

## Format strings for iscanf()

The library defines these formats in addition to the ANSI C formats:

- %b** - Read in a data block.
- %c** - Read in a character.
- %d** - Read in an integer (any format).
- %f** - Read in a float or double (with l).
- %F** - Store data from device into the given file.
- %s** - Read in a string without white space.
- %S** - Read in an IEEE 488.2 quoted string.
- %t** - Read in a string until an END indicator.

Optional field width supported on %b,%c,%t,%s and %S.

Optional Flags:

- w, l, z, Z - See iprintf().
- \* - Format, but don't save results.
- , - Comma separated list for %d and %f. Integer array size after the ,
- # - Read field width or array size from parameter (int for %d, %f, %s, %t, %c, %S; long for %b).

## Data types used in reference:

- u\_char** -> unsigned char      **u\_short** -> unsigned short
- u\_int** -> unsigned int        **u\_long** -> unsigned long

## Summary of Constants

Termination reasons for use by iread():

- I\_TERM\_CHR** - Termination character read.
- I\_TERM\_END** - END indicator arrived.
- I\_TERM\_MAXCNT** - bufsize bytes read.

Formatted I/O buffer choices for use by iflush() and isetbuf():

- I\_BUF\_READ** - Use read buffer.
- I\_BUF\_READ\_SZ** - Default read buffer size.
- I\_BUF\_WRITE** - Use write buffer.
- I\_BUF\_WRITE\_SZ** - Default write buffer size.

Trigger lines used by ixtrig() and VXI trigger routines:

- I\_TRIG\_ALL** - All trigger lines supported.
- I\_TRIG\_ECL0/ ECL1** - ECL0 trigger line.
- I\_TRIG\_EXT0/ EXT1** - External BNC or SMB triggers.
- I\_TRIG\_STD** - Standard trigger mechanism.
- I\_TRIG\_TTL0/... TTL7** - TTL0 to TTL7 trigger lines.

Interface session interrupt types for isetintr():

- I\_INTR\_INTFACT** - Interface becomes active.
- I\_INTR\_INTFDEACT** - Interface becomes deactive.
- I\_INTR\_TRIG** - A trigger occurred (seval is mask).
- I\_INTR\_GPIB\_IFC** - Interface clear occurred.
- I\_INTR\_SERIAL\_MSL** - A modem status line changed.
- I\_INTR\_SERIAL\_BREAK** - BREAK received.
- I\_INTR\_SERIAL\_ERROR** - Parity/Framing/Overflow error.
- I\_INTR\_SERIAL\_DAV** - Receive buffer no longer empty.
- I\_INTR\_SERIAL\_TEMT** - Transmit buffer not empty.
- I\_INTR\_VXI\_SYSRESET** - SYSRESET occurred.
- I\_INTR\_VXI\_VME** - VME interrupt occurred.
- I\_INTR\_VXI\_UNKSIG** - Unknown VXI signal.
- I\_INTR\_VXI\_LLOCK** - Lock/clear lock WS command.

Device session interrupt types for isetintr():

- I\_INTR\_SERIAL\_DAV** - Receive buffer no longer empty.
- I\_INTR\_VXI\_SIGNAL** - VXI signal arrived.

Commander session interrupt types for isetintr():

- I\_INTR\_DEVCLR** - Commander sent device clear to this interface.
- I\_INTR\_GPIB\_GET** - GET message received.
- I\_INTR\_GPIB\_PPOLLCONFIG** - PPOLL config has changed.
- I\_INTR\_GPIB\_REMLOC** - Remote/Local message received.
- I\_INTR\_GPIB\_TLAC** - Device addressed to (un)talk/(un)listen.
- I\_INTR\_SERIAL\_MCL** - Specified modem control line changed.
- I\_INTR\_STB** - Commander requesting status from this interface.

Any session interrupt types for isetintr():

- I\_INTR\_OFF** - Turn off all interrupt conditions.

Standard error handlers for use by ionerror():

- I\_ERROR\_EXIT** - Print diagnostics and exit.
- I\_ERROR\_NO\_EXIT** - Print diagnostics.

Standard map\_space values for imap() and imapinfo():

- I\_MAP\_A16** - VXI A16 address space (entire space).
- I\_MAP\_A24** - VXI A24 address space (64k pages).
- I\_MAP\_A32** - VXI A32 address space (64k pages).
- I\_MAP\_EXTEND** - VXI devices A24/A32 memory.
- I\_MAP\_SHARED** - VXI shared local memory.
- I\_MAP\_VXIDEV** - VXI device registers (64 bytes).

Refer to the Reference Manual for additional interface-specific constants (**I\_GPIB\_BUS\_\***, **I\_VXI\_BUS\_\***, **I\_SERIAL\_\***, etc.)

# HP Standard Instrument Control Library

## Quick Reference Guide for C Programmers



Copyright Hewlett-Packard Company, 1995

All Rights Reserved



### Mapping and Register-based I/O

char \*imap (INST id,int map\_space,u\_int pagestart,u\_int pagecnt,char \*suggested);  
Maps in a section of an interface's memory. See I\_MAP\_\*.

int lmapinfo (INST id,int map\_space,int \*numwindows,int \*winsize);  
Returns the number and size of the hardware map windows available in the given map\_space address space.

int iunmap (INST id,char \*addr,int map\_space,u\_int pagestart,u\_int pagecnt);  
Unmaps a section of an interface's memory.

void ibpoke (u\_char \*addr,u\_char val);  
void iwpoke (u\_short \*addr,u\_short val);  
void ilpoke (u\_long \*addr,u\_long val);  
u\_char ibpeek (u\_char \*addr);  
u\_short iwpeek (u\_short \*addr);  
u\_long ilpeek (u\_long \*addr);  
Writes val to or reads from mapped addr, with byte swapping.

### Error Codes

Normal Completion:

I\_ERR\_NOERROR - Successful completion.

Invalid Parameters:

I\_ERR\_BADFMT - Invalid format for iprintf/iscanf/ipromptf.

I\_ERR\_BADID - The specified INST id is invalid.

I\_ERR\_BADMAP - Invalid map request.

I\_ERR\_PARAM - Invalid parameter.

iopen errors:

I\_ERR\_BADADDR - Invalid address.

I\_ERR\_INVLADDR - Invalid address.

I\_ERR\_SYMNAME - Invalid symbolic name given.

I\_ERR\_SYNTAX - Syntax error occurred parsing address.

Unsupported or unallowed operations:

I\_ERR\_NOPERM - Permission denied.

I\_ERR\_NOTIMPL - Not supported on this implementation.

I\_ERR\_NOTSUPP - Operation not supported.

Unavailable errors:

I\_ERR\_NOCMDR - Commander not active or available.

I\_ERR\_NOCONN - No connection to remote.

I\_ERR\_NODEV - Device is not active.

I\_ERR\_NOINTF - Interface is not active.

Data I/O errors:

I\_ERR\_DATA - Data integrity violation.

I\_ERR\_IO - Generic I/O error.

I\_ERR\_TIMEOUT - Timeout occurred.

Locking errors:

I\_ERR\_LOCKED - Resource already locked by another process.

I\_ERR\_NOLOCK - An iunlock() on device that wasn't locked.

O.S. and Resource errors:

I\_ERR\_BADCONFIG - Invalid configuration identified.

I\_ERR\_BUSY - Interface not available for use by the library.

I\_ERR\_NESTEDIO - Task attempted function call before previous call completed (WIN16).

I\_ERR\_NORSRC - Out of system resources.

I\_ERR\_OS - Generic O.S. error.

I\_ERR\_OVERFLOW - Arithmetic overflow.

Miscellaneous:

I\_ERR\_ABORTED - Function call aborted by abort() or external means.

### Error Handling

NOTE: For WIN16 programs on Microsoft Windows platforms, handler functions used with Ionerror() must be exported and declared as `_far_pascal`.

void icauseerr(INST id,int errcode,int flag);  
Causes simulated error to occur and optionally force handler call.

int lgeterrno();  
Returns the last error that occurred (unpredictable result if last library call succeeded). Per thread on multi-threaded O.S.

int lgetonerror(void (\*\*proc)(INST id,int error));  
Returns a pointer to the current error handler.

char \*lgeterrstr(int errcode);  
Returns error string for given error number.

int Ionerror(void (\*proc)(INST id,int error));  
Installs the given procedure as an error handler. This procedure gets called when any library error occurs. This can be a user-defined procedure or an I\_ERROR\_\* procedure.

### Format strings for iprintf()

The library defines these formats in addition to the ANSI C formats:

%b/%B - Send an IEEE 488.2 arbitrary data block.

%C - Send a character with an END indicator.

%c - Send a character.

%d - Send an integer.

%f - Send a float.

%F - Read data from the given file and send to the device.

%s - Send a string.

%S - Send an IEEE 488.2 quoted string.

%t - Toggle END indicator on \n.

%% - Send ASCII "%" character.

Optional field width supported on %c,%d,%f,%s and %S.

Optional precision supported on %d,%f,%s and %S.

Optional Flags:

@1 - Use NR1 format (eg. 357), for %d or %f.

@2 - Use NR2 format (eg. 357.5), for %d or %f.

@3 - Use NR3 format (eg. 3.575E2), for %d or %f.

@B - Use IEEE 488.2 BINARY (eg. #B101110), for %d or %f.

@H - Use IEEE 488.2 HEX (eg. #H2F34), for %d or %f.

@Q - Use IEEE 488.2 OCTAL (eg. #Q2777), for %d or %f.

- - Left justify the result. Use with field width.

+ - Always output the sign character. Use with @1, @2, @3.

0 - Pad field with leading zeros for numeric conversion. Ignored if - is used, and also if precision is specified with @1, @H, @Q or @B.

- - Prefix with a blank if signed and positive. Use with @1, @2, @3.

, - Comma separated list for %d and %f. Integer array size after the ,.

w - Word width for %b.

l - Long word width for %b. Long for %d. Double for %f.

L - Long double for %f.

h - Short integer for %d.

z - Float width for %b.

Z - Double float width for %b.

\* - Pad field width with asterisks if precision is specified.

## Session Control

**INST iopen** (char \*addr);  
*Opens a device/interface/commander session. See the Reference Manual appendix for a session support summary.*

**int iclose** (INST id);  
*Closes a device/interface/commander session.*

## Formatted, Buffered I/O

**NOTE:** For WIN16 programs on Microsoft Windows platforms, if not compiling with compact, large or huge memory models, make sure that formatted I/O pointer/address parameters are passed as *\_far*.

**int ifread** (INST id, char \*buf, u\_long bufsize, int \*reason, u\_long \*actualcnt);  
*Reads non-formatted, buffered data from device/interface. See I\_TERM\_\* for reason parameter values.*

**int ifwrite** (INST id, char \*buf, u\_long datalen, int end, u\_long \*actualcnt);  
*Writes non-formatted, buffered data to device/interface.*

**int iflush** (INST id, int mask);  
*Flushes the formatted I/O read or write buffers. See I\_BUF\_\*.*

**int iprintf** (INST id, char \*format, ... arg1, arg2, ...);  
*Writes formatted, buffered data to device.*

**int ipromptf** (INST id, char \*writefmt, char \*readfmt, ... arg1, arg2, ...);  
*Atomically writes/reads data to/from device.*

**int iscanf** (INST id, char \*format, ... arg1, arg2, ...);  
*Reads formatted, buffered data from device.*

**int isetbuf** (INST id, int mask, int size);  
*Sets size of formatted I/O read and write buffer. See I\_BUF\_\*.*

**int isetubuf** (INST id, int mask, int size, char \*buf);  
*Supplies the buffer(s) used for formatted I/O.*

The following are identical to the above counterparts except that the *va\_list* parameters list provides the parameters:

**int ivprintf** (INST id, char \*format, va\_list ap);  
**int ivpromptf** (INST id, char \*writefmt, char \*readfmt, va\_list ap);  
**int ivscanf** (INST id, char \*format, va\_list ap);

The following are identical to the above counterparts except that the data is written to or read from the buffer *buf* instead of the device:

**int isprintf** (char \*buf, char \*format, ... arg1, arg2, ...);  
**int isscanf** (char \*buf, char \*format, ... arg1, arg2, ...);  
**int isvprintf** (char \*buf, char \*format, va\_list ap);  
**int isvscanf** (char \*buf, char \*format, va\_list ap);

## Application Cleanup

**Sub \_sicleanup** ()  
*Cleans up SICL resources used for an application. This routine should be called before a WIN16 Windows application terminates.*

## Non-Formatted, Non-Buffered I/O

**NOTE:** Do not intermix these non-buffered I/O calls with the formatted buffered I/O calls in the same device, interface, or commander session.

**int igettermchr** (INST id, int \*tchr);  
*Gets current termination character.*

**int iread** (INST id, char \*buf, u\_long bufsize, int \*reason, u\_long \*actualcnt);  
*Reads non-formatted, non-buffered data from device/interface. See I\_TERM\_\* for reason parameter values.*

**int itermchr** (INST id, int tchr);  
*Sets iread() termination character, -1 means no termination character.*

**int iwrite** (INST id, char \*buf, u\_long datalen, int end, u\_long \*actualcnt);  
*Writes non-formatted, non-buffered data to device/interface.*

## Interrupt and SRQ Control

**NOTE:** For WIN16 programs on Microsoft Windows platforms, handler functions used with **ionsrq()** and **ionintr()** must be exported and declared as *\_far \_pascal*.

**int igetonsrq** (INST id, void (\*\*proc)(INST id));  
*Returns a pointer to the current SRQ handler for the device/interface.*

**int igetonintr** (INST id, void (\*\*proc)(INST id, long reason, long secval));  
*Returns current interrupt handler for this session.*

**int ionintr** (INST id, void (\*proc)(INST id, long reason, long secval));  
*Installs an interrupt handler for this session, doesn't enable any interrupt events (see isetintr()).*

**int ionsrq** (INST id, void (\*proc)(INST id));  
*Installs an SRQ handler for the given interface/device.*

**int isetintr** (INST id, int intnum, long secval);  
*Enables interrupt events for this session, doesn't install an interrupt handler procedure (see ionintr()) See I\_INTR\_\*.*

**int iintroff** (); **int iintron** ();  
*Globally disables/enables all interrupt & SRQ handlers (per process).*

**int iwaithdlr** (long timeout);  
*Waits for an event (interrupt or SRQ handler executing) on any session in current process. Ignores state of iintroff()/iintron().*

## Locking and Timeouts

**int ilock** (INST id);  
*Locks the device/interface to this session.*

**int igetlockwait** (INST id, int \*flag);  
*Returns value set by isetlockwait().*

**int igetimeout** (INST id, long \*tval);  
*Returns current timeout value.*

**int isetlockwait** (INST id, int flag);  
*Sets action when a function is locked out by another process. Non-zero flag (default), function will block, else return an error.*

**int itimeout** (INST id, long tval);  
*Sets the timeout (in milliseconds). Default is 0 (infinite).*

**int iunlock** (INST id);  
*Unlocks the device/interface.*

## Device/Interface Control

**int iabort** (INST id);  
*Aborts current function call in another thread. Valid on multi-threaded operating systems; otherwise no action.*

**int iclear** (INST id);  
*Performs a device or interface clear.*

**int ihint** (INST id, int hint);  
*Sets the preferred data transfer mechanism. See I\_HINT\_\*.*

**int ilocal** (INST id);  
*Puts device into local mode (turns on front panel).*

**int ireadstb** (INST id, u\_char \*stb);  
*Reads status byte from the device.*

**int iremote** (INST id);  
*Puts device into remote mode (turns off front panel).*

**int isetstb** (INST id, u\_char stb);  
*Sets status byte for this controller (commander sessions only).*

**int itrigger** (INST id);  
*Sends a trigger to the given device.*

**int itxrig** (INST id, u\_long which);  
*Performs an extended trigger. See I\_TRIG\_\*.*

## Miscellaneous Functions

**int ibeswap** (char \*addr, u\_long length, int datasize);  
*Converts data between big-endian and platform-native byte order.*

**int igetaddr** (INST id, char \*\*addr);  
*Returns pointer to address string passed to iopen for this session.*

**int igetdata** (INST id, void \*\*data);  
*Returns user-defined data structure stored in the INST id.*

**int igetdevaddr** (INST id, int \*prim, int \*sec);  
*Returns the device address of this device.*

**int igetintftype** (INST id, int \*pdata);  
*Returns interface type. See I\_INTF\_\* in the Reference Manual.*

**int igetintfssess** (INST id);  
*Returns an interface session for given device/commander session.*

**int igetlu** (INST id, int \*lu);  
*Returns the logical unit for this INST id.*

**int igetulist** (int \*\*ulist);  
*Returns a list of all valid logical unit numbers (interfaces) on this system. The list is terminated with a -1.*

**int igetuiinfo** (int lu, struct lu\_info \*uiinfo);  
*Returns pointer to information for given logical unit.*

**int igetsesstype** (INST id, int \*pdata);  
*Returns session type. See I\_SESS\_\* in the Reference Manual.*

**int ilswap** (char \*addr, u\_long length, int datasize);  
*Converts data between little-endian and platform-native byte order.*

**int isetdata** (INST id, void \*data);  
*Stores a pointer to a user-defined data structure into INST id.*

**int iswap** (char \*addr, u\_long length, int datasize);  
*Swaps byte order of data.*

**int iversion** (int \*siclversion, int \*implversion);  
*Returns version level of the library, and software revision of the library that the application was linked against. See also I\_SICL\_REVISION.*

**HP Computer Museum**  
**[www.hpmuseum.net](http://www.hpmuseum.net)**

**For research and education purposes only.**

### HP-IB Specific Functions

**NOTE:** Using these interface-specific functions may reduce the portability of your program.

**int igpibatctl** (INST id,int atnval);  
Controls the state of the ATN line. Does not affect *iread*, *iprintf*, *iscanf*, *ipromptf*, or *igpibsendcmd* operation.

**int igpibbusaddr** (INST id,int busaddr);  
Changes the bus address of the HP-IB interface.

**int igpibbusstatus** (INST id,int request,int \*result);  
Returns the status of the HP-IB interface. See *I\_GPIB\_BUS\_\**.

**int igpibgett1delay** (INST id, int delay);  
Retrieves the T1 delay setting on the HP-IB interface.

**int igpibblo** (INST id);  
Performs HP-IB local-lockout function (see *iremote()*).

**int igpibpassctl** (INST id,int busaddr);  
Passes active controller role to specified bus address.

**int igpibppoll** (INST id,u\_int \*result);  
Performs parallel poll and return (8-bit) result.

**int igpibppolconfig** (INST id,int \*cval);  
Configures device/interface to respond to *ppoll*. Disable if *val* is -1.

**int igpibppollresp** (INST id,int \*sval);  
Sets *ppoll* response for the HP-IB interface.

**int igpibrenctl** (INST id,int ren);  
Controls the state of the REN line.

**int igpibsendcmd** (INST id,char \*buf,int length);  
Sends data bytes over the HP-IB interface with ATN set.

**int igpibsett1delay** (INST id, int delay);  
Sets the *t1* delay on the HP-IB interface.

### GPIO Specific Functions

**NOTE:** Using these interface-specific functions may reduce the portability of your program.

**int igpioctrl** (INST id,int request,u\_long setting);  
Controls various lines and modes of the GPIO interface.

**int igpiogetwidth** (INST id,int \*width);  
Returns the current data width (in bits) of a GPIO interface.

**int igpiosetWidth** (INST id,int width);  
Sets the data width (in bits) of a GPIO interface.

**int igpiostat** (INST id,int request,u\_long \*result);  
Determines the current state of various GPIO modes and lines.

### Serial Specific Functions

**NOTE:** Using these interface-specific functions may reduce the portability of your program.

**int iserialbreak** (INST id);  
Sends a *BREAK*.

**int iserialctrl** (INST id,int request,u\_long setting);  
Sets characteristics of serial port. See *I\_SERIAL\_\**.

**int iserialmctrl** (INST id,int sline,int state);  
Controls the modem control lines.

**int iserialmclstat** (INST id,int line,int \*state);  
Gets current state of modem control lines.

**int iserialstat** (INST id,int request,u\_long \*result);  
Monitors characteristics of serial port. See *I\_SERIAL\_\**.

### LAN Specific Functions

**int igetgatewaytype** (INST id, int \*gwtype);  
Indicates whether the session is via a LAN gateway.

**int ilangettimeout** (INST id, long \*tval);  
Returns LAN timeout value.

**int ilantimeout** (INST id,long tval);  
Sets LAN timeout value.

### VXI Specific Functions

**NOTE:** These interface-specific functions may reduce program portability.

**int ibblockcopy** (INST id, u\_char \*src,u\_char \*dest,u\_long cnt);  
Copies data byte (8 bits) from one device's memory to another.

**int ilblockcopy** (INST id, u\_char \*src,u\_char \*dest,u\_long cnt, int swap);  
Copies long word (32 bits) from one device's memory to another.

**int iwblockcopy** (INST id, u\_char \*src,u\_char \*dest,u\_long cnt, int swap);  
Copies data word (16 bits) from one device's memory to another.

**int ibpopfifo** (INST id,u\_char \*fifo,u\_char \*dest,u\_long cnt);  
Reads data byte (8 bits) from a FIFO into memory.

**int ilpopfifo** (INST id,u\_char \*fifo,u\_char \*dest,u\_long cnt, int swap);  
Reads long word (32 bits) from a FIFO into memory.

**int iwpopfifo** (INST id,u\_char \*fifo,u\_char \*dest,u\_long cnt, int swap);  
Reads data word (16 bits) from a FIFO into memory.

**int ibpushfifo** (INST id, u\_char \*src,u\_char \*fifo,u\_long cnt);  
Copies data byte (8 bits) from device's memory to other device FIFO.

**int ilpushfifo** (INST id, u\_char \*src,u\_char \*fifo,u\_long cnt, int swap);  
Copies long word (32 bit) from device's memory to other device FIFO.

**int iwpushfifo** (INST id, u\_char \*src,u\_char \*fifo,u\_long cnt, int swap);  
Copies word (16 bit) from device's memory to other device FIFO.

**int ivxibusstatus** (INST id,int request,u\_long \*result);  
Returns the status of the VXI interface. See *I\_VXI\_BUS\_\**.

**int ivxigettrigroute** (INST id,u\_long which,u\_long \*route);  
Returns in 'route' the trigger lines that the 'which' trigger line is routed to. See *I\_TRIG\_\**.

**int ivxirminfo** (INST id,int laddr, struct vxinfo \*info);  
Returns resource manager information about any VXI device.

**int ivxiservants** (INST id,int maxnum,int \*list);  
Returns list of all VXI servants in system.

**int ivxitrigoff** (INST id,u\_long which);  
Turns off the specified trigger lines. See *I\_TRIG\_\**.

**int ivxitrigon** (INST id,u\_long which);  
Turns on the specified trigger lines. See *I\_TRIG\_\**.

**int ivxitrigroute** (INST id,u\_long in\_which,u\_long out\_which);  
Routes trigger line specified by *inwhich* (one only) to the trigger lines specified in *outwhich* (ORed mask). See *I\_TRIG\_\**.

**int ivxiwaitnormop** (INST id);  
Suspends current program until resource manager completes.

**int ivxiwvs** (INST id,u\_short wscmd,u\_short \*wsresp,u\_short \*rpe);  
Sends a VXI word-serial command and grabs the response.