form for the debit (or credit) side of the transaction exactly as described for a standard entry.

When the form is complete, press PROCESS DATA, then enter the other side of the transaction in the same way. The system checks for input errors, then enters the transaction in the Pending Transaction file, where it remains until the effective date.

Example: On February 17, the accountant hands you the building depreciation schedule for the fiscal year that began February 1st. You want to enter twelve transactions, one for each month in the year, in which you debit Account 4031 (Depreciation Expense) and credit Account 1311 (Building Depreciation) for \$5092. The entry for February is made using automatic entry mode.

Figure 4-14 is an example of one of the eleven forward entries for the rest of the depreciation schedule (the credit side of the transaction is made in the same way).

The transaction in this example will be posted on March 1st.

HP250.2.1.08.	0	GENERAL LEDGER FORWARD JOURNAL ENT	·RY	Date:	01/31/80
Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	DIV.		
Journal Ref	GL01311007	Current Period Ends	01/31/80		
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	03/01/80	(Forward)	
Account	4031	Dffset Acct	1311		
Trans Amount	5092.00	Dr/Cr D Description	BUILDING	DEPRECIATION	
Cost Center		Project No.			
Control Sum		Remaining Amount			
Is all inform	mation correc	t? (Y/N)			
					EXIT
					J

Figure 4-14. Forward Entry for Depreciation (Debit)

Memo Entry

The memo entry mode is the only way you can make entries to a memo account. If the memo accounts are formatted, they will appear on the balance sheet or income statement, as specified by their format position.

You might want to use a memo account to keep track of the shares of stock outstanding, current status of stock options, past financial histories (since FIN/250 General Ledger only provides one year), or contingent liabilities such as lawsuits.

To make an entry to a memo account, select MEMO ENTRY from the Enter Transactions Menu, then enter the entity number when requested.

The same form used to enter all other transactions is displayed, with the journal reference number, current period ending date, entered date, and effective date (the same in this case) already filled in. Fill out the rest of the form for the debit (or credit) side of the transaction exactly as described for a standard entry. Note that there is no cost center number on this form, and that the effective date can be in any period—forward, current, or retro-active.

When the form is complete, press PROCESS DATA, then enter the other side of the transaction in the same way. The system checks for input errors, then enters the transaction in the Pending Transaction file.

Example: Account 9030 is used by your company to keep track of the number of shares of stock outstanding at a given time. The account is formatted into the balance sheet to make it easy to figure the percentage of the company represented by each share of stock; and into the income statement to facilitate figuring the earnings per share.

Figure 4-15 shows a simple memo entry, reporting the sale of 10,000 shares of stock.

HP250.2.1.08.	0	GENERAL LEDGER MEMO JOURNAL ENTI	8Y	Date:	01/31/80
Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	DIV.		
Journal Ref	GL01311008	Current Period Ends	01/31/80		
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	01/31/80	(Memo entry)	
Account	9030	Offset Acct			
Trans Amount	1000	Dr/Cr D Description	EMPLDYEE	STOCK PURCHASE	
Control Sum		Project No. Remaining Amount			
Is all inform	ation correct	L? CY/N)			
			T		EXIT

Figure 4-15. Memo Entry (Debit Side)

Again, the balances of these memo accounts are not added into the assets or liabilities reported on the financial statements. Also, the balances are shown as if they were dollar figures—in the example, 10,000 is entered as if it were that many dollars (i.e., 10,000.00).

Once transactions are entered, the other functions contained in the Transactions Menu allow you to make changes and eventually to post the transactions to the appropriate accounts.

The MODIFY function is used to make corrections to transactions currently in the Pending Transactions file. (You cannot, of course, make modifications to a posted transaction—except by entering a correcting transaction.)

Use MODIFY to correct errors made when entering the transaction (a misspelling in the description, or an incorrect account number, for instance), or to modify transactions that are rejected by the posting function as inaccurate (such as a transaction passed from another subsystem with a bad account number).

Select the MODIFY softkey from the Transactions Menu, then change the printer selection if appropriate. Press CONTINUE to go on to actually modify transactions, or EXIT to return to the Transactions Menu.

If you choose CONTINUE, you are asked to enter the Journal Reference Number for the transaction you wish to modify. Figure 4-16 appears, with the data displayed for the first transaction associated with that reference number:

HP250.2.1.Q8.	0	GENERAL L Modify pending t		De	ate: 01/31/80
GLT2f1 Entity	1000	RECREATIONAL BI	CYCLES DIV.		
Journal Ref	GL01311004	Modified Date	01/31/	80	
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	01/31/	′80	
Account	1270.00	Offset	t Acct 6400.	0 0	
Trans Amount	228.68	Dr/Cr <u>D</u> . Descri	iption BOND	INSURANCE-ACC	DUNT I NG
Cost Center	_	Penin	ct No.		
COST CENTER		rioje	Ct 110.		
Please comple	ete this form.				EXIT
Please comple	ete this form.				EXIT

Figure 4-16. Modify Transaction Form

You can modify the account numbers, the description, and the cost center and project numbers if the transaction involves a cost account. If you modify an account number or cost center for the debit side of a transaction, be sure to verify the credit side to make sure any necessary modifications are made there, as well. Please note that you can never modify the amounts.

Each time you modify the form, press PROCESS DATA when the modifications are complete for the data that is displayed. An audit trail is printed as you are making these modifications, with two lines of inforantion for each transaction that is modified. The first line lists the transaction as it was originally entered and the second lists it with the modifications (see Figure 4-17.) Transactions that have been modified in this way will be labeled on the Posting Journal.

					FIN250 D PENDING TRA	EMO Bicyc: NSACTIONS	le Company MODIFICAT	IONS	Report: 0:		
PENDI	NG TRAN	BACTIONS	MODIFIED	BY JOURNAL REFE	RENCE (LINE 1:	OR ICINAL.	/LINE 2: P	IODIFIED TO)			
ENT- ITY	COST CENTER	ACCOUNT	OFFSET ACCOUNT	DE817	CREDIT	ENTERED DATE	EFFECTVE DATE	TRANSACTION DESCRIPTION	PRGJCT NUMBER	JOURNAL REFERENCE	1
.000		1270.00	6400.00	228.68		01/51/90	01/31/80	BOND INSURANCE -ACCOUNTING			_
 0		1270.00	6400.00	228.68			01/31/80	BOND INS. (PREPAID) - ACCTG		GL01311004 GL01311004	
1000	1400	6400.00	1270.00		228.64	01/31/80	01/31/88	BONO INSURANCE-ACCOUNTING		GL01311804	
***	TRANSAC	TION HODI	FICATIONS	TERMINATED				•			

Figure 4-17. Audit Trail Printed During Modify Function

When you complete the modifications for one journal reference number, enter another journal reference number to modify more transactions or press EXIT to return to the Transactions Menu.

PURGE TRANSACTIONS

To purge a transaction from the Pending Transactions file, select PURGE from the Transactions Menu, and change the printer selection if appropriate. Then press CONTINUE to go on to purge transactions, or EXIT back to the Transactions Menu.

Enter the entity number and journal reference number for the transaction you wish to purge. Figure 4-18 appears, filled out for the journal reference number you have indicated, and you are asked if you want to purge the transactions.

IP250.2.1.Q8.0 GLT3f1		GENERAL LEDGE PURGE PENDING TRANS		Date: 01/31/80
	<u>1000</u>	RECREATIONAL BICYCL	ES DIV.	
Journal Ref	GL01311008			
Entered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	01/31/80	
Transaction T	'ур е	ME - ACTIVE STATUS		
Number of tra	insactions	_2		
Purge the tre	nsactions in	n this Journal Refere	nce? (Y/N).	EXIT
Purge the tre	insactions in	n this Journal Refere	nce? (Y/N).	EXIT

Figure 4-18. Purge Transaction Form

If you answer "Y", or "(blank)", all transactions for this journal reference number are purged from the Pending file.

If you answer "N", the system asks again for the entity and journal reference number.

As each transaction is purged, an audit trail is printed listing all the data entered for that transaction.

						le Company Ansactions		Report: Date: 0			
PURGED TRANSACTIONS BY JOURNAL REFERENCE											
NT- COST	ACCOUNT	OFFSET ACCOUNT	DEBTL	CREDIT	ENTERED DATE	EFFECTVE DATE	TRANSACTION DESCRIPTION	PROJET NUMBER	JOURNAL REFERENCE		
.000	9030.00		10,000.00		01/31/80	01/31/00	EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE		GL01311008		
000 ,	9030.00			10,000.00	01/31/60	01/31/80	EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE		GL01311008		
*** 411 TD	ANSACTIONS	IN JOURNA	AL REFERENCE 'G	L01311008' HAVE	BEEN PUR	CED					

Figure 4-19. Audit Trail Printed During Purge Function

When you are finished purging transactions, press EXIT to return to the Transactions Menu.

PRINT TRANSACTIONS

To list the transactions in the Pending Transactions file, or any subset of those transactions, select PRINT from the Transactions Menu.

The system displays four choices for you:

- (1) CHANGE PRINTER allows you to change the printer selection for this listing (this softkey will only be available if more than one printer is configured.)
- (2) RESTART REPORT allows you to specify a starting page other than page 1.
- (3) CONTINUE proceeds to the next step in producing this list.
- (4) EXIT returns to the Transactions Menu.

Press CONTINUE when you are ready to go on. Another menu appears for you to choose whether to modify the selection and sort criteria to be used when printing the transactions, or to produce the listing using the default criteria.

Select PRODUCE LISTING if you want to list all pending transactions, sorted first by entity, then by journal reference number, and finally by transaction amount (see Figure 4-20.)

FIN250 DEMO Bicycle Company Report: GL PENDING TRANSACTIONS Date: 01/31 SELECT/SORT OPTIONS LISTED ON LAST PAGE									GL 101 11/31/80	
SELECT/S	SORT OF	TIONS L	ISTED ON	LAST PAGE						
NT- CO	ITER 6	ACCOUN F	OFFSET ACCOUNT	DE8[(CREDIT	ENTERED DATE	EFFECTVE DATE	(RANGACTION DESCRIPTION NUMBER	JOURNAL REFERENCE	T P
000	a	2030.08	1060.00	5,100.00		01/01/00	02/01/00	PAID ACCRUED SALARIES (VACATH)	GLD1011002	F
.080	1	060.00	2030.00	2,200.00		01/01/80		PAID ACCRUED SALARIES (VACATH)	GL01011002	
000	1	1050.00	2000.00	50.00		01/01/80	01/27/80	REFUND FRUM OVERPAID VENDOR	GL01011003	R
.000	a	2000.00	1050.00		50.00	01/01/80	01/27/80	REFUND FROM OVERPAID VENDOR	GL01011003	
000	2	2000.00	1050.00	50.00		61/01/80	02/01/80	REFUND FROM OVERPAID VENDOR	GL01811084	R
000	1	050.00	2000.00		50.00	01/01/80	02/01/B0	REFUND FROM OVERPAID VENDOR	GL01011084	R
000	1	050.00		1,500.00*		01/01/80	01/01/80	TRANSFER OF FUNDS	GL01011007	
000								ADDED IN TOTALS; WILL NOT BE POSTED)		
	1	050.00			1,500.00*			TRANSFER OF FUNDS ADDED IN TOTALS; WILL NOT BE POSTED)	GL01011607	*
000 110		5250.00		10,682.14		01/31/80	01/31/80	PAYROLL	GL01311002	S
.000 110		200.00		•	1,068.21	01/31/80	01/31/80	PAYROLL TAXES-MARKETING	GL01311002	
000	2	2030.00			9,613.93	01/31/80	01/31/80	NET PAYROLL-MARKETING	GL01311002	s
.000		050,00	1200.00	2,362.14		01/31/80	01/31/80	CUSTOMER PAYMENTS	GL01311003	A
000	1	200.00	1050.00		2,362.14	01/31/80	01/31/80	CUSTOMER PAYMENTS	GL01311003	A

Figure 4-20. Pending Transactions Report all transactions

Select MODIFY SEL/SORT to list a subset of the transactions in this file, or to alter the order in which they are presented.

The SELECT screen comes up first (Figure 4-21.)

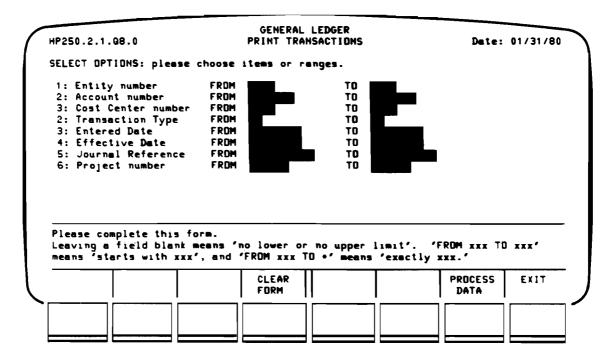


Figure 4-21. Select Screen for Print Transactions function

You can limit the range of transactions reported by entering FROM and TO values for any of the numbered items on the screen.

To report only one entity number, account number, etc., enter the desired number in the FROM field and a "*" in the TO field.

Example: Entity Number FROM 1000 to 2000 reports entities with numbers between 1000 and 2000.

If you want to begin again after entering some of the selections, press CLEAR FROM. Press PROCESS DATA when all range selections have been specified.

Optional Serts

Next, the SORT screen appears (Figure 4-22.)

You modify the order in which the transactions are printed by entering new sort criteria. Enter the first sort item number in the first field, and "A" or "D" to indicate whether it is to be sorted in ascending or descending order. Enter the second sort in the same way.

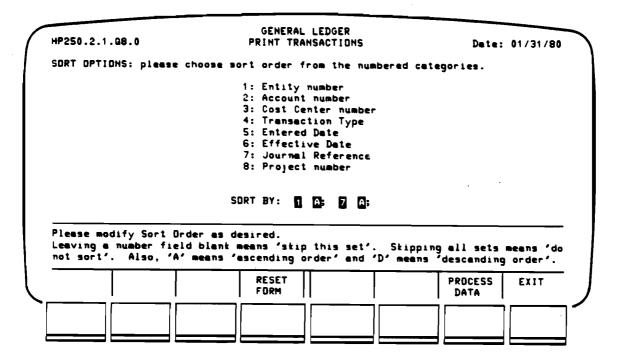


Figure 4-22. Sort Screen for Print Transactions Function

Example: SORT BY: 2A, 6A will list transactions sorted by account number and, when more than one transaction is listed for an account, by the effective date of each transaction.

Press PROCESS DATA when you have finished specifying the sort criteria, then press PRODUCE LISTING to print the transactions in the range you have specified.

While the list is being printed, four options are available. When the printing is completed, you can print it again by pressing PRODUCE LISTING (or specify different Selection/Sort Criteria by pressing MOD SEL/SORT), or EXIT to the Transactions Menu.

ACTIVATE TRANSACTIONS

When transactions that do not balance are entered, the entire batch is placed in Delete Status until it is put into balance. To enter a correction to balance the transaction (or batch of transactions), select ACTIVATE from the Transaction Menu. Enter the entity number and the journal reference number as requested, and the following form is displayed:

LTSf0 Intity	1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES	S DIV.	
•				
lournal Ref	GL01311010	Current Period Ends	01/31/80	
intered Date	01/31/80	Effective Date	01/31/80	
ccount		Offset Acct		
rans Amount		Dr/Cr Description		
Cost Center		Project No.		
Control Sum		Remaining Amount	90.00 €	A.
Please comple	ete this form		CONTRO	LEXIT
DATA		1	SUM	` `~^`'

Figure 4-23. Activate Transaction Form

The journal reference number, entered date, effective date, and date the current period ends are displayed on the form, along with the amount of the discrepancy (displayed in the remaining amount field.)

Enter the account number that the remaining amount is to be posted to, the offset account, and the amount. Press PROCESS DATA, and the correction will be added as a separate transaction for that journal reference number.

A message is displayed, informing you that the journal reference number has been balanced and placed in active status.

Note that a transaction in delete status is listed in the Pending Transaction report, but not included in the totals on the Pending Transaction Report.

SUBSYSTEM TRANSFER (Only available when integrated with other subsystems)

Transactions generated by activities within other integrated software modules (Accounts Payable, for instance) are transferred to the General Ledger Pending Transaction file using this function.

Select SUBSYSTEM TRANSFER from the Transactions Menu, and complete the forced system backup. Change the printer if you want the list of transactions to be printed on a printer other than the system printer. Then press the CONTINUE softkey and a list of the transactions awaiting transfer will be printed.

When the list has been printed, you are asked "Transfer these transactions to the General Ledger Pending Transaction file? (Y/N)"

If you answer "N", you return immediately to the Transactions Menu, and the transactions remain where they are.

If you answer "Y", the transactions are removed from the subsystem file, and transferred at once to the General Ledger. Then you return to the Transactions Menu.

UPDATE

The UPDATE function completes the transaction process by posting eligible pending transactions to the accounts in the General Ledger data base.

Start this function by selecting UPDATE from the Transactions Menu. Change the printer selection if appropriate for your situation, then press the CONTINUE softkey. The system remains busy for several seconds getting ready to perform this function—the steps it is going through are noted in the message window for your information.

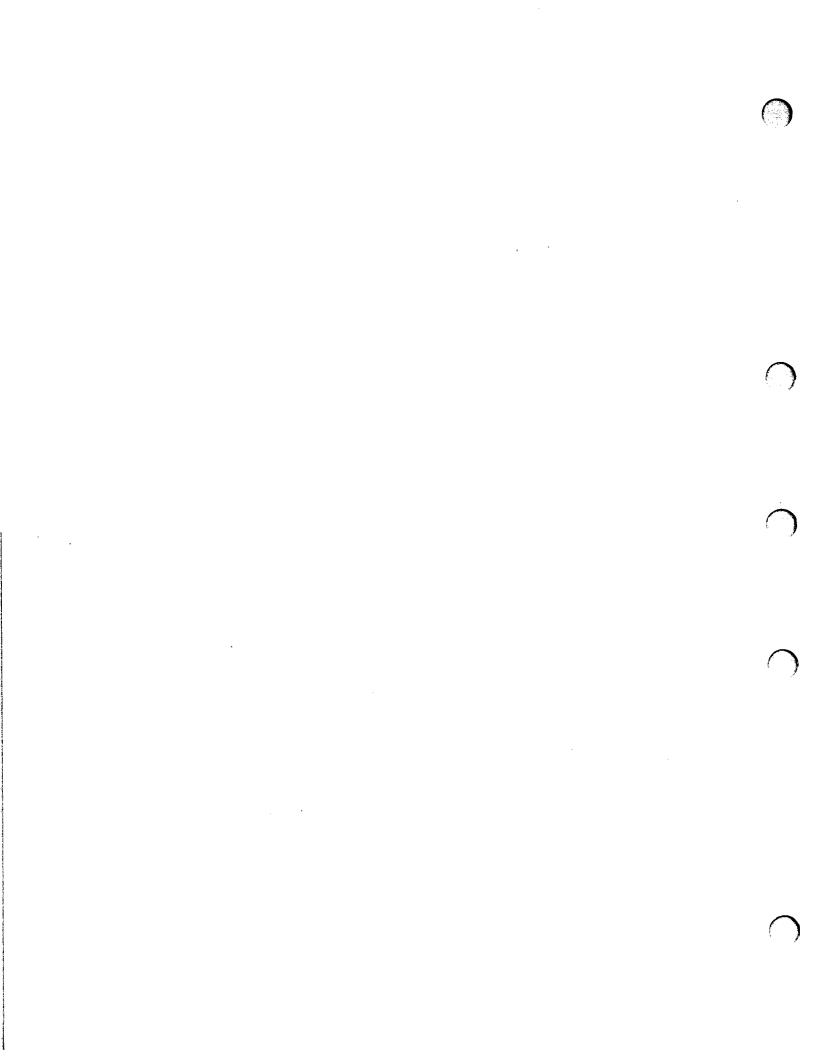
Next, the Pre-Posting Transaction Check is printed. You can HALT and CONTINUE if necessary, RESTART this report on a specified page, or EXIT altogether from the Update function while the report is printing. Review the Pre-Posting Report carefully, and make any necessary changes to the Pending Transactions file.

Next, if there were transactions that satisfied the pre-posting checks, the Posting Journal is printed. At this time, a message informs you how much room is left in the transaction file. Pay no attention to this unless the number approaches zero. If it does, consult your System Manager.

You may request another copy of the Posting Journal by pressing ANOTHER LISTING. Or you can proceed with posting the transactions by pressing POST. Before pressing this key, be sure that you have a good copy of the Posting Journal. Once the POST key is pressed, there is no turning back—no exit is allowed from the function—so be sure you are ready before beginning it. If Control Halt is used, or the power is turned off at this point, the information in the data base will no longer be valid and you will be forced to go back to your previous back—up set.

The system is busy for a few moments while it posts the transactions, then you return to the Transactions Menu. The posted transactions are now a permanent part of the General Ledger data base. The only way to correct an error is to enter and post a correcting entry.

If you are posting retro-active transactions, you will be prompted for the history disc for the period you are posting to. If you don't have a history disc for that period, you can create one (Chapter 6) or EXIT without updating the history file.



REPORTS

Accurate, up-to-the-minute reports are the cornerstone of a good accounting system. FIN/250 General Ledger includes o powerful reporting system to give you all of the common reports when you want them.

Six commonly requested reports are presented on the Report Menu, and a selection of format options makes it possible for you to have the report that best suits your company's needs.

In addition to the six essential reports, eleven other reports can be prepared as part of other functions of the General Ledger (Entity Maintenance, Account Maintenance, Format Position Maintenance, Parameter Maintenance, Cost. Center Maintenance, Pending Transactions, Pre-Posting Transactions Check, Posting Journal, Subsystem Transactions Transfer, Pending Transactions Modifications and Purge Pending Transactions). Finally, in addition to all of these reports, there is a detailed audit trail provided by an Extract of Accounts report printed at month-end. This report lists, account by account, every transaction posted in the accounting period.

To access the six standard reports, select the softkey labeled REPORTS on the Main Menu. The system responds with Figure 5-1.

Select the softkey for the report you wish to run.

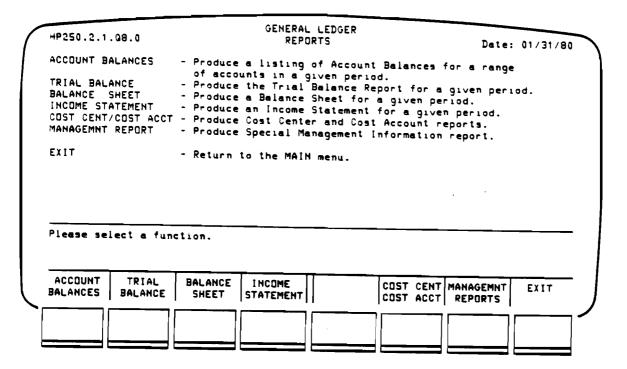


Figure 5-1. Report Menu

REPORTING OPTIONS

Once you have chosen a report, its list of options is displayed, along with an explanation of each option. Here is the list of options for the Account Balances Report (Report #1).

- 1. CHANGE PRINTER
- 2. RESTART REPORT
- 3. CONTINUE
- 4. EXIT

CHANGE PRINTER allows you to change the printing device for this report. Press the softkey, and all printers currently configured for your system are shown so you can choose the one you want to use. (This softkey is available only if more than one printer is configured.)

RESTART REPORT modifies the starting page of the report. You might, for instance, want to print the report starting on page 3. Press the softkey and enter 3 as the desired starting page.

CONTINUE brings up the next screen which contains a range selection form. You use this form to specify the entities, account numbers and period that will be reported. Each of these fields has a valid range of numbers which can be used.

Entity Range can be between 1 and 9999. The smaller number must be input first. Some reports ask for only one entity; this entity must be in the same range of values. To report all entities, leave both fields blank (the system assumes the highest and lowest values). If you leave the first field blank, the lowest value is assumed. If you leave the second field blank, only one entity is reported (the entity number in the first field.)

Account Number range is between 1000 and 9999.99. The numbers can be entered as either integers or real numbers (with decimal points). If you leave one or both of the fields blank, the system makes the same assumptions described for Entity Range.

Period covered by the report, whether for the current year, or the previous year can be between 1 and 12 (or 13 if using 13-period accounting.)

The EXIT option returns you to the Report Menu to choose another report or EXIT again to the Main Menu.

The four options described here are common to all six reports listed on the Report Menu. Some of the reports have additional special options. These special options are described in the detailed discussion of each report.

PRINTING INSTRUCTIONS

Each report contains a heading with the selection/sort criteria used in preparing the report, and then the report itself.

The column headings in these pages are self-evident. Where abbreviations are used, they are expanded in the detailed discussion of the report.

Four functions are always available while the report is printing:

- 1. RESTART REPORT stops printing the report and restarts at a specified page number.
- 2. HALT REPORT stops printing the report.

- CONTINUE REPORT resumes printing the report where it left off when HALT REPORT was pressed.
- 4. EXIT returns immediately to the Report Menu. If you still want to print this report, you must start all over again.

ACCOUNT BALANCES REPORT

1) Purpose

This report lists the beginning year balance, the year-to-date activity, and the ending balance for each account in the report. The report also shows the actual period activity for all the selected periods.

2) How To Obtain

Select the Account Balances Softkey from the Report Menu.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort: Account Number Entity

Optional range selections:
Entity
Account
Fiscal Year
Period

Special Considerations

This report can be printed for either the previous year or for the current year. In addition to the balances for each account, this report can produce sub-totals for groups of accounts. The groups are defined by the Account Break Identifier specified in the Parameter File (see Chapter 3.)

5) How to Read The report lists information for accounts that meet the selection and sort criteria.

The example shown here lists account numbers in the range 1000.00 to 1200.00 for Entity 1000, sorted by account number in ascending order, for the twelfth period of the previous year.

The first line for each account balance shows the account number, the entity number the account is associated with, a description of the account, the beginning balance of the account (in the current year) and actual activity of the account, by period, for all twelve periods.

The second line shows the year-to-date activity of the account.

The third line shows the ending balance of the account.

6) Sample Report

			FIN250 DEMO Bic ACCOUNT B				t: GL 201 01/31/80
ROM ACCOUNT	1000.00 T	O ACCOUNT 1200.00 FOR ENILLY	1000 FOR PERIOO	12 OF THE PREVIOU	S YEAR		
ENT-	COST		BEGIN BALANCE				
CCOUNT ITY		DESCRIPTION	YEAR TO DATE ENDING BALANCE	PERIODS: 01, 02, 03	PERIODS: 04, 05, 06	PERTODS	PERIODS:
	*-			EFEET223555555		07, 08, 09	10, 11, 12
.000.00 1000	0.5	TTY CASH (1ST NAT)					
.000.00 1000	Pt:	ITT CASH (1ST NAT)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.0
			3,716.47 3,716.47	0.00	0.00	8,00	0.00
			3,/10.4/	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,716.4
050.00 1000	CA	SH IN BANK-GENERAL (CENTRAL)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
			582,102.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
			582,102.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	582,102.49
060.00 1000	CA	SH IN BANK-PAYROLL (CENTRAL)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
			8,064.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
			8,066.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,066.19
070.00 1000	CA	SH IN BANK-OTHER (UNITED)	0.80	0.00			·
		SI IN BINER CITIER (CRITER)	102,500.52	0.00	0.00 8.00	0.00	0.00
		•	102,500.52	0.00	9.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 102,500.5
200.00 1000	Δſ	COUNTS RECEIVABLE	0,00				
	*10	SOURIS RECEIVABLE	2,784.85	500.00cr 0.00	0.00 9.00	0.00	0.00
			2,784.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
			2,704.03	0.00	u.ou	0.00	3,484.89

Figure 5-2. Account Balances Report

TRIAL BALANCE REPORT

i) Purpose

This report is designed to show that the system is in balance (debits equal credits), for all of the accounting periods.

2) How to Obtain

Select the Trial Balance softkey from the Report Menu.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort:
Account Number
Entity
Cost Center

Optional Sort:

Account Type - subtotals are produced for each account type with this option.

Optional Range Selections: Entity

Accounting Period - previous or current year can be used for the summary format, but only the current accounting period can be given in the detailed report.

4) Special Considerations

You have the choice of printing either a summary Trial Balance report, or a Detailed Trial Balance.

The Summary Trial Balance Report can be printed for any range of entities and any selected period in the current or previous year. This report can show all accounts in the system; their prior period ending balance, the selected period activity and the ending balance. If you choose to group the accounts by account type, sub-totals will be produced for each type. It is also possible to print only the summary information, leaving out the detailed account lines and printing only the subtotals and totals.

The Detailed Trial Balance Report is printed for one entity for the current accounting period. It shows the prior period ending balance,

the current period activity summarized from the transaction history by journal entry source, and the current period ending balance. You have the options of grouping all the transaction activity by transaction type, printing debits and credits for each type, or simply summarizing the report and skipping these subtotals.

5) How to Read

Normal Trial Balance Report

The example shown here is the most detailed of the summary formats with the data sorted by account number for the twelfth period of previous year. The data shown is for a single entity.

The first section of the report lists the selection and sort criteria.

The second part of the report lists the account number and the cost center with which it is associated, the account description, the prior period ending balance, the period activity, and ending balance.

The Adjusted Balance column is blank in this example. The Trial Balance Report works like a Normal Trial Balance Work Sheet, with Manual Adjustments penciled into the column provided, and entered as a regular transaction. The report is then updated with adjusted balances.

The third part of the report lists the total debits and credits for the prior period and current period.

Detailed Trial Balance Report
The example shown here is the most detailed form of the report. It summarizes the accounts of entity 1000 for the current period.

The first line for each account shows the account number, cost center, account description, journal entry

source (debit or credit), net activity (for the period), manual adjustments, and adjusted balance.

The second line of each entry shows the prior period ending balance listed as a debit or credit under Net Activity.

The third line for each account gives the Net Period-to-date activity by Journal sources and as a Net Activity.

The fourth line for each account shows the Ending Balance as a Net Activity (debit or credit.)

6) Sample Reports

			FI	N250 DEMO Bicycle Trial Balanc			Report: (Date: 01:	31/80 /31/80
NTITY 1	.000 FC	R PERIOD	12 OF THE PREVIOUS YEAR. (PERI	00 ENDS ON 12/31/7	9)			
CCOUNT	ENT- ITY	COST CENTER	DESCR [PTION	PRIOR PERIOD ENDING BALANCE	PERIOD ACTIVITY	ENDING BALANCE	MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS	ADJUSTED BALANCE
00.00	1000		PETTY CASH (131 NAT)	0.00	3,716.47	5,716,47		
150.00	1000		CASH IN BANK-GENERAL (CENTRAL)		582,102,45	582,102,45		
160.00	1000		CASH IN BANK-PAYROLL (CENTRAL)		8,066.15	8,066.15		
78,00	1000		CASH IN BANK-OTHER (UNITED)	0.00	102,500.52	102,510.52		
200.00	1000		ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	500.00cr	3,484.85	2,984.85		
10.00	1000		NOTES RECEIVABLE	0.00	204,903.35	204,903.35		
20.00	1000		ALLOW, FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS	0.00 500.00	173,780.25	173,730.25		
70.00			PREPAID INSURANCE	0.00	43,085.80cr 0.00			
00.00			LAND	0.00	705,480.69	0.00 705,430.69		
10.00	1000		BUILDING	0.00	509,264.33	509,264.33		
11.00	1000		BUILDING DEPRECIATION	0.00	0.00	0.00		
20.00	1000		MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	0.00	204,569.69	204,569.69		
00.00			ACCOUNTS PAYABLE-VENDORS	0.00	39,475.33cr	39,475.33cr		
20.00	1000		ACCOUNTS PAYABLE-OTHER	ō · ō ō	20,511.13cr			
25.00			NOTES PAYABLE EXCISE TAX	0.00	249,857.64cr			
30.00	1000		ACCRUED SALARIES & WAGES	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00		
40.00			RETAINED EARNINGS	0.00	172,809.25cr 1,935,072.74cr			
60.00			CITY TAX	0.00	7,025.44cr			
70.00	1000		STATE TAX	0.00	8,396.71cr			
180.00			OTHER TAX	0.00	1,634.71cr			
00,00	1000		SALES	0.00	0.00	0.00		
10.00	1000		SALES RETURNS & ALLOWANCES	0.00	0.00	0.00		
20.00	1000		DISCOUNTS EARNED	0.00	0.00	0.00		
100.00	1000 1000		PURCHASES CONTAINER EXPENSE	0.00	0.00	0.00		
07.00	1000		FREIGHT EXPENSE	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00		
10.00			COST OF GOODS SOLD	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00		
20.00	1000		SERVICE EXPENSE	0.00	0.00	0.00		
30.00	1000		SURCHARGE EXPENSE	0.00	0.00	0,00	_	
31.00	1000		DEPRECIATION	0.00	0.00	0.00	-,20	
40.00	1000		MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSE	0.00	0.00	0.00		puter
150.80 100.80	1000	4400	ACCRUED EXPENSES	0.00	0.00	0.00		
100.00	1000	1100 1400	RENT-EQUIPMENT RENT-EQUIPMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00	Mu	seum
00.00	1000	1500	RENT-EQUIPMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00		
00.00	1000	1900	RENT-EQUIPMENT	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	_	
00.00	1000	2000	RENT- EQUIPMENT	0.00	0.00	0,00 0,00		
.00,00	1000	1100	REPAIRS-BUILDING	0.00	0.00	0.00		
.00.00	1000	1400	REPAIRS-BUILDING	. 0.00	0.00	0.00		
.00.00	1000	1500	REPAIRS-BUILDING	0.00	0.00	0.00		
100.00	1000	1900	REPAIRS-BUILDING	0.00	0.00	0.00		
.00.00	1000	2000	REPAIRS-BUILDING	0.00	0.00	0.00		
200.00	1000	1100	FACTORY PAYROLL TAXES	0.00	0.00	0.00		
200.00	1000	1200 1300	FACTORY PAYROLL TAXES	0.00	0.00	0.00		
200.00	1000	1400	FACTORY PAYROLL TAXES FACTORY PAYROLL TAXES	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00		
200.00	1000	1500	FACTORY PAYROLL TAXES	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00		
200.00		1600	FACTORY PAYROLL TAXES	0.00	9,00	0.00		

Figure 5-3. Normal Trial Balance Report

			FIN258 DEMO DETAILED	Bicycle Company TRIAL BALANCE			:port: GL 2 ite: 01/31/	
ENTITY 1	L008 FQR	PERIOD 01 OF THE CURRENT YEAR.	(PERIOD ENDS ON	91/31/80)				
ACCOUNT	COST CENTER	DESCRIPTION	JOURNAL EN DEBIT	TRY SOURCE CREDIT	NET AC DEBIT	TIVITY CREDIT	JAUNAH Teuloa	ADJUSTED BALANCE
1000.00		PETTY CASH (1ST NAT)						
		PRIOR PERIOD ENDING BALANCE			3,716.47#			
		ST SOURCE	0.00	245.67		245.67		
		NET PERIOD-TO-DATE ACTIVITY	0.00	245.67		245.67#		
		ENDING BALANCE			3,470.80*			
1050.00		CASH IN BANK-GENERAL (CENTRAL)						
		PRIOR PERIOD ENDING BALANCE			582,102.45*			
		AU SOURCE ST SOURCE	0.00 1,100.00	100.00 1,100.00	0.00	100.06		
		NET PERIOD-TO-DATE ACTIVITY	1,100.00			100.00*		
		ENDING BALANCE			582,002.45*			
1064.84		CASH IN BANK-PAYROLL (CENTRAL)						
		PRIOR PERIOD ENDING BALANCE			8,066.15\$			
		NET PERIOD-TO-DATE ACTIVITY	0.00	0.00	0.00*			
		ENDING BALANCE			A,066.15#			
1970.04		CASH IN BANK-OTHER (UNITED)						
		PRIOR PERIOD ENDING BALANCE			102,500.52*			
		NET PERIOD-TO-DATE ACTIVITY	0.00	0.00	0.00*			
		ENDING BALANCE			102,500.52			
1200.00		ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	•					
		PRIOR PERIOD ENDING BALANCE			2,984.85			

Figure 5-4. Detailed Trial Balance

BALANCE SHEET REPORT

1) Purpose

This report shows the ending balances for formatted accounts over a specified period. The comparative form can be used to compare current year values with the same period the previous year. You are totally free to format this report.

2) How to Obtain

Select the Balance Sheet Softkey from the Report Menu.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort:
Format Position Level
Format Position
Account
Entity
Cost Center

Optional Sorts: None

Optional Range Selections: Entity Accounting Period

4) Special Considerations

You have the choice of printing either the Normal Balance Sheet Report or the Comparative Balance Sheet Report,

Normal Balance Sheet Report

You have complete control over the
format of this report. You determine
which accounts appear in the report and
in what order they appear. Only those
accounts which have a non-zero Balance
Sheet Format Position Number (entered
through Account Maintenance functions)
will appear on the Balance Sheet.

You can specify the summarization of information on any of 7 levels. (1 being the most summarized and 7 being the most detailed).

The account balances can be printed in dollars, thousands of dollars, or millions of dollars.

Comparative Balance Sheet Report
You have the same flexibility in
determining the information contained

in this report that you have with the Normal Balance Sheet Report. What is unique about this report is that for the selected accounts, the ending balance of the selected period is compared with the ending balance for the same period in the previous year. The variance between years is reported as well as the percent increase or decrease.

Summary Levels

The summary levels for the Normal and Comparative Balance Sheet Reports work the same way. They are directly related to the Level Number associated with each Format Position. For example, if a format position says "CASH IN BANKS" has been set up with a level of 3, its total will show up on the report only if the summarization level you specify is 3 or greater. If the summarization level is less than 3, the total for this position will be consolidated to the next level up. If the detailed account balances under this position are desired, a summarization level of 4, or greater, must be specified at the time the report is printed.

When the reports are printed, only Format Position Leaders (descriptions) will normally be shown. To print the Format Position number, the "SHOW FORMAT" option in the Normal Balance Sheet Report must be used.

5) How to Read

Normal Balance Sheet Report

The first part of the report lists the selection/sort criteria for the data which follows. This report covers entity 1000, for the 12th period of the previous year. The report is presented in its most detailed format (summary level).

The body of the report consists of the Ending Balances and date, at each Balance Sheet position indicated by the summarization level.

Comparative Balance Sheet Report
This report uses the same format as the Normal Balance Sheet. For each account in the report the ending balance of the first period is shown, the ending balance for the same period in the previous year is shown, a comparison is made between these two values and their variance is shown. Finally, the % increase or decrease of the account balance is shown.

6) Sample Reports

	EVEL 7	
	ENDING WALANCE AS OF 12/31/79	
ASSETS	,	
CURRENT ASSETS		
CASH		
CASH IN BANK-GENERAL (CENTRAL)		
1050.00 1000 CASH IN WANK-GENERAL (CENTRAL)	502.10	
TERR TOTAL CASH IN BANK-GENERAL (CENTRAL)	582.10	
CASH IN BANK-PAYROLL (CENTRAL)		
1060.00 1000 CASH IN BANK-PAYROLL (CENTRAL)	8.07	
SEES TOTAL CASH IN BANK-PAYROLL (CENTRAL)	8.07	
CASH IN BANK-OTHER (UNITED)	•	
1070.00 1000 CASH IN BANK-OTHER (UNITED)	102.50	
ERRE TOTAL CASH IN BANK-OTHER (UNITED)	102.50	
PETTY CASH (1ST HATIONAL)		
1000.00 1000 PETTY CASH (1ST NAT)	3.72	
TOTAL PETTY CASH (1ST NATIONAL)	3.72	
	J./E	
TERE TOTAL CASH	696.39	
ACCOUNTS RECEIVALBLE		
A/R		
1205.00 1000 A/R	204.90	
ESSE TOTAL A/R	204.90	
ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCT'S		
***** REPORT TERMINATED		

Figure 5-5. Normal Balance Sheet Report

Report: GL 205 Date: 04/15/80

ENTITY 1000 FOR PERIOD 01. REPORT SUMMARIZED AT LEVEL 7

	ENDING BALANCE AS OF 01/31/80	ENDING BALANCE AS OF 01/31/79	VARIANCE CURR - PREV YR	% INCREASE (DECREASE)
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash				
Cash in Bank-General (Central)				
1050.00 1000 Cash in Bank-General (Central)	77,28	62.92	14.36	22.8
**** TOTAL Cash in Bank-General (Central)	77.28	62.92	14.36	22.8
Cash in Bank-Payroll (Central)				
1060.00 1000 Cash in Bank-Payroll (Central)	14.21cr	,00	14.21-	******
**** TOTAL Cash in Bank-Payroll (Central)	14.21cr	, 00	14.21-	******
Cash in Bank-Other (United)				
1070.08 1000 Cash in Bank-Other (United)	63.54	9.27	54.27	585.4
*** TOTAL Cash in Bank-Other (United)	63.54	9.27	54.27	585.4
Petty Cash (ist National)				
1000,00 1000 Perty Cash (ist National)	1.00	1.00	0.00	a , a
**** TOTAL Petty Cash (ist National)	1.00	1,00	0.00	0.0
**** TOTAL Cash	127.61	73.19	54.42	74.3
Accounts Receivable				
Accounts Receivable - Trade				
1205.00 1000 Accounts Receivable - Trade	18.98	39.21	20.23-	51.6-
**** TOTAL Accounts Receivable - Trade	18.98	39.21	20.23-	51.6-
Allowance for Doubtful Account				
1220.00 1000 Allowance for Doubtful Account	.74cr	0.00	.74-	******
*** TOTAL Allowance for Doubtful Account	.74cr	0 . á O	.74-	******

Figure 5-6. Comparative Balance Sheet Report



INCOME STATEMENT REPORT

1) Purpose

This report shows the ending balances for formatted accounts over a specified period. The comparative form can be used to compare current year values with the same period the previous year.

2) Haw to Obtain Select the Income Statement softkey from the Report Menu.

Selection and Sort Options

Default Sorts:
Format Position Level
Format Position
Account
Entity
Cost Center

Optional Sorts
None

Optional Range Selections
Entity
Accounting Period

4) Special Considerations

You have a choice of printing either the Normal Income Statement or the Comparative Income Statement Report.

Normal Income Statement
You specify which accounts are to
appear and in what order with Account
Format Position numbers.

The information in the report can be summarized at seven levels, as described in Chapter 1.

Format position numbers will be printed on the report if "SHOW FORMAT" option is used.

Account balances can be printed in dollars, thousands of dollars, or millions of dollars.

Comparative Income Statement Report
The balance for the selected period
range is printed in this report and
it is compared to the balance for the
same period range in the previous year.
The difference between the two balances
is printed with the percentage increase
or decrease.

The period specified for this report can include the year-to-date balance or the period-to-date balance.

The data in this report can be summarized at seven levels as described in Chapter 1.

Format position number will be printed on the report, if the SHOW FORMAT option is used.

Account balances can be printed in dollars, thousands of dollars, or millions of dollars.

The first part of this report lists the Entity number, the beginning and ending periods covered by the report for the current year, and the summary level at which the report is being made.

The remainder of the report consists of the balance figures for each entity, for the twelve months of this year. The accounts which appear and the order of their appearance are determined by the Account Format Position numbers you select.

Comparative Income Statement
The first part of this report shows that the range of entities reported is between 1000 and 2000, that the period covered by the report is the entire current year, and that the report summary level is the most detailed format.

5) How to Read The remainder of the report consists of account number, entity number, description, year to date total for current year, previous year total, variance in the totals for the two years, and percentage of increase or decrease in the two year values.

The accounts which appear in this report and their order of appearance are determined by the Account Format Position number you select.

6) Sample Reports

		·	HP 250 Combined Deme Income Statement In Thousand Dollars)	Report: GL 20 Date: 04/15/8
ENTIT	TY 1000 FROM PERIO	DD 01 TO PERIOD 01 CURRENT YR (YEAR-	-TO-DATE). REPORT SUMMARIZED AT LEVEL 7	
			01/01/80 TO 01/31/80	

Sales				
	3000.00 1000	Sales - General		
	3000.01 1000	Sales - Pipe Hardware	162.56	
	3000.02 1000	Sales - Electronic Parts	28.33 25.41	
	3000.03 1000 3000.04 1000	Sales - General Hardware	16.16	
	3000.04 1000	Sales - Gaskets	54.19	
***	TOTAL Sales			
			296.64	
20144	Returns & Allowa	nces		
	3010.00 1000	Sales Returns & Allowances	0.00	
****			v. vq	
	TOTAL Sales Retu	ns & Allemduces	0.00	
) i ec o	ents Allowed			
	3020.00 1000	Discounts Allowed	.50dr	
***	TOTAL Discounts #	llawed		
			.50dr	
***	TOTAL Net Sales		284.15	
urcha	1965		288.19	
	4000.00 1000	Purchases		
		rurchases	0.00	
本主主	TOTAL Purchases	•	0.00	
ontai	ner Expense			
	4005.00 1000	Container Expense		
***	TOTAL Container E		.11cr	
	t Expense		itter	
		Freight Expense	. 15	
***	TOTAL Freight Expe	ense		
			15	
		• •••	•	
		CGS - Miscellaneeus	0.00	

Figure 5-7. Income Statement Report

HP 250 Combined Demo COMPARATIVE INCOME STATEMENT (IN THOUSAND DOLLARS)

Report: GL 207 Date: 04/15/80

ENTITY 1000 FROM PERIOD 01 TO PERIOD 01 (YEAR-TO-DATE). REPORT SUMMARIZED AT LEVEL 7

			01/01/80 TO 01/31/80	01/01/79 TO 01/31/79	VARIANCE CURR - PREV YR	% INCREASE (DECREASE)
Sales						
	3000.00 1000 3000.01 1000 3000.02 1000 3000.03 1000 3000.04 1000	Sales - General Sales - Pipe Hardware Sales - Electronic Parts Sales - General Hardware Sales - Gaskets	162.56 28.33 25.41 16.16 54.19	95.37 28.61 19.07 38.15 9.54	67.19 .28- 6.34 21.99- 44.65	70.5 1.0- 33.2 57.6- 460.2
****	TOTAL Sales		286.64	190.74	95.90	50.3
Sales	. Returns & Allowan	ces				
	3010.00 1000	Sales Returns & Allowances	0.00	.37dr	. 37	100.0
****	TOTAL Sales Retur	ns & Allowances	0.00	. 37	. 37-	100.0-
Disco	onts Allowed					
	3020,00 1000	Discounts Allowed	.50dr	.12dr	. 37-	300.0-
****	TOTAL Discounts A	llowed	. 50da	, 12dr	,37-	300.0-
****	TOTAL Net Sales		286.15	190.24	95.90	50.4
Purch	4565					
	4000.00 1000	Purchases	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
****	TOTAL Purchases		1.10	0.00	0.00	0.0
Conta	iner Expense					
	4005.60 1000	Container Expense	lice	.08cr	.03-	33.3-
****	TOTAL Container E	xpense	.ttcr	.08cr	.03-	33.3-
Freig	ht Expense					
	4007.00 1000	Freight Expense	.15	.11	.04	33.3
****	TOTAL Freight Exp	ense	,15	.11	. 04	33.3
Inven	tory Change					
	4010.00 1000	CGS - Misrellaneous	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0

Figure 5-8. Comparative Income Statement Report

COST CENTER/COST ACCOUNT REPORT

i) Purpose

Provides year-to-date and period-to-date balances of the current and pervious year with their differences for all cost accounts.

2) How to Obtain

Select the Cost Center softkey from the Report Menu.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort:
Entity
Account
Cost Center

Optional Sorts: Cost Center

Optional Range Selections:
Entity
Account
Cost Center
Accounting Period

4) Special Considerations

You have a choice of printing either the Normal Cost Center/Cost Account Report or the Detailed Cost Account Report.

Normal Cost Center/Cost Account Report You specify the range of entities, accounts, and cost centers for any selected period.

You also have the option of selecting the major sort for the report to be either by cost center or by cost account. In either case, subtotals are produced for the appropriate break.

Detailed Cost Center/Cost Account Report The detailed transactions for this report are taken from the General Ledger Transaction History.

You can select either cost center or cost account as the major sort sequence. Subtotals are produced at appropriate breaks in both cases.

5) How to Read

The sample Cost Center/Cost Account Report which follows describes all o the accounts (1000-9999) and cost centers (0001-9999) associated with entity 1000 for the current period. The data in the report is sorted by cost account.

Each cost account is listed with its associated entity and a description of the account. The balances for each cost center for the twelfth period are shown, followed by the balances for the same period of the previous year, the variance between the current year and the previous year values, the year-to-date total for the current year, the year-to-date total for the previous year, and the variance between these two values.

The first part of the Detailed Cost Center Report shows that the data which follows is for entity 1000; that it includes all cost centers and all accounts. The body of the report consists of four line summaries of each cost account. The first line shows the entity, the cost center, and the cost account number. The second line gives a description of the cost center, and a description of the cost account, the effective date of the transaction, a description of the transaction, the transaction amount, and the journal reference for the transaction. The third line shows the cost center totals under transaction amount. The fourth line shows the totals for the entity,

HP 250 Combined Demo COST CENTER / COST ACCOUNT REPORT Report: GL 208 Date: 04/15/80

FROM ENTITY 1000 TO ENTITY 1000; FROM ACCOUNT 1000.00 TO ACCOUNT 9799.00; FROM COST CENTER 0001 TO COST CENTER 9999. REPORT FOR PERIOD 01. (PERIOD ENDS (IN 01/31/90). HAJOR SORT BY COST ACCOUNT

ENTITY / COST ACCOUNT / DESCRIPTION	COST CENTER	CURRENT PERIOD	SAME PERIOD PREVIOUS YEAR	VARIANCE	YEAR-TO-DATE CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR	VARIANCE
1000 6000.00 Eguipment Expense	1100	307.62	230.72	77-	307.62	230,72	77-
ada thuann a thenar	1400	307.62	230.72	77-	307.62	230.72	77-
	1500	307.62	230.72	77-	307.62	230.72	77-
	1900	307.62	230.72	77-	307.62	230.72	77-
	3000	307.62	230.72	77-	307.62	230.72	77-
** 6000.00 TOTAL	-	1,538.10	1,153.60	385-	1,538.10	1,153.60	385-
1000 - 6100.00 Building Expense	1100	885.67	664.25	221-	885.67	664.25	221-
	1400	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0
	1500	385.67	664.25	221-	885.47	664.25	221-
	1900	0.06	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0
	5000	885.67	464.25	221-	885.67	664.25	221-
# 6100,00 TOTAL	•	2,657.01	1,992,75	664~	2,657.01	1,992.75	664-
.000 6200.00 actory Payroll Expense	1100	9,041.16	6,780.87	2,260-	9,041.16	6,780.8 7	2,240-
, ,	1200	11,095.96	8,321.97	2,774-	11,095.96	8,321.97	2,774-
	1384	5,671.28	4,253.46	1,418-	5,671.28	4,253.46	1,418-
	1400	4,274.00	3,205.50	1,069-	4,274.00	3,205.50	1,049-
	1501	5,671.28	4,253.46	1,418-	5,671.28	4,253.46	1,418-
	1600	529.32	396.99	. 132-	529.32	396.99	132-
	1706	378.08	283.56	95-	378.08	283.56	95-
	1800	604.94	453.71	151-	604,94	453.71	151-
	1960	3,123.32	2,342.49	781~	3,123.32	2,342,49	791-

Figure 5-9. Normal Cost Center/Cost Account Report

HP 250 Combined Demo DETAILED COST ACCOUNT REPORT

Report: GL 209 Date: 04/15/88

FROM ENTITY 1000 TO ENTITY 1000; FROM ACCOUNT 1000.00 TO ACCOUNT 9999.00; FROM COST CENTER 0001 TO COST CENTER 9999

ENTITY / COST ACCOUNT / DESCRIPTION	COST CENTER / DESCRIPTION	EFFECTIV DATE	TRANSACTION DESCRIPTION	TRANSACTION AMOUNT	JOURNAL REFERENCE
1000 6000.00	1100				
Equipment Expense	Marketing Manager				
	•	01/31/79		230.72	GL04012003
1000 6000.00	1.400				
Equipment Expense	Accounting Manager				
		01/31/79		230.72	GL04012003
1000 6000.00	1500				
Equipment Expense	R & D Manager				
		01/31/79		230.72	GL04012003
1000 6000.00	1900				
Equipment Expense	Personnel Manager				
		01/31/79		230,72	GL04012003
1000 6000.00	2000				
Equipment Expense	Manufacturing Manager				
COST ACCOUNT (AGE OF TOTALS		01/31/79		230.72	GL04012003
COST ACCOUNT 6000.00 TOTALS					
				1,153.60	

Figure 5-10. Detailed Cost Center/Cost Account Report

SPECIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION REPORT

1) Purpose

Computes predefined financial ratios.

2) How To Obtain Select Management Reports softkey from the Report Menu.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort: None

Optional Sorts: None

Optional Range Selections: Entity

4) How To Read The accounts used to determine the ratios are listed along the left side of the report. The SMI ID determines which accounts are actually used for any given report. See Chapter 3 for a description of the SMI ID.

Each ratio is printed in two lines. Line one lists the ratio for this period for the last fiscal year. Line two lists the ratios for this period for the current fiscal year. The rightmost column lists year-to-date ratios for last year and this year.

				SP	ECIAL (HP 250 I MANAGEMEI			REPORT					port: GL 21 ite: 04/15/8
FOR ENTITY 1000														
RATIO DESCRIPTION	UM	01	02	03	04	PERIODS	(LAS) 06	07	08	SCAL) 09	10	11	12	YTD
CURRENT ASSETS TO	*	2.98	2.98	2.98	2.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		2.81	6.97	12,29	12.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	2.98 12.29
NET PROFIT (LOSS) ON	z	61.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	61.10
NET SALES		65 .51	66.36	92.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
NET PROFIT (LOSS) ON	x	21.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	21.62
TANGIBLE NET WORTH		47.14	43.34	70.31	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		119.4
NET. PROFIT (LOSS) ON	z	97.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	97.95
NET WORKING CAPITAL		173.7	133,8	116.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	197.7
NET SALES TO	*	.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.35
TANGIBLE NET WORTH		.72	. 65	.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50
NET SALES TO	*	1.60	0,00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	1.60
NET WORKING CAPITAL		2.65	2.02	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.49
FIXED ASSETS TO FANGIBLE NET WORTH	*	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	1.71
HUGIBLE MEI MOKIN		2,30	2.15	1.20	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	1.20
CURRENT DEBT TO FANGIBLE NET WORTH	*	.08	.08	.08	.08	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	. 08
HUGIBLE MEI MOKIN		. 05	. 01	. 01	. 01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01
TOTAL DEBT TO TANGIBLE NET WORTH	*	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04
HUGIBLE WEL MOKIN		1.72	1.53	. 86	. 86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	. 86
INVENTORY TO MET WORKING CAPITAL	*	.56	.56	.56	.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.56
EL MORKING CAPITAL		. 18	. 58	. 16	. 16	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	. 16
CURRENT DEBT TO	*	.66	.66	.66	. 66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	. 66
AVERIUR!		1.00	. 05	.12	.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.12
FUNDED DEBT TO MET WORKING CAPITAL	*	4.22 5.80	4.22	4.22	4.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.22
E. WORKING CHTIIAL		2.80	4.55	1.34	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.34

Figure 5-11. Special Management Information Report

ENTITY MAINTENANCE REPORT

1) Purpose

Lists any requested range of entities.

2) How To Obtain Select the Maintenance Function from the Main Menu. Select the Entity Function from the Maintenance Menu. This will cause the ADD, MODIFY, DELETE, and PRINT functions to be displayed. Press the PRINT softkey.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort: Entity

Optional Range Selections: Entity

4) Special Considerations

Default range is entity 0001-9999.

5) How To Read This report can list all entities in the system by entity number, name and address. It also gives the following information for each entity: beginning of the fiscal year, the number of accounting periods used by the entity, the number of transactions, and the last journal page number.

	FIN250 DEMO Bicycle Company Entity Maintenance									
ENTITY	ENTITY NAME STREET ADDRESS CITY, STATE ZIP CODE	BEGIN FISCAL YEAR	CURRENT PERIOD	ACCOUNTING PER LUDS	NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS	LAST JOURNAL PAGE				
1000	RECREATIONAL BICYCLES DIV. 3240 MEST CHEYENNE FORT COLLINS CO 80526	01/01/80	01	12	16	i				
1100	COMPETITION BICYCLES DIV. 2221 NORTH NEVADA COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80701	01/01/80	01	12	0	a				
3000	CUSTOM BICYCLES DIV. 1808 East Jackson Dr Atlanta Ga 40221	01/01/80	01	12	0	Q				

Figure 5-12. Entity Maintenance Report

ACCOUNT MAINTENANCE REPORT

1) Purpose

Lists any requested range of accounts.

2) How To Obtain

Select the Maintenance Function from the Main Menu. Select the Account Function from the Maintenance Menu. This will cause the PRINT, ADD, MODIFY, DELETE, and SMI ID functions to be displayed. Press the PRINT ACCOUNT softkey to obtain the report.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort: Entity Account

Optional Range Selections: Entity Account

4) Special Considerations

Default values: Entity 0001 - 9999 From Account 1000.00 - 9999.99

5) How To Read

This report lists all of the Account Numbers between 1000 and 2010 belonging to entity 1000. It lists the account type, description, format position, SMI ID, total account budget and cost account budget.

Format Positions are described in the Overview section of this book, and the SMI ID is described in Chapter 3.

				HP 250 Combine Account Hainié				Report: GL 002 Date: 04/15/80			
SUNT		CQST		ACCOUNT/COST CENTER	B/S	I/S		т	OTAL COST AC		
ENTITY	ACCOUNT	CENTER	ACCOUNT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT P	OSITIONS	SMI ID	ACCOUNT BUDGET	BUDGET		
1000	1000.00		Assets	Petty Cash (1st National)	1118	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1050.00		Assets	Cash in Bank-General (Central)	1112	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1060.00		Assets	Cash in Bank-Payroll (Central)	1114	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1070.00		Assets	Cash in Bank-Other (United)	1116	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1200.00		Assets	Accounts Receivable - Other	1120	0000	0003	0.00			
1000	1205.00		Assets	Accounts Receivable - Trade	1122	0000	0003	0.00			
1000	1210.00		Assets	Notes Receivable	1150	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1220.00		Assets	Allowance for Doubtful Account	1140	0000	0003	0.00			
1000	1250.01		Assets	Inventory - Pipe Hardware	1161	0000	0005	0.00			
1000	1250.02		Assets	Inventory - Electronic Parts	1162	0000	0005	0.00			
1000	1250.03		Assets	Inventory - General Hardware	1163	0000	0005	0.00			
1000	1250.04		Assets	Inventory - Gaskets	1164	0000	0005	0.00			
1000	1280.00		Assets	Prepaid Expenses	1190	0000	0001	0.00			
1000	1300.00		Assets	Land	1210	0000	0008	0.00			
1000	1310.00		Assets	Building	1220	0000	0008	0.00			
1000	1310.10		Assets	Accumulated Depreciation	1220	0000	0008	0.00			
1000	1320.00		Assets	Hachinery and Equipment	1230	0000	0008	0.00			
1000	1320.10		Assets	Accumulated Depreciation	1230	0000	0008	0.00			
1000	1900.00		Assets	Organization Costs	1610	0000	0016	0.00			
1000	1920.00		Assets	Patent Rights .	1620	0000	0016	0,00			
1000	2000.00		Liab/Capital	Accounts Payable - Vendors	3110	0000	0003	0.00			
1000	2010.00		Linb/Capital	Accounts Payable - Other	3120	0000	0003	0.00			
1000	2020.00		Liab/Capital	Notes Payable	3210	0000	0012	0.00			
1000	2025.00		Liab/Capital	Excise Tax Collected	3220	0000	0002	0.00			

Figure 5-13. Account Maintenance Report

FORMAT POSITION MAINTENANCE REPORT

i) Purpose

Lists any requested range of format positions.

2) How To Obtain

Select the Maintenance Function on the Main Menu. Select the Format Position Function from the Maintenance Menu. This will cause the ADD, MODIFY, DELETE, and PRINT functions to be displayed. Press the PRINT softkey to obtain the report.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort: Format Position

Optional Range Selection: Format Position

4) Special Considerations

Default Values
From Format Position 8001
to Format Position 9999

5) How To Read

This report lists the format position numbers, a description of the position, the summarization position, and level. It also describes the report which uses the position.

Format positions, summarization positions and summarization levels are described in the Overview section of this book.

	FIN250 DEMO BICYCLE COMPONY FORMAL POSITION MAINTENANCE								
ORMAT POSITION	FORMAT POSITION DESCRIPTION	SUMMARIZATION POSITION	SUMMARIZATION LEVEL	USED IN REPORT	NORMAL BALANS				
1000	ASSETS	0000	01	Balance Sheet	D				
1100	CURRENT ASSETS	1000	0.5	Balance Sheet	ā				
1110	CASH	1100	03	Balance Sheet	D				
1112	CASH IN BANK-GENERAL (CENTRAL)	1110	04	Balance Sheet	D				
1114	CASH IN BANK-PAYROLL (CENTRAL)	1110	N.4	Balance Sheet	a				
1116	CASH IN BANK-OTHER (UNITED)	1110	94	Balance Sheet	ā				
1118	PETTY CASH (1ST NATIONAL)	1110	04	Balance Sheet	D				
1120	ACCOUNTS RECEIVALBLE	1100	03	Balance Sheet	D				
1122	A/R	1120	04	Balance Sheet	D				
1140	ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCT'S	1120	04	Balance Sheet	D				
1150	NOTES RECEIVABLE	1100	03	Balance Sheet	σ.				
1200	FIXED ASSETS	1000	02	Balance Sheet	D				
1210	LAND	1200	03	Balance Sheet	ø				
1220	BUILDING	1200	03	Balance Sheet	D				
1230	HACHINERY	1200	03	Balance Sheet	O				

Figure 5-14. Format Position Maintenance Report

PARAMETER MAINTENANCE REPORT

1) Purpose

Lists any range of entity parameters to any printer. Parameter values for each entity are:

- Year-to-date Profit and Loss Account,
- 2. Retained Earnings Account
- 3. Breaks for the Account Balances Report.
- 4. Breaks for the Cost Center Reports.

2) How to Obtain

Select the Maintenance Function on the Main Menu. Select the Parameter Function on the Maintenance Menu. This will cause the ADD, MODIFY, DELETE, and PRINT parameter functions to appear. Press the PRINT softkey to obtain the report.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort: Entity

Optional Range Selection: Entity

4) Special Considerations

Default: Entity 0001 - 9999

S) How To Read

The parameters listed for each entity are: the entity number, year-to-date profit and loss account, retained earnings account, the account break groups and the cost center break groups.

ENTITY		Report: GL 004 Date: 14/15/80		
	YTD PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT	RETAINED EARNINGS ACCOUNT	REPORT BREAK GROUP ACCOUNT COST CEN	ITER
1000	2050.00	2040.00	o .	0

Figure 5-15. Parameter Maintenance Report

COST CENTER MAINTENANCE REPORT

i) Purpose

Lists any requested range of cost centers associated with a range of entities.

2) How To Obtain

Select the Maintenance Function on the Main Menu. Select the Cost Center Function on the Maintenance Menu. This will cause the ADD, MODIFY, DELETE and PRINT functions to appear. Press the PRINT softkey to obtain the report.

Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort: Entity Cost Center

Optional Range Selection: Entity Cost Center

4) Special Considerations

None

5) How To Read This report shows the cost centers between 1100 and 2000 associated with entity 1000. A description of each cost center is given along with the amount budgeted.

		FIN250 DEMO Bicycle Com Cost Center Maintenan	ČE '	Report: GL 005 Date: 01/31/80
ENTITY	COST CENTER	DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	
1000	1100	MARKETING MANAGER	50,000.00	
1000	1200	PRODUCT MANAGER	50,000.00	
1000	1300	SALES DEVELOPEMENT	40,000.00	
1000	1400	ACCOUNTING MANAGER	60,000.00	
1000	1500	R & D MANAGER	60,000.00	
1000	1600	PROJECT ENGINEERING I	40,000.00	
1000	1700	PROJECT ENGINEERING II	40,000.00	
1000	1800	PROJECT ENGINEERING III	40,000.00	
1000	1900	PERSONNEL MANAGER	20,000.00	
1000	2000	HANAUFACTURING HANAGER	80,000.00	

Figure 5-16. Cost Center Maintenance Report

PENDING TRANSACTIONS REPORT

1) Purpose

Prints all transactions in the Pending Transaction File that satisfy the selection and sort criteria.

2) How To Obtain

Select the Transactions Function on the Main Menu. Select PRINT on the Transactions Menu.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort:
Entity
Journal Reference
Transaction Amount

Optional Sorts:
Entity
Account
Cost Center
Transaction Type
Entered Date
Effective Date
Journal Reference
Project Number

Optional Range Selections
Entity
Account
Cost Center
Transaction Type
Entered Date
Effective Date
Journal Reference
Project Number

4) Special Considerations

None

5) How To Read

The first part of the report lists the selection and sort criteria by which the pending transactions are listed.

The second part of the report lists the entity number and cost center associated with it, the account number and offset account number associated with it. This information is followed by the debit and credit amounts, the Journal Entry date and the effective date. Note that in the case of forward transactions, these values will not be posted until the Effective Date equals the System Date. A description of each transaction is given and a project

number is listed, if applicable. The Journal Reference number is shown to identify the batch the entry is associated with and an abbreviation of the type of transaction is provided. The transaction types shown in this example are:

FW - Forward Entry RV - Reversing Entry AU - Automatic Entry

The third part of the report lists debit and credit totals for each entity and then sums all entity totals in the file.

				FIN250 DI PEND	EMO Bicycl Ing Transa	Le Company ACTIONS		Report: GL 101 Date: 01/31/80	
ELECT/9	ORT OPTIONS	LISTED ON	LAST PAGE						
NT- COS	TER ACCOUNT	OFFSE1 ACCOUNT	DE811	CREDIT	ENTERED DATE	EFFECTVE DATE	FRANSACTION DESCRIPTION	PROJCI JOURNAL	E.
000	2 030 .00 1060.00		3,100.00	3,100.00		02/01/90 02/01/90	PAID ACCRUED SALARIES (VACATH) PAID ACCRUED SALARIES (VACATH)	GL0101100 GL0101100	
0 0 0 0 0 0	1050.00 20 00 .0 0		50.00	50.00		01/27/80 01/27/80	REFUND FRUM OVERPAID VENDOR REFUND FROM OVERPAID VENDOR	GL0101100 GL0101100	
0 0 0 0 0 0	200 0 .00 1 05 0.00		\$0.00	50,00		02/01/30 02/01/80	REFUND FROM OVERPAID VENOOR	GL0101101 GL0101101	
0	1050.00 1050.00		1,500.00*	1,500.00*	(DELETE 9	TATUS: NO'	TRANSFER OF FUNOS 1 ADDED IN 10TALS; WILL NOT BE 1 TRANSFER OF FUNDS 1 ADDED IN 10TALS; WILL NOT BE 1	GL010110	
000 110 000 110 000		٠	10,682.14	1,068.21 9,613.93	01/31/80 01/31/88	01/31/80 01/31/80	PAYROLL PAYROLL TAXES-MARKETING NET PAYROLL MARKETING	GL0131100 GL0131100 GL0131180	12
0 0 0	1050.00 1200.00	1200.00 1 05 0.00	2,362.14	2,362.14		01/31/80 01/31/80	CUSTOMER PAYMENTS CUSTOMER PAYMENTS	GL0131100 GL0131100	
000 000 140	127 0 .00 6 400 .00	6400.00 1270.00	228,68	228.48	01/31/80 01/31/80	01/31/80 01/31/80	BOND INS. (PREPAID) - ACCTG BOND INSURANCE-ACCOUNTING	GL0131100 GL0131100	
000 1401 000		1270.00 6400.00	228.68	228.48	01/31/80 01/31/80		BOND INSURANCE-ACCOUNTING BOND INSURANCE-ACCOUNTING	GLÓ131100 GLO131100	
100	1050.00	1050.00 1200.00	962 . 17	962.17	01/31/80 01/31/80	12/31/79 12/31/79	CORRECTING ENTRY-A/R CORRECTING ENTRY-A/R	GL0131100 GL0131100	
000	1311.00	1311.00 4031.00	5,072.00	5,092.00	01/31/80 01/31/80		BUILDING DEPRECIATION BUILDING DEPRECIATION	GL0131100 GL0131100	
\$ ENTIT	7 1000 ##		22,755.81	22,755.81					
EEE GRAN	ID TOTALS ##1		22,755.81	22,755.81					

Figure 5-17. Pending Transactions Report

PRE-POSTING TRANSACTIONS CHECK REPORT

1) Purpose

Lists those transactions in the General Ledger Pending Transaction File that have effective dates on, or before, the current system date. These are the transactions that are about to be posted and they are listed as a final opportunity for you to make changes without requiring a correcting entry. Out-of-balance batches can be included, and they will be placed in Delete Status.

2) How To Obtain

Select the Transaction Function on the Main Menu. Select the Update Function on the Transaction Menu. This will cause the PRINT or EXIT softkeys to be activated.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort:
Entity
Journal References
Transaction Amount

Optional Sorts: Name

Optional Range Selections: Name

4) Special Considerations

None

5) How To Read The first section of the report lists the sort criteria for the data in the report.

The example shown here lists pending transactions for Entity 1000, sorted by entity number and Journal Reference.

The first line of each transaction lists the cost center associated with the entity (if there is one), the account number and the offset account number for the other part of the transaction, the date the pending transaction was entered and the date it will be posted (effective date).

Headings are provided for transaction descriptions and Project Numbers. The Journal Reference number for each batch of transactions is given along with the transaction type.

				_	PRE-POSTI	NG TRANSA	le Company CTIONS CHE		Keport: Date: 0		
UL P1	LNDING	TRANSACTI	ONS SORTE	D BY ENILLY AND	JOURNAL REFERE	NCE					
TY (COST ENTER	ACCOUNT	OFFSET ACCOUNT	7183D	CREDIT	ENTERED DATE	EFFECTUE DATE	TRANSACTION DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	JOURNAL REFERENCE	
8 G O		1050.00		50.00			01/27/80	REFUND FROM OVERPAID VENDOR		GL01011073	
		2000.00	1050.00		50.00	01/01/80	01/27/80	REFUND FROM OVERPAID VENDOR		GL01011013	
0 0 0		1050.00 1050.00		1,500.00	4 500 00		01/01/80	TRANSFER OF FUNDS		GL01011007	
					1,500.00	01/01/80	01/01/80	TRANSFER OF FUNDS		GL01011017	9
100 1 100 1		6250.00 6200.00		10,682.14			01/31/80	PAYROLL		GL01311002	:
00	. 140	2030.00			1,068.21 9,613.93		01/31/80 01/31/80	PAYROLL TAXES-MARKETING NET PAYROLL-MARKETING		GL01311002 GL01311012	
00		1050.00	1200.00	2,362.14							
00		1200.00		2,302.14			01/31/80	CUSTOMER PAYMENTS CUSTOMER PAYMENTS		GL01311013 GL01311003	
00		1270.00	6400.00	228.68		01/31/80	01/31/80	BOND INS. (PREPAID) - ACCTG		GL01311014	
000 1	400	6400.00	1270.00		228.68	01/31/80		BOND INSURANCE-ACCOUNTING		GL01311014	
00		1200.00		962.17		01/31/80	12/31/79	CORRECTING ENTRY-A/R		GL01311076	1
00		1050.00	1200.00		962.17	01/31/80	12/31/79	CORRECTING ENTRY-A/R		GL01311016	
0.0		4031.00		100.00			01/31/80	CORRECTING ENTRY		GL0.1311079	•
00		1311.00 1311.00			10.00 90.00	01/31/80 01/31/80	01/31/80 01/31/80	CORRECTING ENTRY CORRECTING ENTRY		GL01311009 GL01311009	1
00		4031.00	1711 00	100,00							
0.6		1311.00	4031.00	100.00	10.00	01/31/80	01/31/80 01/31/80	CORRECTION CORRECTION		GL01311010 GL01311010	
90		1311.00	4031.00		90.00	01/31/80	01/31/80	CORRECTION		GL01311010	
ENT	TTY 10	06 xx		15,985.13	15,985.13						
	OTAL D			15,985.13							
:## T	OTAL C	REDITS			15,985.13						

Figure 5-18. Pre-Posting Transaction Check Report

POSTING JOURNAL REPORT

1) Purpose

Lists by account number within an entity, all of the transactions being posted to that account and the Journal Reference Number associated with each transaction.

2) How To Obtain Select the Transactions Function from the Main Menu. Select the Update function from the Transactions Menu and proceed with the Pre-Posting Transaction Check Report. If there are transactions that can be posted, the Posting Journal will be printed out.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort:
Entity
Account
Transaction Amount

Optional Sorts: None

Optional Range Selections: None

Special Considerations

A system backup is required before this report can be obtained.

5) How To Read

The first section of the report lists the sort criteria for the data in the rest of the report. The example shown here lists the transactions that have been posted for Entity 1000, sorted by Account Number.

The main body of the report lists all of the transactions for entity 1000 posted. Each transactions shows an entity number, cost center (if one is associated with the entity), the account number, offset account, the debit or credit amount of the transaction, the entered date, effective date, transaction description (if appropriate), the project number, Journal Reference (for this batch of transactions), and transaction type (automatic).

The third part of the report shows: debit and credit totals for each entity, the net increase to the Year-to-Date Profit and Loss Account (Audit Trail information), and the total debits and credits posted.

The Posting Journal page number printed for each entity at the bottom of the page is assigned by the system.

					250 Combin OSTING JOU					Report: Date: 0	GL 103 4/01/80	
LL TRANSACT	IONS TO B	E POSTED	SORTED BY ENTIT	Y AND ACCOUNT N	IUMBER	-						
NT- COST TY CENTER	ACCOUNT	OFFSET ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT	ENTERED DATE	EFFECTVE DATE	TR	ANSACTION 1	DESCRIPTION	PROJET NUMBER	JOURNAL REFERENCE	
000	1000.00			682.00	04/01/80	04/01/80	AP Pe	tty Cash Po	gyment		CJ04012	
0 0 0	1070.00			4,226.46	04/01/80	04/01/80	AP Fi	rst Nation	al Bank		CJ04011	
000	2000.00		4,253.75		04/04/00	04/04/05	AD 5	N			_	
000	2000.00		4,253.75			04/01/80		rst Nation			CJ04011	
000	2000.00		002.00	100 00	04/01/80			tty Cash Pr			CJ04012	
000	2000.00			544 74	04/01/80	04/01/80	AP AI	GF5896	101		GJ04011001	
000	2000.00				04/01/80				107 104		GJ04012002 GJ04012001	
000	2075.00		91.42			04/01/80		ZZ5-986	104		GJ04012001	
000	2075.00		32.78		04/01/80	04/01/80	AP AI	GF5896	107		GJ04012002	
000 000	2085.00 2085.00		7.62 2.73			04/01/80			104		GJ04012001	
			2.73			04/01/80		GF5896	107		GJ04012002	
000	3030.00			27.29	04/01/80	04/01/80	AP Fi	rst Nation	al Bank		CJ04011	
000	4000.00		1,236.95		04/01/80	04/01/80	AP AT	ZZ5-986	104		GJ04812001	
000	4000.00		510.85			04/01/80		GF5896	107		GJ04012002	
000	4000.00		100.00			04/01/80	AP AI		101		GJ04011001	
000	4005.00		152.00		04/01/80	04/01/80	AP AI	ZZ5-986	104		GJ04012001	
000	4007.00		35.66		04/01/80	04/01/80	AP AI	ZZ5-986	104		GJ04012001	
* ENTITY 10	00 **		7,105.76	7,105.76								

Figure 5-19. Posting Journal Report

SUBSYSTEM TRANSACTIONS TRANSFER REPORT

1) Purpose

Lists transactions to be transferred from the Subsystem Pending Transaction File to the General Ledger Pending Transaction File. This report shows all transactions and includes both valid and invalid account numbers. The erroneous data is included so that you can MODIFY the transactions to correct the errors.

2) How To Obtain

Select the Transactions Function from the Main Menu. Select the Subsystem Transactions Transfer function from the Transactions Menu.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort:
Entity
Journal Reference
Transaction Amount

Optional Sorts: None

Optional Range Selections: None

4) Special Considerations

This function is only available if General Ledger is configured to be integrated and there is at least one other module with integrated status. A system backup is required before this function can be run.

You should also know that in order to modify an incorrect transaction, you must have the General Ledger Reference Number. This number is the only way to identity the batch in which the incorrect transaction resides.

5) How To Read The first section of the report lists the sort criteria for the transactions to follow:

The body of the report lists the Entity Number, Cost Center (if one is associated with this entity), the account number of the transaction, offset account number, debit or credit amount, entry date, effective date, transaction description, project number, journal reference and transaction transfer type.

Once the report is printed, you may either transfer the transactions to the General Ledger, or leave them in the subsystem.

The example shown here is an Accounts Payable transaction, the the debit amount shown to the Central Bank and Trust. The Journal Reference shown here will have to have an offseting credit transaction before this transfer can be posted.

OFFSET COUNT ACCOUNT OO.00 30.00 70.00	DEBIT	ND JOURNAL REFE	ENTERED DATE	EFFECTVE DATE					980707	
00.00 30.00	DEBIT		DATE						980107	*******
30.00	4,253.75			======		TRA	NSACTION DE	SCRIPTION		JOURNAL REFERENCE
30.00										
	.,,	27 20	04/01/80	04/01/80			st National			CJ 04011
			04/01/80				st National st National			CJ04011
		7,220.70	04/01/60	04/01/60	MF	LIL	Bt Mattonal	. BGUK		CJ04011'
00.00	682.0 0		04/01/80	04/01/80	AP		tu Cash Pai	men t		CJ34012
00.00		682.00								CJ04012
							.,,			03440IE
	100.00				AP	ΑI	1	101		GJ04011001
00.00		100.00	04/01/80	04/01/80	AP	ΑI	1	101		GJ#4011001
00.00	1 274 05		04/04/00							
05.00			04/01/80	04/01/80						GJ04012001
75.00	91.42									GJ04012001 GJ04012001
07.00	35.66									GJ04012001
B5.00	7.62									GJ04012001
00.00		1,523.65					ZZ5-986	104		GJ#4012001
							GF5896	107		GJ04012002
								107		GJ04012002
00.00	2.73	E44 74	04/01/80	04/01/80						GJ04012002
		340.36	04/01/80	04/01/80	AP	ΑI	GF 5876	107		GJ04012002
00.00	532.50		04/01/80	04/01/80	44	ΔПМ	C004C4-4	445		C704040007
50.01		532.50								GJ04012003 GJ04012003
**	7,638.26	7,638.26								3014012000
(00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 05.00 05.00 07.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00	00.00 100.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 1,236.95 152.00 152.00 17.42 17.00 35.66 10.00 510.85 155.00 32.78 10.00 530.75 10.00 530.75 10.00 532.50 10.00 532.50	00.00	00.00 682.00 04/01/80 00.00 100.00 100.00 04/01/80 100.00 100.00 100.00 04/01/80 100.00 1,236.95 04/01/80 175.00 152.00 04/01/80 177.00 35.66 04/01/80 100.00 7.62 04/01/80 100.00 510.85 04/01/80 175.00 32.78 04/01/80 175.00 2.73 04/01/80 100.00 532.50 04/01/80 100.00 532.50 04/01/80 100.00 532.50 04/01/80 100.00 532.50 04/01/80 100.00 532.50 04/01/80 100.00 532.50 04/01/80 100.00 532.50 04/01/80 100.00 532.50 04/01/80 100.00 532.50 04/01/80	00.00 682.00 04/01/80 04/01/80 04/01/80 00.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 04/01/80 04/01/80 04/01/80 00.00 100.00 100.00 04/01/80 0	00.00 682.00 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 100.00 100.00 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 1,236.95 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 152.00 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 71.42 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 7.62 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 51.523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 52.73 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 532.50 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP 00.00 7,638.26 7,638.26	00.00	00.00 682.00 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP Petty Cash Pay 100.00 10	882.00 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP PETTY Cash Payment 00.00 100.00 100.00 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 101 100.00 1,236.95 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 101 100.00 1,236.95 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 101 100.00 1,236.95 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1501 100.00 1,236.95 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 101 100.00 1,236.95 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.66 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 1 101 100.00 1,523.65 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 115 100.00 1,638.26 7,638.26 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP AI 1 115 100.00 1,638.26 7,638.26 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP ADM 589654-1 115 100.00 1,638.26 7,638.26 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP ADM 589654-1 115 100.00 1,638.26 7,638.26 04/01/80 04/01/80 AP ADM 589654-1 115	00.00

Figure 5-20. Subsystem Transfer Report

PENDING TRANSACTIONS MODIFICATIONS REPORT

i) Purpose

Lists transactions in the General Ledger Pending Transaction File whose fields have been modified, usually as a result of not passing the pre-posting check because of invalid data such as account number. At the time of posting, any modified transactions are printed along with the date on which the last modification occurs.

2) Hew Te Obtain Select the Transactions Function on the Main Menu. Select the Modify Function on the Transaction Menu. The report is automatically printed as the modification is made.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort: None

Optional Sorts: None

Optional Range Selections: Journal Reference

4) Special Considerations

The only fields that can be changed by the Modification function are: Account Number, Offset Account Number, Transaction Description, Cost Center and Project Number.

5) How To Read The original transaction is shown on line 1. Line 2 shows that a modification has been made by adding an offset account number.

PENDING T	RANSACTIONS	MODIFIED	BY JOURNAL REFER	PENDING 1RA		MODIFICAT	IONS	Report: GL 105 Date: 91/31/80	
ENT- COS	ER ACCOUNT	OFFSET ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT	ENTERED DATE	EFFECTUE DATE	TRANSACTION DESCRIPTION	PROJET JOURNAL NUMBER REFERENCE	TY PE
1000 1000	1270.00 1270.00		228,68 228,68			01/31/80 01/31/80	BOND INSURANCE -ACCOUNTING BOND INS. (PREPAID) - ACCTG	GL01311004 GL01311004	RV RV
L000 1400 E### Tran	6400.00	1270.00 FICATIONS	: TERMINALLD	223.44	01/31/30	01/31/80	BONO INSURANCE-ACCOUNTING	GL01311804	RV

Figure 5-21. Pending Transactions Modifications Report

PURGE PENDING TRANSACTIONS REPORT

i) Purpose

Lists those transactions that have been selected for purging from the General Ledger Pending Transaction file. The purge is performed by entity number and Journal Reference Number.

2) How To Obtain

Select the Transactions Function from the Main Menu. Select the Purge Function from the Transactions Menu. The report is automatically printed as each journal reference is purged.

3) Selection and Sort Options

Default Sort: None

Optional Sorts: None

Optional Range Selections: Journal Reference

4) Special Considerations

None

5) How To Read

The first part of the report lists the purge criteria. The body of the report shows the entity number, cost center, account number, offset account number, debit or credit amount, entered date, effective date, journal reference number and transaction type for each of the transactions to be purged. The system follows this with a report, by journal reference, of the transactions actually purged.

				FINSSO D PURGE P	EMO Bicycle Company ENDING TRANSACTIONS	;	Report: GL 106 Date: 01/31/80
URGED TRANS INT- COST ITY CENTER	ACCOUNT	OFFSET ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT	ENTERED EFFECTVE DATE DATE	TRANSACTION DESCRIPTION	PROJET JOURNAL NUMBER REFERENCE
000	9030.00		10,000.00		01/31/80 01/31/80	EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE	GL01311008
000	9030.00			10,000.00	01/31/80 01/31/80	EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE	GL01311008
*** ALL TRA	NSAC FIONS	IN JOURN	AL REFERENCE 'G	L01311008' HAVE	BEEN PURGED		
*** TRANSAC	TION PURG	E TERMINA	TED				

Figure 5-22. Purge Pending Transactions Report

	,		

SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

E>

FIN/250 General Ledger provides three special purpose functions that will be used only occasionally, but are extremely helpful when they are used. Select the softkey labeled SPECIAL FUNCTIONS on the Main Menu, and the Special Fuctions Menu will be displayed, describing the three functions:

- 1) INITIAL BALANCES
- 2) DUPLICATE ENTITY
- 3) CREATE HISTORY DISC

Use these functions to enter or modify initial balances for new accounts, to duplicate an entire account structure from one entity to another, and to create a history disc for storing current period transactions. Choose the function you wish to perform by selecting the appropriate softkey.

INITIAL BALANCES

This function is used primarily when the system is first set up, though it might also be used when a new entity is entered. You can enter an initial balance for an existing account, or modify a previously-entered initial balance by selecting the INITIAL BALANCES softkey. However, an initial balance can only be entered for an entity if there has been no posting for that entity. A blank form is displayed, and you are asked to enter the entity number. After a minute or so, during which the system selects and sorts accounts for that entity, the form is filled in with the data for the lowest numbered account currently entered (see Figure 6-1.)

You may enter a balance in any of the input fields, and in as many as are appropriate.

When you have entered (or modified) the initial balances, press PROCESS DATA. The data is checked for input errors, then is entered in the system, and the data for the next account in sequence is displayed. A message informs you that the account has been updated.

To move directly to the next account in sequence (without entering any data), select NEXT ACCOUNT. As you move through the chart of accounts, you can "back up" by pressing PREVIOUS ACCOUNT as many times as necessary.

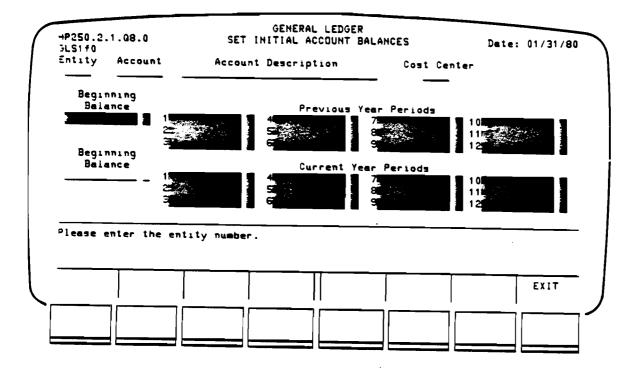


Figure 6-1. Entering Initial Balances

To display the data for an account without cycling through the list, select SPECIFIC ACCOUNT and enter the account number.

Press EXIT to enter initial balances for another entity, and to return to the Special Functions Menu.

It is not necessary to be in balance at the time the initial balances are entered, but you will not be allowed to do any posting until you have made the changes to place the General Ledger in balance.

DUPLICATE ENTITY

Use this function to duplicate the account structure from an existing entity to a newly-entered or otherwise "blank" entity. There are, however, certain restrictions:

- 1) There must be enough space in the data base.
- The "From" Entity must have a parameter assigned.
- The "To" Entity cannot have accounts, Cost Centers, or parameters associated with it.

Select DUPLICATE ENTITY from the Special Functions Menu. Figure 6-2 is displayed for you to fill in:

HP250.2.1.Q8.0 GL52f0		NERAL LEDGER ATE ENTITY DATA	Date	e: 01/31/80
•	from Entity to Entity			- -
Please complete thi	s form.			EVIT
Please complete thi PROCESS DATA	s form.			EXIT

Figure 6-2. Duplicating Entity Data

Enter the entity whose account structure is being duplicated in the "From" field, and the blank or new entity in the "To" field. The system checks to see that all conditions (above) are met, then asks if you want to proceed with the entity duplication. The number of cost centers and accounts are noted for the "From" Entity.

Answer "Y" to complete the duplication under system control. The message window lets you know as each account is duplicated (if the chart of accounts is large, this can take several minutes.)

Answer "N" if you do not want to duplicate this chart of accounts, and you can enter new entity numbers in the "From" and "To" fields.

When you finish the duplication, you return to the Special Functions Menu.

CREATE HISTORY DISC

You use the Create History Disc function just prior to month-end processing, and when you are making a retro-active entry to a period prior to the time your General Ledger system was started up.

When you select the softkey for this function, Figure 6-3 appears for you to enter the period for which the disc is being prepared (a number up to 12 or 13) and whether it is for the current or previous year (enter "c" or "p").

HP250.2.1.98 GLS3f0	.0	C	GENER REATE NEW	AL LEDGER HISTORY	DISC		Dete:	01/31/80
	Transact	ion Hist	lory Disc	will be o	reated fo		•	
	Period	('C'=Current Year; 'P'=Previous Year)						
	Label on	this di	isc will b	·	•			
	•							
Please compi	ete this	form.						
	ete this	form.						
PROCESS DATA	ete this	form.						TIX3
PROCESS	ete this	form.	<u> </u>					EXIT

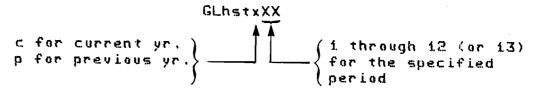
Figure 6-3. Creating a History Disc

Press PROCESS DATA when the form has been filled in.

If you indicate the current period, the system copies the data base and leaves the data intact. This creates a separate history disc for this period that can be labeled and kept as part of your records. You will ordinarily create a history disc in this way just before doing month-end processing. If, as you continue with the closing, you discover that there are transactions that need to be posted before completing month-end, you must create a new history disc for the period after posting the transactions. It is very important that the history disc contain an accurate account of all transactions posted during the current period.

If you indicate any other period, the system copies the data base and then erases all the data, leaving only the structure. You use the function in this way when making retro-active entries to a prior period, when a history disc does not already exist for that period.

The function assigns a label to any history disc created, according to the following scheme:



Once the disc has been created, affix a paper label with the label that has been assigned by the system, so the disc will be easy to find at year-end or when posting retro-active transactions.

	•			
			ř.	
	,	•		
	-			
				division.

MANAGER ONLY FUNCTIONS

The password designated for use by the System Manager permits you to perform several important functions:

- Maintenance of format positions used when preparing financial statements, and of parameters used to designate earnings accounts and page breaks for reports.
- 2) Entering initial balances for new entities,
- Control Module functions such as adding or deleting entities, or changing passwords.
- 4) Month-end and Year-end functions.

Beyond these specialized functions, however, there are situations that arise from time to time that require the help of someone with knowledge of the system as a whole. That's the function of the system manager—to provide help in special situations and to consult with your software supplier when the need arises.

FORMAT MAINTENANCE



The Format Maintenance functions described in Chapter 3 can only be accessed by the MANAGER password. See Chapter 3 for how to perform these functions.

PARAMETER MAINTENANCE

The Parameter Maintenance Functions described in Chapter 3 can only be accessed by the MANAGER password. See Chapter 3 for detailed instructions on these functions.

INITIAL BALANCES

The Initial Balances function described in Chapter 6 can only be performed under the MANAGER password. See Chapter 6 for details.

CONTROL MODULE FUNCTIONS

When you sign onto the system with the MANAGER password, the system asks "Are all system parameters and status current?" Answer "N" to access the Control Module. The Parameter Change Menu appears:

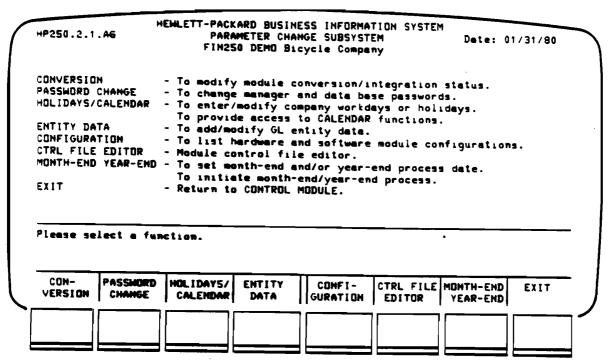


Figure 7-1. Parameter Change Menu

Password Change

To review and/or change the passwords for any of the Software Modules, select PASSWORD CHANGE. All current passwords are displayed: system manager password and passwords for the data base(s) of each module (see Figure 7-2).

Make the desired changes and press PROCESS DATA. The system will update each data base with its new password. You return to the Parameter Change Menu.

To restore this screen to its original state, press RESET FORM.

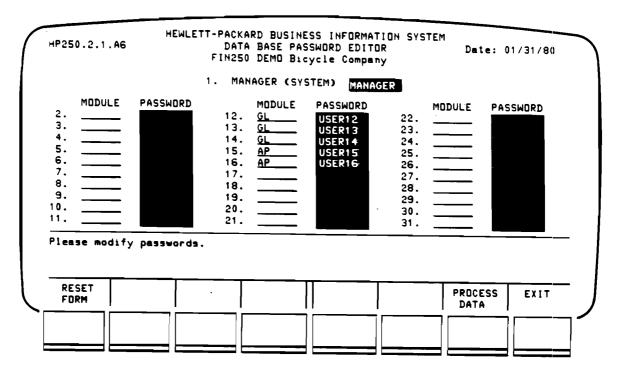


Figure 7-2. Password Change

Entity Data

Before an entity can be entered for the General Ledger, it must exist in the Control Module. To enter an entity in the Control Module, select ENTITY DATA and the following form appears:

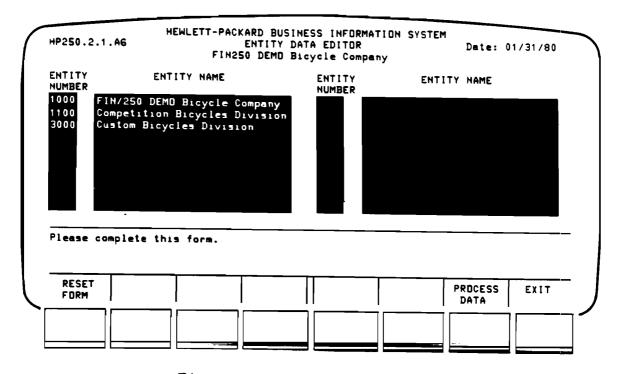


Figure 7-3. Entity Changes

Enter the number and name of the entity to be added, then press PROCESS DATA. The system checks for input errors, then updates each software module that are currently part of the system.

Month-End Closing

Month-end processing must be done at the close of each accounting period. Before attempting this process, you must:

- Complete the module month-end process for all software modules except General Ledger.
- Make sure all transactions for this period have been posted.
- 3) Create a history disc containing your current transactions (See Chapter 6.)
- 4) Run the monthly reports (Trial Balance, Balance Sheet, Income Statement, Cost Center and Cost Account Reports.)

Now access the Control Module by answering "N" to "Are all system parameters and status current?" (Asked after you enter the MANAGER password when signing on to the system.)

Select MONTH-END/YEAR-END from the Control Module Menu. The Month-End/Year-End Menu is displayed, describing all the functions, but only one softkey will be available. If you have completed Module Month-End as required, the softkey will be GL MONTH-END. Press it, and begin the month-end closing process.

The system asks if you are ready to do month-end, and you should answer "Y" or "(blank)".

Next, it asks if you have created a history disc from current transactions. If not, EXIT from this function and do that task.

If the answer is yes, you proceed with an enforced daily back-up. When this is completed, a form is displayed for you to enter the entity to be closed first.

The system checks to make sure that the entity has not already been closed, then prints the Extract of Accounts Report, which lists every transaction posted to each account during the current period.

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Figure 7-4. Extract of Accounts for Entity 1000

When the printing is complete, you can choose ANOTHER LISTING to print the report again, or you can select CLOSE to complete the closing for this entity (copying account balances to the next period and the Extract of Accounts page number.)

The entity is now closed, and you go on to close each other entity in turn.

Year-End Closing

Year-end processing must be completed at the end of each fiscal year. But first, make sure these tasks have been completed:

- 1) Complete month-end processing for the current period.
- 2) Collect all the history discs for this fiscal year.

Now access the Control Module, and select MONTH-END/YEAR-END. Only one softkey, GL YEAR-END, will be available. Press it, and begin the year-end closing process.

The system asks if you are ready to do General Ledger year-end closing, and you should answer "Y" or "(blank)". Then it asks if you have all the history discs for the year being closed. If not, find them before you go any further.

At this point, you must do a daily back-up, even though you probably just did one when closing the current period.

After completing the back-up, the system asks you to insert each history disc, one by one, and transfers all account activity to the previous year. The period-ending dates are adjusted for the new year, and the year-end process is complete.

From this point on, you may not carry out any activity for the previous year (except by making a correcting entry retroactively). You must change the date and begin the new fiscal year.

This Appendix explains all the fields used in the General Ledger module. These fields are listed in alphabetical order and are described in the following terms:

Description - A brief definition of this field.

Field Type — The field may be either alphanumeric (A) or numeric (N). An alphanumeric field can contain both letters and numbers. A numeric field may be any of the following six types.

- 1) Integer any negative or positive whole number less than 32768.
- 2) Short (whole short) Any six digit number up to 999999.
- 3) Precision (precision short) any number up to six digits with a decimal in any position (XXXXX.X, XXXX.XX, etc.)
- 4) Round (roundable short) the same as precision except that if the field contains seven digits from a calculation, it will be rounded back to six digits. For example, if you are finding per unit cost from a total order cost of 10,000 with 30 ordered, the result is 333.3333. This would then be rounded to 333.333.
- 6) % any number up to three digits with a decimal in any position up to 325%. If there are more than three digits to the right of the decimal, then the third digit will be rounded.

Field Length - This is the number of characters allowed in an alphanumeric field.

Uppercased by System - This refers to the system's automatically shifting all input to upper case letters.

Entry Allowed by Operator - This designates whether the operator may enter data in this field or the field is only for system output.

If Entry Allowed by Operator, Blank Input Allowed? — This designates whether or not a blank input is allowed or if input is required for further processing.

Default Value If Blank Input - If the field is not completed, then this default value is used by the software.

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry - This designates whether or not the field may be altered after the value is initially set.

Α

ACCOUNT DESCRIPTION

Description: The name of the account used on reports.

Field Type: Alphanumeric

Field Length: 30 characters

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? Yes

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions: None

ACCOUNT NUMBER

Description: A unique number for a General Ledger Account.

Field Type: Numeric

Field Length: Short

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? No

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: No, must delete and re-add

account.

Restrictions: 6 digits with 2 decimals >=1000,00 <=9999.99

ACCOUNT TYPE

Description: Used to identify the account classification.

Field Type: Numeric

Field Length: Integer

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? No

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions: 1 = Assets

2 = Liability/Capital

3 = Income 4 = Expense 5 = Cost 6 = Memo

AUTOMATIC ENTRY

Description: Allows the operator to enter two account

numbers and the system will build the debit

and credit entries.

Restrictions: Date effective must be within the current

period.

C

CONTROL SUM

Description: Indicates when total debits reach this value

to increment the journal reference number.

Field Type: Numeric

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? Yes, defaults to zero

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions: None

COST ACCOUNT BUDGET

Description: Contains the annual budget for the cost

account. It is not used in any report.

Field Type: Numeric

Field Length: Real , 11

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? Yes, defaults to zero

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions: None

COST ACCOUNT

Description: A type 5 General Ledger account that requires

a cost center number in addition to the account number to uniquely identify the

account.

COST CENTER NUMBER

Description: Identifies a department within a company for

which cost accounts can be assigned.

Field Type: Numeric

Field Length: I, 4

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Restrictions: >=1, <=9999

DATE EFFECTIVE

Description: Specifies the date the transaction is to be

posted. If it is after the current system date, it will be held until that date. If it is before the current system date, it will be

posted during the next update.

Field Type:

Date

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? No

Restrictions:

Must be mm/dd/yy

DATE ENTERED

Description: Date displayed transaction was entered.

Current system date is displayed while

entering new transactions.

Field Type: Date

Entry Allowed by Operator: No

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: No

DEBIT or CREDIT

Description: Indicates if current value is a debit or

credit.

Field Type:

Alphabetic

Field Length:

i character

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? No

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Sometimes

Restrictions: D or C

ENTITY NUMBER

Description: Used to reference different companies or

divisions within the General Ledger module.

Field Type: Numeric

Field Length: I , 4

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? No

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions: Range: 1 to 9999. Must be at least one,

but less than 21 entities in the HP

Control Module.

F

FORMAT POSITION

Description: A number used to format the balance sheet

and income statement. It determines where the account will be printed on the financial

statements.

Field Type: Numeric

Field Length: I, 4

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? No

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions: Range: 0001 to 9999

FORMAT POSITION 1

Description:

Used to print the balance sheet.

Field Type:

Numeric

Field Length:

I, 4

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? Yes

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions:

Range: 0001 to 9999. Number must be entered in format maintenance before it can be used in account maintenance.

FORMAT POSITION 2

Description:

Used to print the income statement.

Field Type:

Numeric

Field Length:

I, 4

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? Yes

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions:

See format position 1

FORWARD ENTRY

Description:

Allows the transaction to have a date

effective in a future period.

Restrictions:

It must be within the current fiscal year.

JOURNAL REFERENCE NUMBER

Description: Generated by the system indicating the

source, date, and sequence number of a batch of transactions. Used to locate which batch is to be modified, purged, or reactivated.

Field Type:

Alphanumeric

Field Length:

10 characters

Entry Allowed by Operator:

No, gets incremented when control

sum and remaining balance equal

zero.

M

MEMO ACCOUNT

Description: An account for non-financial values such as

outstanding shares of stock, number of

employees, value of contingent liabilities, or anything else which can't be maintained

properly in another account type.

MEMO ENTRY

Description: S

Same as a standard entry except the

transactions must be to a memo account.

REMAINING BALANCE

Description: Indicates the current balance of the

transactions being entered. Once it reaches zero, the journal reference number will be incremented unless a control sum has not been

reached.

Field Type:

Numeric

Field Length:

R , 11

Entry Allowed by Operator: No

RETROACTIVE ENTRY

Description:

Same as standard entry except the date effective must be in a previous period.

REVERSING ENTRY

Description:

Similar to standard entry except it will also generate a forward entry to the next period. That entry will return the account balance to what it was before the reversing entry was made.

SMI ID (Special Management Information Identifier)

Description: A number used to determine what accounts are

used in the ratios printed on the special

management information report.

Field Type: Numeric

Field Length: I , 4

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? Yes, defaults to zero

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions: None

STANDARD ENTRY

Description: Allows the operator to enter new transactions

indicating the debit and credit entries.

SUMS INTO POSITION

Description: A format position that this position is to be

added into on the financial statements.

Field Type: Numeric

Field Length: I, 4

Entry Allowed by Operator: Yes

Is BLANK Input Allowed? No

Edit Allowed After Initial Entry: Yes

Restrictions: \rangle =0000, \langle =9999. If 0000, the accumulator

will be cleared after this level is printed.

TRANSACTION TYPE

Description:

A code specifying what type of entry created

the transaction.

Field Type:

Alphabetic

Field Length:

2 characters

Entry Allowed by Operator: No

Restrictions:

AU - Automatic FW - Forward

ME - Memo

RT - Retroactive RV - Reversing ST - Standard

Υ

YEAR-TO-DATE PROFIT AND LOSS

Description:

The capital account to be used by the system to summarize the current profit and loss on

the balance sheet.

		•	

ERROR MESSAGES

1::

Error messages generated by the FIN/250 General Ledger software fall into three categories:

- (1) Those that result when invalid data is entered
- (2) Those that result when you attempt an illegal operation
- (3) Those that result from circumstances not related to the function you are performing

DATA ENTRY ERROR MESSAGES

The error messages that occur when you enter invalid data are completely self-explanatory—the error is pointed out and the solution is obvious.

Examples:

ERROR: THE EFFECTIVE DATE MUST BE IN THE CURRENT FY.

ERROR: JOURNAL REF NUM CANNOT BE LONGER THAN 10 CHARACTERS

ERROR MESSAGES FROM PROHIBITED OPERATIONS

There are restrictions associated with many of the General Ledger functions, i.e., they cannot be performed in certain special instances. In this case also, the resulting error messages are quite explicit.

Examples:

ERROR: A COST ACCOUNT BUDGET IS ONLY ALLOWED WITH COST ACCOUNTS

ERROR: MORE THAN 7 LEVELS OF SUMMARIZATION NOT ALLOWED

ERROR: POSTING TO YTD P&L ACCOUNT IS NOT ALLOWED

If you have questions about this type of error message, refer to the discussion of that function in your FIN/250 General Ledger Operator's Guide. For instance, for the first example shown here, you would refer to the section on accounts in Chapter 3.

WHAT THIS CHAPTER INCLUDES

We have not included the messages described above in this chapter since that would make the list of error messages extremely long and therefore not as easy to use when you encounter a message that does require further explanation. If you have trouble interpreting an error message that is not explained in this chapter, consult your system manager.

The few messages that are explained here are those in the third category, i.e., those resulting from circumstances not directly related to the function you are performing. They are listed by function, along with the recommended action necessary to clear the error condition.

MAINTENANCE FUNCTIONS

Message: THIS ENTITY MUST FIRST BE ADDED THROUGH THE CONTROL

MODULE

What to do: Access the Control Module (see Chapter 7) and add the

entity by selecting the Entity Data softkey.

ENTER TRANSACTIONS

Message: INSUFFICIENT SPACE TO ADD ANY MORE ENTRIES

Message: THE TRANSACTION FILE IS OVER 95% FULL. THERE MAY NOT

BE SPACE

What to do: Use the Update function to post eligible transactions

currently in the Transaction file.

UPDATE

Message: INSUFFICIENT SPACE IN TRANS HIST FILE 10 POST.

What to do: Should this error occur, you are told how much room there is and how many transactions you are attempting to post. There are then two approaches:

- (1) Consolidate multiple transactions to a single account—purge from the pending transaction file and re-enter as one transaction.
- (2) Purge the excess transactions, do month-end closing, then post the purged transactions as retro-active entries.

The chance of this error occurring is quite remote, since it would mean you are posting a great many transactions in a given period.

Message: HISTORY DATA FOR VOLUME GLHSTXXX WILL NOT BE COMPLETE

IF YOU EXIT

What to do:

This error will occur when posting retro-active transactions if you press EXIT when prompted for the history disc of the prior period. You can continue to exit, or return and mount the requested history disc.

REPORTS

Message: ENTITY XXXX DOES NOT HAVE A PARAMETER FILE.

What to do: Access Parameter maintenance function, and add a

parameter file for this entity,

